No.	District.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches,	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	RRMARKS.
BENGA	J.—(Contd.)					
	Central Districts. (Contd.)	1873.				
16	Darjeeling	Nov. 22nd	Nil	A slight sprinkling of rain on Sunday last, not a drop since. Bright, clear sky generally.	of paddy all round may be expected. Bhoota (maize) in the hills, which has just been gathered in, may be put down as a twelve-anna crop: it has gone up in price, but this is owing to its being bought up through	
					the fear of the supplies of rice from the plains falling short, from the temptation to sell it at high prices beyond the district.	
17	Julpigoree	" 22nd	Nil	Fine, clear weather, but sun very powerful, un- usually dry, and no signs of rain.	generally in the district since new rice has come	
l	Cooch Behar	 " 22nd	Nil	No signs of rain	into the market.  The late rice crop is good in the low lands, though very poor in the high lands, and altogether there will be at least a ten-anna crop. Exportation to Rungpore by carts and packbullocks is taking place. The cold weather crops are looking well. Rain is not wanted for a month, as at present it would injure the tobacco.	
(18	Eastern Districts.  Ducca	, 25th*	Nil	Weather not so cool as usual at this season.	Prospects of crop much as be- fore. On the whole the out- turn rather better than was expected. Pulses look well; oil seeds, indifferent.	Pever very bad Manickgungr.C Surgeon is g there.
19	Furreedpore	" 22nd	Nii	Clear and bright through- out the week; days still hot, but cold in the morning and at night, with heavy dews.	No change in the state of the rice crops since last week. All over the district reap-	Oholera still repo ed from Goalun
					Deputy Collector deputed to the southern side says that the rice crops in that quarter, for the most part low and marshy, promise to	
	-				turn out very well, and that no distress is likely to occur there. A Sub-Deputy Collector attached to Goalundo writes from Pangsha, almost at the extreme northwestern side of the district, that the harvest in these parts will be about a quar-	
					ter of last year, that a great number of fields have been ahandoned in despair because of the drought, and that the cattle are allowed to feed on the crops. The average price of rice in the district is 18½ seers per	
		•			rupee. The cold weather crops of pulses, oil-seeds, vegatables, &c, are still in a fair way, especially those sown early. The late sowings are unable to make any progress. Mustard stunted, when 3 or 4 inches high flowers and runs to seed too quickly. The prospects are by no means good, and they must	

No.	District.	Date of return from each dis- trict.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.		State and prospects of the crops at date.	REMARKS.
BENGA	L(Contd.)  Eastern Districts (Contd.)	1873.				
20	Backergunge	Nov. 22nd	Nil	Cool and pleasant	In the Patuakhally sub-division the crops are generally good, though in some places they have been injured by insects and by the drought. The Collector reports to have never seen finer crops than	Not very health
					some he saw near Galachipa Thannah. A fourteen-anna crop is expected in this sub- divisi n. In Dukhin Sabaz- pore othe sub-divisional offi- cer expects a ten-anna crop, but the Collector thinks morethan that quantity. The crop has been injured in	
G					some places by insects, but in others it is very good, and on the road between Dhania Mania and Dowlut Khan a magnificient rice plain, many miles in extent, is seen, in the whole of which the crop was apparently at least an average one. The	•
DAGGA DIVN.—(Contd.)					betel-nut cultivation, which is of great consequence in the island, has been very good this year. In the Sudder sub-division the crops round about Burisal are tolerably good, and generally a twelve-anna one is expected. In Jhalokate Thannah the crops are said to be bad. In Madarcepore the crops on the high lauds have suffered,	
21	Mymensing	,, 22nd	Nil	Nochange since last week.	but those in low lands are fair.  The prospects of the crops are on the whole not quite so	
23	Sylhet	" 15th	Nil	Cold weather fairly set ting in.	favorable as last week.  Unfavorable reports from Pergunnah Baniachung in Nabigunge thannah, and pergunnahs Atwajan, Kis- mut Atwajan, and Shaik Sonaita in Chattack thannah, and Pergunnahs Bualjur and Lakhipore in Tajpore thannah, where a blight has act in. Although last week the price of rice fell in the	
23	Cachar	,, 15th	Nil	Fair and cool	Sudder Bazar, there is a steady rise in price all over the district. Exportation is using on very largely. Prospects of crops much the same. Insects have disappeared. Reaping will be	
					commenced shortly. An outturn of ten annas on the average crop or more may be expected. Inquiries regarding the stock of rice in hand are being made.	-
24	Chittagong	" 15th	Nil	Brightand fine, with north- easterly winds. Nights clear and cool.	from Meerkaserai and Secta- coond. The prospects of the district harvest are fair, but prices are rising owing to the anticipated scarcity in Northern Bengal and Behar. Cox's Bazar return not	
25	Nonkhally	" 15th	Nil	The cold weather has com- menced.	received. In 106 of the 382 villages in Sudharam ten-anna of the (Rajshail and Chaplais) late paudy are said to have been destroyed, and similar loss is reported from 21 villages in Hatia. Loss of four aunas of the crops is reported from Sundeep, Luckeepore, and Amearguige, and some loss	
					reported from Sundeep, Luckeepore, and Ameer-	

No	District.	Date of return from each dis- trict.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches	in the district as far as	State and prospects of the crops at date.	REMARKS.
ENGA	L.—(Contd.)					
	Eastern Districts.— (Contd.)	1879.				
6	Tipperab	Nov. 22nd	NII .	The weather is gradually growing cooler, though the heat is still greater than usual at this period. North wind blowing.	bad as official reports have made them out. The fact is that the Police have not been able to distinguish between a bad crop for an average year and a good crop for a bad year. The canoongoes' reports from the	
					south are re-assuring, and even in the centre of the district matters are believed to be better than was ex- pected. No change reported from Bramunberiah except that the low land crop is being benefited by the	
27					heavy dews. The price of rice has fallen again below Rs. 2 which looks hopeful. Sub-divisional canoongoes' reports not yet to hand.	
27	Chittagong Hill Tracts	" 15th	Nil	Heavy dews up to 8 A. M. in the morning and cool in the night.	The paddy crop has been reaped. The cotton is now being gathered. The prospects of the cotton crop are good. The mustard crop is now	
					being sown. The prospects of the crops on the whole are not bad, although the outturn has not been equal to that of last year. There is no fear of scarcity, but there is not any stock over the local requirements for	
	Hill Tipperah	" 15th	Nil	Bright and cool. No rain.	export.  No change to report in the prospects. Here and there paddy cutting has commenced. The joom rice crop appears from recent inquiries to have been a fairly average one. But the cotton crop is not as full as usual.	
HAB.						
28	Patna	" 24th*	Nil	Morning and evening cool, days hot. No rain.	Prospects of the district get- ting daily worse; the cold weather crop has generally germinated well, if it could only get rain to keep it. Insects have appeared in many places and are eating off the young plants.	lealth of the triot good.
29	Gya	, 22nd	Nil	Cool and fine. No rain has fallen in any part of the district.	The bulk of the paddy has perished, and the prospects of the cold weather crop continue bad. Rain is much wanted for the latter crop. In the western part of the Aurangabad sub-division, the eastern Soane Canal has been opened recently, and	
80	Shahabad	, 22nd	NH	West wind, Weather L cold and bright.	canal irrigation continues. Some good has been effected in Bhubooah by a bund on	
					the Doorgooti. Insects re- ported in the cold weather crops in places. The cold weather crops in the north- ern portions of the head- quarters and Buxar sub- division promise well.	

<sup>.</sup> Telegram of the 24th November received on the 25th. Shows the rainfall during the seven days including the 25th idem.

No.	District.	return from at	ainfull Sudder ationin nches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	REMARKS
A CONTRACTOR OF STREET	-(Contd.)	1873. Nov. 22nd	Nil	Cool. Cloudy at night,	In the Sittamarhee sub-divi- sion the paddy on the ground is still suffering	regard to cattle.
					from the long drought. In places it has been cut and stacked for the use of the cattle, and in places the ryots are making every effort to improve the paddy by irrigation. The new rice	
					is not yet coming into the market. The mahajuns have abstained from sending their stored grains to market in order to make large profits hereafter. With the aid of irrigation from streams and tanks the general average yield of rice in the subdivision would be about	
					four annas. The grain and rabur, kulthe pulses continue promising; caferpillars have injured the wheat in some places. Poppy coming up well where irrigation is possible. Much land will remain unsown if no rain falls during the month of Ughan (to middle	
-(Contd.)		e causage			of December). Should rain fall next month the cheena (millet) and moong (pulse) can be sown. In the Hajeepore sub-division a very small portion of the cold weather crop has been sown; the rest is left unsown for want of rain. In	
PAISA DIVISION(Contd.					the Tajpore sub-division the cold weather crops on the Dearah lands are so far excellent. In the corner, north of the Bya, south of the Talbaryala, and west of the road west of Shawpore Barneghat, the rice will be quite six annas. There are also three or four churs south of Salimpore Murwah and north of Dembranda in	
					which a five-anna crop may be expected. East of Dulsing scrai there is the Rupowli chur which should give much the same yield. In the south-east corner of the sub-division the outturnmay be yet two to three annas. There is also a little paddy between Dulsing gerai and Nundnee which may yield four or five annas. Over all	
					the rest of the sub-division the great majority of the paddy has been cut, the north being specially bare, and what yield there may be from what is on the ground is not worth taking into consideration. North of Tajpore, west of Tarbaryla, and to the east of the Dulsing serai road there is three or four annas of the cold weather crop still to be sown. In the centre and south, and south-west of the sub-division, there is less land	•
					lying fallow. All the light lands and half of the heavy lands have been sown, and ryots say that they can still sow for fifteen to twenty days the ordinary cold wea- ther crops, and even after	

No.	Distric	t.	Date of return from each district.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	State and prospects of the crops at date.	REMARES.
PHAR	-(Contd.)		1873.				
BHAIL						that cheena (millet) with rain	
						within next fifteen days.	7 H 1 H 1 H
				BELL		There is nothing to prevent a nine or ten annas crop all	
	No. of the latest of the lates					round. On the Dearah it	
	Section 1					may well be sixteen annas, and in the south-west, about	
	10 to					Puhora, it may be more than	
						ten annas. But except in the Dearah everything de-	
						pends upon rain within the	
	TO THE PARTY					next fifteen days. The worse part of the sub-division is	
1000						the north of Tajpore, i.e.,	
Prosts						north of a line drawn from	
100						Nihi Dybycha to Samash- pore. The rahur pulse is	
100				MEC 3		generally stunted, but the	
200						janera is better. Aus (potatoes) a very important	
130						crop, specially in the south-	
Par			1200	No. 12 1		west, are at present poor and without rain cannot yield	
138		11	Part Sin	Sec.		more than four annas.	
	15 16 16					Suthus (a sort of bulb) have been rather better	
1	CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE			Carlot C		In the Darbhangah sub-	
<b>提</b>		14	THE PARTY			division close on fifteen annus of rice is gone. Pros-	104
1		A Tribe			Martin Personal	pects of the cold weather	
1000	MARKE COOK		1. Car.			tion as yet, though much	
180					A SHOW OF THE REST	pressure is being felt. Prices	
				Pio XIII		are generally the same as last week. The prospects	
						of the crop in the Sudder	
1000				265		sub-division are gloomy; the prices of food-grains are	
			24			rising high. The cold wea-	
				0.00		ther crops sown have germi- nated, but are withering for	
Stage.						want of moisture. In the	
1910	Service Tra					Madhubani sub-division prospects have by no means	
						improved. No rain as yet;	
NO.						unless it falls very soon there will be no cold wea-	
175	A STATE OF THE STA					ther crops, and even if it does	
00			W 00 I	Nil	West wind prevailing	there will be very little.  There is nothing to add to	
32	Sarun		Nov. 22nd	2411		former reports unless it be	
			<b>新夏</b> 斯	S. F. C.		to record that with each successive week of continued	
TO SERVICE STATE OF THE PARTY O				ALC: NO		drought prospects are of	
10000				<b>ME30</b>		Paddy, except on incon-	
100				Total C		siderable areas of low land,	
	SAC.		water in			has altogether failed. Cold weather crops are being	
100						irrigated from wells where-	
200	The State of the Co			Mark 1		ever procurable. Many new wells have been dug, but	
1000						these can hardly hold	Ing and a second
100	S B B A					out if the drought con- tinues. Price of rice has	
1					0-1	slightly fallen.	
L 33	Chumparun	E 27	. " 22nd	Nil	Cool weather; west winds prevailing.	The prospects of the late rice crop is very gloomy. The	
	BA RES	626 12		10-915		outturn is estimated at 2 annas. About 6 annas of	
	1		THE REAL PROPERTY.	550000		the cold weather crop lands	
		MIL		3100		have been sown, and the	
		3762		die		remaining ten annas left un- cultivated for want of	
						moisture in the ground.	
( 34	Monghyr	The second	22nd	Nil	Set fair	No change since last week. Much of the cold weather	
	The state of the s			14		crop, which has sprung up,	
THE STATE OF				1		has been destroyed by in- insects which have multi-	4
1			THE STATE OF	3/0		plied enormously during	
""				10		the dry season. Similar unfavorable reports have	
1974	A KEE		S CAN DE	1 2 3 3	THE RESERVE	been received from sub-	
A STATE OF THE PARTY.	The State of the State of			1775000	The second second	divisions.	Name of the last

No.	District.	Date of return from each dis- trict.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.		State and prospects of the crops at date.	REMARKS.
ВЕНА	AR.—(Contd-)	1873.				1
	35 Bhaugulpore	Nov. 25th*	Nil		The early rice is being cut in Banka sub-division and prices falling. New rice selling at 17 seers. Northern sub-divisional officers report no change from previous week. Prospects of the cold weather crops generally good. The grain recently imported by train is now being exported. Exportations still going on from all parts of the district.	Return not ma
E	87 Sonthal Perguanah			Cold has now set in. Occasional clouds, but no rain or prospect of any.	From Deoghur sub-division it is reported that the Kartick paddy is nearly all reaped and was poor in yield. No variation in the prospect of the late paddy. In Rajmehal the prospects of the cold weather crops are becoming worse; where seed has germinated it is likely to perish from drought, and in some places is being destroyed by insects.	celved.
ORISS						
	38  Cuttack	5 25th*	Nil	Weather cool	Prospects of crops good. The export of rice by merchants to different places for trade has raised slightly the market value. The Loghu or second rice	
ORISSA DIVISION.					crop is being reaped with good outturn, and the harvest is nearing completion. Late rice is coming on. The present state and prospects are fair, and the produce is expected to be average. The cold weather crops are promising. Prices moderate. Advances for export of rice to Calcutta are being made in the Khoordhasub-division. Last year's stock of rice still holds out.	ther bad owing to prevalence of donage and inter- mittent favee.
1	10 Balasore	., 22nd	Nil	Seasonable	There is no change in the state and prospects of the crops since last week, viz. the crep will be little less than an average one for the whole district. Rice cutting as usual at this time of the year has commenced.	
снот	A NAGPORE.					
	South-West Frontier Agency.					
	Hazarcebaugh	" 22nd	Nil	Cold'and clear; no rain has fallen in any part of the district.	No change since last report, Complaints are received from all parts of the inability to sow the cold weather crops, owing to the dryness of the soil and water is scarce for artificial irrigation.	
	Lohardugga	22nd	NII	Bright and clear, with mornings and evenings cold; no signs of rain.	things are very much in the same state as fast week. As regards the greater partion of the Sudder Sub-division, there appears no reason to doubt the correctness of the general estimate made last week that there will be full two-thirds of an average crop; the only part of the Suder Sub-division, where there is fear of actual scarcity, is the Tori Fergunah. Owing to the want of rain the prospects of the cold weather crops are very bod. In many places sowings	

No.	District.	Date of return from each dis- trict.			State and prospects of the crops at date.	REWARES.
снота	NAGPORE.—(Contd)					
	South-West Frontier Agency.—(Confd.)	1873.			responsibility of	
	•4				have not been made, and where they have been made the crops will be short, unless it rains very shortly. From Palamow the report states that a shorter crop even than was last reported may be expected. The paddy is not expected to be more than a four-anna. Pulse and teel (oil-seed) promise to be about seven or	
43	Singbhoom	Nov. 15th	Nii		eight-anna crop. Not more than a four-anna of the cold weather crop has been sown. This promise well at present, but of course the out-turn depends on an immediate fall of rain, without which there will not be a more than eight anna crop. With regard to Dhalbhoom,	
Jen all				of the Colehan about the beginning of the week. General rain very much wanted for the crops on the ground.	report. There are good hopes that all the low land crops will be saved by the active measures in course to irrigate the fields, and the outturn is expected to be eight to ten-anna. Tarof Porchali only is very	
					bad. In the Colehan the early crops have failed to the extent of half everywhere, and up to two-thirds in some few places. The low land crops are all more or less good, and will for the most part be saved. The winter crops in the south of the Colehan are turning	
					out very badly. The pulses are all turning yellow and drying up for want of moisture. The oil-seeds may be said to have completely failed. This part of the district in other years is generally a blaze of colour with mustard, &c., but this year a few scattered fields are all that can be seen.	
44	Maunbhoom	" \$2nd	Nil	Settled. Fine. Wind north-west.	The Nuan rice has been cut and a beginning has been made to cut the late rice, but it is too soon as yet to ascertain what the yield will be; it is, however, believed to be tolerably good, and that a half outturn on all round will be secured; the people are fully employed, and at present there is no distress.	
ASSAM	AND ADJACENT HILLS.				The hats, 41 in number, lately established, are all well attended, and rice and all other supplies freely sold at them. They have been the means of keeping down prices very considerably and made food available to the poorer classes at reasonable rates.	
45	Goalparah	, 15th	Nil	No signs of rain; weather cool; nights and morn- ings foggy.	Another dry week has passed and in consequence no ma- terial change to report. Some places are worse off than others, and rain could do little good now to rice crops, but is wanted for winter crops.	

No.	District.		Date of return from each dis- trict,	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather in the district as far as known.	States and prospects of the crops at date.	RRMARKS.
	AND ADJACENT		1873.				
46	Kamroop		Nov. 24th	Nil	Mornings cold, raw, and misty; days dry and clear; slight north-east wind; nights clear, heavy dews.	Cotton, sugarcane, mustard,	
47	Durrung	***	., 15th	Nil	Fogs in the mornings,	No rain. Crops drying up. No improvement since last report.	
. 48	Nowgong		,, 15th	Nil		The late rice crop is poorer at the western end of the dis- trict than to the east of the sudder station, but still an average crop may be ex- pected. Pulse doing fairly. Sugarcane and mustard doing well. Tea operations rapidly slackening. Tea- making season being nearly	General beath c the district exca lent.
w	Seebsaugor	•••	" 15th	Nil	Weather cool; no indica- tion of rain.	over.  No rain has fallen during the week, and there has been no change in the prospect of the outturn of the rice crop. If heavy rain comes now it might do harm to the rice, but it is wanted for the mustard cultivation as also tea.	
<b>45</b> 0	Luckimpore		15th	Nil	No min during the week; the weather perceptibly	Nothing new to report	Public health fair.
51				NII	fast, although the sun is still very hot at mid-day.	joom crops both of the Nagas and Kookies have yielded one of the best outturns known for years past, whilst the terrai crop of the Angamies promises to be a bumper one. In the plain the look-out continues to be a very bad one indeed, and the pathar crops can scarcely improve very much now.	
52	Khasi & Jynteah F	Hill	, 16th	Rain did not fall in auffi- cient quantity to obtain a record.	The weather has been bleak and cloudy, and on the night of the 14th instant a smart shower of rain fell at Shillong and its neighbourhood.	is already appearing in some of the markets. There is no scarcity in the hills, but as the rice raised in the country is not sufficient to meet the wants of the inhabitants and a considerable quantity of rice has to be imported from the plains, from Sylhet, and from Assaw, the price of the staple is rising in the markets owing to an expected scarcity in the plains. Though a good shower of rain has fallen in the hills,	
53	Guro Hills		., 15th	Nil	Hazy throughout the week, very dry, but tolerably cool. Nights cold and dew heavy. A few clouds have generally gathered about the Tura range during the afternoons, but soon dispersed again and not a drop of rain has fallen.	crops which remain uncol- lected in the hills; much less rice has been brought to Tura during past week from the Mymensingh side, and reports from that direc- tion state that it is daily be-	

<sup>•</sup> Telegram of the 24th November received on the 25th. Shows the rainfall during the seven days including the 25th instant.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT., The 25th November 1873.

# Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

		STATION.	from 2nd 3th Nov.	m 9th to	RAIN	PROM 18T	
Division	District.	STATION,	Eain fro to 8th 1873.	Rain from 15th Nov.	Inches.	Up to date.	Remares,
BENG	AL. WESTERS DISTRICTS.		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	1873.	
	1	Burdwan	0:08	Nil	67.62	15th Nov.	
1	Burdwan	Cutwa	0°07 Nil 0°17 0°32 Nil	Nil Not rec. Nil Nil Nil	39 37 46 18 48 30 44 85 43 72	ditto. 8th Nov. 15th Nov. ditto.	
	Bancoorah	Bancoorah	0.44	Nil	47-27	dirto.	
	Beerbhoom	Sooree	0.08	Nil	53.45	ditto.	
BURDWAR	Midnapore	Midnapore Tumlook Gurbetta Contai  Dy Collr.'s Office Exe, Engr,'s Office	Nil 0.02 0.10 0.70 Not rec.	Nil Nil Nil Nil Not rec.	44:77 47:51 46:36 46:57 51:02	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. 1st Nov.	
	Hooghly {	Hooghly	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	38·79 43·13	15th Nov.	
	Howrah	Howrah	0.10	Nil	46.66	ditto.	
	CENTEAL DISTRICTS  24-Pergunnahs	Sauger Island Calcutta Calcutta Alipore Busseerhaut Baraset Diamend Harbour Barripore Satkherah Barrackpore Dum-Dum	Nil Nil 0°23 Nil Nil 1°97 0°09 Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	48-53 44-32 45-36 44-81 43-62 40-28 50-84 52-05 47-72 45-97 48-77	ditto, ditto ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	
PRESTORECY	Nuddea	Kishnaghur Bongong Meherpore Chooadnagah Rooshteah Ranaghat	Nil 0 20 0 07 Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	46'80 42'26 52'41 45'99 38'66 34'51	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
-	Jensore	Jessore	Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil 0°23 Nil	44·49 66·71 69·26 43·15 65·42 47·70	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
[	Moorahedabad	Berhampore Ramporehaut City Moorshedabad Jungipore Azingunge Lalgolla	0°17 0°28 0°60	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	31.61 28.71 27.21 86.42 35.38 41.51	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	From let Feb.
	Dinagepore	Diuagepore	Nil	Nil	43.21	ditto.	
E.	Maldah	Maldah	175 295	Nil	27.02	ditto.	
RASSEARTS.	Rajshahee {	Beauleah	TAX III	Nil Nil	32·13 43·78	ditto.	
RA	Rungpore {	Rungpore	Nil	Nil Nil Nil	44*26 47*28 82*72	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Bograh	Bograh	Nil	Nil	36.74	ditto.	
	Pubna {	Pubna		Nil Nil	43·18 35·26	ditto.	Not. rec 26th Oct. to 1s
1	Darjeeling	Darjeeling { Telegraph Office		Not rec.	93.66 77.74	15th Oct. 8th Nov.	Nov.
II BERAR.	Julpigoree {	Julpigoree Fallacotta Bodah	Nil	Nil Nil Nil	88-20 106-39 66-67	15th Nov. ditto. ditto.	
Coocii	Cooch Behar Tributary State	Cooch Behar	Nü	Nil	115.55	ditto.	
1	Bhutan Dwars	Buxa,	Nil	Nil	175-64	ditto.	

			om 2nd h Nov.	from 9th to 15th	JANG	PROM 187 ARY 1873.	P
DIVINOR.	District.	STATION.	Rain from to 8th 1873.	Bsin fre Oct. 1 Nov. 1	Inches,	Up to date.	Ramanua
BENG	AL-(Continued.)		Inches.	Inches.		1873.	
	EASTERN DISTRICTS.	Telegraph Office	0.88	Nit	61:80	15th Nov.	
1	Dacca {	Dacca (Hospital Moonsheegunge Manickgunge	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	59°22 63°47 48°86	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
100	Furreedpore {	Furreedpore	Nil 0.02	Nil Nil	50°55 42°08	ditto. ditto,	
Dacca?	Backergungs {	Burrisaul Perozepore Madaripore Patocakbally Dowlat Khan	Nil 0:03 Nil 1:10	Nil 0'80 Nil 0'18 Nil	60.61 54.29 60.35 90.62 100.96	disto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
Α	Mymensing {	Mymensing Jamalpore Atteal Kishoregunge	Nil 0°13 0°05 0°51	Nil Nil Nil	61:39 48:69 44:11 67:94	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Sylbet	Sylhet	0.38	Nil	126.72	ditto.	
1	Cachar {	Caehar Hylakandy	0.75 Not rec. Not rec.	Nil Not rec. Not rec.	102.85 88.25 83.65	ditto. 25th Oct. 1st Nov	Not rec. 21st to 27th Sept,
ſ	Chittagong {	Chittagong Telegraph Office Cox's Bezar	Nil Nil 0'34	Nil Nil Nil	84:60 85:44 152:47	15th Nov. ditta. ditto.	
ORG.	Neakhally	Noakhally	0.95	Nil	116.76	ditto.	
Ситтаболе.	Tipperah {	Comillab	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	72-20 58-32	ditto.	
S	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill	0.40	Nil	73.35	ditto.	
	Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah	0.10	Nil	57.67	ditto.	
BEHA	Patna	Patna	Nil 0.05 0.12 Nil Nil	Not rec. Nil Not rec Nil Not rec.	80°49 38°14 83°30 34°16 34°75	8th Nov. lath Nov. 8th Nov. lath Nov. 8th Nov.	
	Gya{	Gya Nowadah Arungabad Jehanabad	Nil 0°18 Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	35.51 41.03 33.04 38.78	15th Nov. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
PATER	Shahabad {	Arrah	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	37·79 34·93 29·23 36·71	ditto- ditto. ditto. ditto.	
4	Tirhoot	Mozufferpore Durbhangab Hajeepore Mudhubani Seetamarce Tajpore	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	Not rec. Not rec. Not rec. Not rec. Not rec. Not rec.	20°03 31 46 35°36 27°61 37°10 31°14	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. 8th Nov.	
	Sarun {	Chuprah	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	33-88 32-29	15th Nov.	
	Champarun {	Motechari Bettiah	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	41·40 82·69	ditto.	
1	Mongbyr {	Monghyr	0.05 0.10 Nil	Nil Nil Nil	88:22 85:95 43:09	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
CPORE.	Bhaugulpore {	Bhaugulpore Soopool	oros Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	28:68 26:78 84:54 36:42 27:45	ditte. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
BRAUGULFORE.	Purneah	Purneah	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nu	39.86 37.69 35.00	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Southal Pergunnaha	Deoghur	Nii Nii Nii Nii	Nil Nil Nil Nil	44-94 34-27 23-00 25-24	ditto, ditto ditto.	Not rec. 1st June to 5th July. From 15th June and not rec. 21st Sept. 10 4th Oct.
		Nya-Doomka Godda	0.06 Nil	Nil Nil	55'81	ditto.	

T-	4	C		from 3nd 8th Nev.	n 9th to		PROM 187 ARY 1973.	17.15	
	District.	STATION.	-	Rain fred	Rain from 13th Nov.	Inches.	Up to date.	REWARE	•
SA.	•	- k-2-x		Inches.	Inches.		18:3.		
Cuttack		Cuttack   Telegraph Office Hospital Jaignore   Kendrapara   Juentsingnore   False Point	000	Nil 0.03 0.02 Nil Not rec. 1.00	Nil Nil Nil Nil Not ree, Nil	33 50 87:03 35:93 57:50 41 38 57:85	15th Nov. ditto. ditto. lat Nov. 15th Nov.		
Pooreo	{	Pogree Khurdah	000	0.53	Nil Nil	66°09 48 93	ditto. ditto.		
Balasore		Balasore Bhuddruck Jellasore Sorah Chandhally		0.70 0.10 0.70 Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	47:87 35:48 48:76 30:65 35:26	ditto. ditto ditto ditto	From 1st April. Ditto. Ditto.	
Cuttack	Tributary Mehalo	Sambalporo	***	Not rec	Not rec.	81.23	25th Oct.		
CHOT	A NAGPORE.	1200					- 3	The state of	
SOUT	II-Westers	- N - N - A						1	
Hazarea	dangh . {	Hazareebaugh { Jail Dispensar	у	Nil Nil 0'25	Nil Nil Nil	69:04 53:91 51:80	15th Nov. ditto.		
Lohardt	nggah {	Danchee		Nil Nil	Nil Nil	49°95 39°08	ditto. ditto.	8	
Singbho	oota	Chyobassa		Nil	Nil	38.81	ditto.		
Maunbl	noom - {	Purulia Gobindpora	•••	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	49.62	ditto.		
ASSAM	& ADJACENT HILLS.	1						1	
Goalpar	ab {	Goalparah Phoobres	***	Nil Nil	Not rec.	91:43	8th Now.	13	
Kamroo	{	Rurpottah	4.4.	Nil	Nil	40·11 70·78	16th Nov.		
Durrun	g {	Tezpore Mungledye	44.	Nil Nil	Not rec. Not rec.	93.80 93.89	8th Nov. ditto.	1 4 0	
Nowgon	ng	Nowgong	60.	Nil	Nil	70-61	15th Nov.	1-21-26	
Sechsau	gor {	Seebseuger Goldghat Jorehaut Nazeerah	***	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Not rec. Not rec. Not rec.	79:71 00:70 89:59 75:12	8th Nov. divto. ditto. ditto.	7.46	
Luckim	рого {	Debrooghur North Luckimpore Suddya		0.07 0.04 0.56	Not rec. Not rec Not rec	90°94 101°85 83°13	ditto. ditto. ditto.		
Naga II	fills •	Samogoodting	181	Nil	Not rec.	43*74	ditto.		
Ehasi Hills	and Jynteah {	Shillong Jaowai Cherrapoonjee	***	Nil 1:09 6:27	Not rec. Not rec. Not rec.	53 37 71 40 203 84	ditto. ditto. ditto.		
Garo II	ills	Tura	00+	Nil	Nil	85.33	15th Nov.		
120		Benarea Akyab	•••	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	303.80 32.83	ditto.	1-0	

CALCUTTA,
The 22nd November 1878.

H. F. BLANFORD, Meteorological Reporter to the Goot. of Bengal.

### Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 16th to 22nd Nov. 1873.

	1		liarometer	Barometer	Тинимо	MRTRE.	Hum-	Winz				
	l'ate.	Hour.	reduced to	reduced to	Dry.	Wes	dity Sat. =100,	Direction.	Velocity.	Rain	Clouds.	Weather
	Nov. 16th 17th 18th 19th 20th 21st	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	30·131 30·020 30·130 20·986 30·107 20·987 30·100 29·983 30·101 29·979 30·080 29·955 30·008 29·959	30°149 30°038 30°148 30°04 30°125 29°955 30°118 30°04 30°140 21°97 30°107 20°97 30°107 20°97 30°114 29°967	77-2 83-0 78-0 82-5 70-0 80-8 78-5 80-5 78-5 91-0 76-0 80-2 76-0 80-0	68'6 67'9 69 6 67'2 67'0 67'3 70'0 60'4 69'8 68'3 08'0 .68'1 66'7 67'0	-41.	NEN by WE by N N by E N by E N by E E N E E N E E N B W N N E N E N E N E N E N E N E N E N E			C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	8 8 8 8
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- Constant	Nov. ) 5th 16th 17th 18th 19th 20th 21et	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	80°016 99°984 30°084 29°998 30°098 29°985 80°074 99°050 20°983 80°056 20°983 80°056 20°993	30'046 22'964 80'114 80'023 80'123 80'198 30'104 28'981 80'104 28'981 30'106 28'983 30'106 30'986 30'986 30'986 30'986 30'986 30'986 30'986	84 80 85 81 84 83 83 83 83 82 82 83 87 74	77 76 76 74 74 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78 78	71 89 80 70 80 63 66 60 69 69 69 69	S W by W S E by E N by W S E by B S W by W S E by E N by W S E by E S E by E S E by E N N W N by W	6 5 4 5 8 9 6 8 8 18 9	0.08		cloudy. cloudy. b, c b, c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c
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Agyan	Nov. 16th 17th 18th 19th 20th 21st	16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16	30 105 20 894 30 077 29 044 30 060 10 061 30 072 29 964 30 084 30 084 30 085 30 087 \$2 084	80-1-7 80-015 30-000 29-968 30-002 20-972 30-002 20-972 30-002 20-985 80-60 80-60 P	78 89 81 89 60 83 79 64 61 83 81 80 82	79 76 74 76 74 76 74 76 74 75 70 70 76	78 67 78 74 76 67 77 68 70 67 78 78	NEWENENENENENENENE	2·1 4·1 1·7 4·1 2·5 4·1 2·3 4·3 2·3 4·5 1·3 8·5 2·2 2·6	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100		à à à à à à à à à à à à à à

<sup>.</sup> Velocity of wind in miles per hour.

The 22nd November 1873.

Abstract of Observations as received in the Meteorological Reporter's Office, Calcutta, during the month of September 1873.

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Meteorological Reporter to the Goot. HENRY F. BLANFORD,

The 25th Newmber 1873. CALCITTIA,

Mean Pressures and Temperatures of the preceding Table reduced to Sea-level, with Anemometric results and Observations of Sky Serenity.

		pres-	è							77	IND.					
, STATIONS.	-	Mean barometric laure reduced to level.	Mean temperature duced to sea-level.	North.	North-East,	Engl.	South-East.	South.	South-West.	West.	North-West,	Variable.	Calm.	Percentage and Resultant,	Mean velocity daily.	Mean serenity.
Port Blair M adras V iangapatam Akyab Palas Point Cuttack Saugor Island Chittagong Calentia Burdwan Jessore Daora Bilchar Hamareebaugh Berhampore Gya Patna Monghyr Darjeehng Gowalparah Beoorkee		29 824 29 807 29 781 29 764 29 702 29 987 29 987 29 767 29 688 29 708 29 804 21 693 29 694 21 693 29 694 29 688 29 701 20 688 29 701 20 688 29 701	80°4 85°1 85°0 81°4 84°6 82°1 83°5 84°6 82°1 84°3 84°3 84°3 86°5 86°5 85°4 82°9	991119677114778441		111 77 188 28 18  14 12 17 14 23 44 25 16 41	13 8 14 26 15 2 10 30 18 8 8 30 28 10 9 29 10 3 4 18 7 1	8 3 8 8 9 14 12 81 9 14 35 6 6 15 9 2 1 1 15 8 7	37 16 24 14 38 26 41 14 32 18 6 24 7 7 3 13 4 6 98 90 8 10 11 18	17 59 84 86 14 10 9 12 9 7	55 46 60 100 99 144 83 44 13 100 155 83 111 112 123 133 83 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84 84	3	3 47 18  16 18  24  27 4 17 7	76 S, 10°W 36 S, 43 W 88 S, 65 W 38 S, 1 E 63 S, 57 W 31 S, 58 W 53 S, 59 W 94 S, 40 E 48 S, 11 W 28 S, 10 W 65 S, 16 E 56 S, 5 E 14 N, 37 E 16 N, 13 W 33 S, 29 E 13 N, 76 E 9 S, 11 W 10 S, 40 E 22 S, 52 E 10 S, 53 U	288-7 230-0 92-7 84-1 	5 68 5 39 2 39 6 12 4 27 4 39 4 47 6 34 5 14 5 14 5 14 5 16 6 6 27

#### NOTE.

Barometric Pressure. - The pressures in column 2 of the above table for all stations below 500 feet are reduced from those given in column 3 of the table on the previous page by adding the weight of a column of air of the temperature given in column 17. For stations above 500 feet elevation the reduction is made by Dippe's tables as given in Guyot's "Meteorological and Physical Tables." The temperatures at the sea-level are taken from column 3 of the above table.

Temperature.—The temperatures in column 3 are reduced from those in column 17 on the preceding page by adding 1° Fahrenheit for every 450 feet.

Wind Resultant.—The resultant wind direction and its comparative predominance are calculated from the whole number of wind observations recorded during the month. The relative predominance

from the whole number of wind observations recorded during the month. The relative predominance in the direction of the resultant is given as a percentage of the whole number of observations. The direction is computed in the usual way by Lambert's formula.

Serenity.—This column gives the average proportion of unclouded sky; a cloudless sky being indicated by 10, and one completely overcast by 0.

The above being all comparable, afford the data for constructing a meteorological chart for the month, which shall show the isobaric and isothermal lines and the resultant wind directions, which last may be represented by arrows of varying length, proportioned to the prevalence of the wind. To these may be added the rainfall from the previous tables.

CALCUTTA,
The 25th November 1878.

H. F. BLANFORD, Meteorological Reporter to the Goot. of Bengal.

#### NOTE ON THE DEFICIENT RAINFALL OF SEPTEMBER.

The rainfall during the month has been deficient at all the Bengal stations in the list except Hazareebaugh, where it was about one-half greater than the average of the month. The deficiency has been about the same at most of the stations, viz. between 3 and 6.5 inches, and greatest at Patna, where less than an inch fell, the average being nearly 7½ inches. At Benares the deficiency was about the same as in Bengal, but at Roorkee the fall was nearly four times the usual amount, and at Akyab the average was exceeded by 2 inches. The winds, which in September are generally easterly or south-easterly in the Lower Provinces, were much less so than usual, and in many places very decidedly westerly. This was especially the case at Benares, in Behar, at Cuttack, Hazareebaugh, Saugor Island, Calcutta, and Berhampore; somewhat less so in the eastern districts. At Roorkee, on the other hand, south-easterly winds were unusually prevalent, which accounts for the greater rainfall of that station. The atmospheric pressure was somewhat below the average, especially at Cuttack and Lucknow; but considerably above it at Hazareebaugh, Saugor Island, Chittagong, Silchar, and Darjeeling. This abnormal distribution of the pressure partly explains the generally westerly tendency of the winds, of which the diminished rainfall is a natural consequence; but in the absence of information from Western, Ceutral, and Southern India, and the Punjab, no complete elucidation of these irregularities is possible. The following table gives a complete view of the wind, rainfall, and pressure at several stations:—

	0	TIONS.	13		Panesu	TR.M.	WI	ND.	RAISPA	LL
			-1		Average.	Diff.	Average.	1878.	Average.	Diff.
ort Blair				X	29.761	000	4			*****
adras		0.04	***		776	+098	100 000	******		
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		000	***	00+	635	+040	8 E by S	8 E	13.1	-8
hittagong	000	. ***	0.00	***	679	-021	SSELE	S by W	10.4	-4
alcurta	200		***	000	019	-021			8.8	
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oruck pore		***	***	***	******	*** ***		*****	9.8	-
hanni	000	***	***	***	28.837	-011	NWWW	N by W	4.8	+1
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1001.400		90.0	***	***	20102		6			

HENRY F. BLANFORD,

Meteorological Reporter.

Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office. Calcutta, from 15th to 21st November 1873.

		neter.	THE	EMOMI	RYER-	1	110	den	bumidity.	Wind	D.		R		
Month	Pate.	Mean reduced barom	Wighest reading.	Lauest reading.	Mar. solar radi-	Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean	Mean degree of hum	Prevailing direction.	Max. pressure.	Daily velocity.	Rain.	Moon's phases.	<b>Спина</b> Вимания,
ME'	141	Inches	0	0	0	0	0	0		-1	Lb.	Miles	In.		
OF	lath	80.032	85.2	68.7	131.0	76.2	68-2	62.6	0*64	SSW, &		80.8			Cleur and viert.
	16th	1003	85.0	66.3	133.4	74.6	66-7	61.3	-66	NEAN	0.4	109:3			Clear.
. "	17th	*058	84.0	66.2	138.5	74'3	66.9	61 7	.00	E by N & N by E		1004	***	(444)	Clear.
50	18 h	°028	83.0	64.0	129.4	729	65.4	59.4	-61	N by B & N N W	***	101 8	•••		Clear and cirrs.
1	19th	1038	82.2	80.2	129.4	74.0	67:4	62.8	-69	N by E&E N E	***	42-7	101	***	Clear and cirm, ocumu
64	20th	-035	82.7	66.2	132.0	73 6	66.9	61.6	-08	ENEAN	001	68:7	000	•	Clear and cirrostral Slightly loggy at Me
121	21st	-017	83.0	66.0	130.0	73.0	60.1	80.0	.67	N N by W		79.0	100		night & la.w.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent

the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gange is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

The extreme variation of temperature during the past seven days The maximum temperature during the past seven days The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year The mean humidity during the past seven days The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	**************************************	85·0 0·66
The total fall of rain from 15th to 21st by lower rain gauge	***	Nil Nil
Ditto ditto ditto, average of nineteen previous years Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 21st November Ditto ditto ditto, average of nineteen previous years	• • • •	4.4.32.3

GOPEENAUTH SEN, In charge of the Overratory.

The 25th November 1878.

Abstract of the Results of the Hourly Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, in the month of October 1873.

LATITUDE 22° 33' 1" North. Longitude 88° 20' 34" East. Height of the cistern of the standard barometer above the sea level, 18:11 feet.

MONTHLY RESU	LTS.		L 4.	Inches.	
Mean height of the barometer for the month	4 375		-	29.834	
Max. height of the barometer occurred at 9 A.M. on the	10th	900		29.963	
Min. height of the barometer occurred at 4 P.M. on the			• • •	29.701	
Extreme range of the barometer during the month	***	***	***	0.262	
Mean of the daily max. pressures			- ***	29.899	ľ
Ditto ditto min. ditto	***		***	29.778	
Mean daily range of the barometer during the month	000	***		0.121	
mean wany range or east outcome auting one money				0 101	
And the second s					
40 1 1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11				0	
Mean dry bulb thermometer for the month		***	0.0 0	82.0	
Max, temperature occurred at 3 P.M. on the 3rd	0.00		100	93.0	
Min. temperature occurred at 6 & 7 A.M. on the 31st		•••	***	69.3	
Extreme range of the temperature during the month				23.7	
Mean of the daily max. temperature				88.9	
Ditto ditto min. ditto				76.4	
Mean daily range of the temperature during the month				12.5	
The second secon					
Mean wet bulb thermometer for the month				75.6	
Mean dry bulb thermometer above mean wet bulb them	mometer		000	6.4	
Computed mean dew-point for the month	210220001	• • •	121	71.1	
Mean dry bulb thermometer above computed mean dew	-noint	***	***	10.9	
Breat dry barb thermometer above computed mean dew	-point				
				Inches.	į
Mean clastic force of vapour for the month			***	0.753	
			T	roy grain.	
Many amight of severe for the month				8.10	
Mean weight of vapour for the month	tion.			3.37	
Additional weight of vapour required for complete satur			,	0.71	
Mean degree of humidity for the month, complete satur	arion peing	unity		0.11	
Mean max, solar radiation thermometer for the month				138.5	
272 0002 0000000 0000000000000000000000			1	Inches.	
A STANK OF THE STA					
Rained 6 days, -max. fall of rain during 24 hours			***	2.05	
actual difference of south district	• • •	***		2.40	
Total amount of rain indicated by the gauge* attached to	the anemo	meter d	luring }	2.17	
the month					
Prevailing direction of the wind		***	E. & E.	N. E.	

• Height, 70 feet 10 inches above ground.

GOPEENAUTH SER, In charge of the Observatory.

The 25th November 1873.

#### Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

#### EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 8th November 1873, on 1883 miles open.

		COACHING TRAYFIC.		MERCHANDI	SE AND MINERAL TRAPPIC.	
A CHARLES	Number of passengers	Coaching receipts,		Weight enerted	Receipts.	Total traffic
		Ra. A. P.	s. d.	Mda. Srs.	Re, A. P. & s, d	
otal traffic for the week	89,076} 947 800,118§	28.381 15 0 2,326 1 160 4 3 14 1 8,18,360 10 6 28,900 1			27,610 11 7 2,534 11 9 174 11 0 16 0 4 7,41,807 1 0 68,007 0 5	4,850 m ( 50 14 00,913 10
Total for 19 weeks Companion.	839,195	8.40,703 9 6 81,231	3 11	2,272,623 88	7,09,846 19 7 70,841 17 7	101/773 e
otal for corresponding week of previous year er mile of reviews, corresponding week of previous year otal to corresponding date of previous year	\$0,053} 193 10,12,537}	20,141 13 8 1,646 128 11 8 11 1 3,14,296 10 11 29,810 1	5 11	1,226 0	59,230 0 10 5,499 8 8 878 7 6 34 13 10 8,07,000 10 9 73,975 17 6	46 0

#### CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th November 1873, on 28 miles open.

Act of the second	200	Ra. A. P.	R & d.	Mds. Srs.	Ra. A. P.	_ B a, d.	E a. d
Total traffic for the week	7,990	1.106 0 0	110 12 0	39,588 0	705 0 0	70 10 6	181 2 6
Or per mile of railway	286	39 8 0	8 10 0	609 0	25 0 0	2 10 0	4 9 1
Por previous 19 works of half-year	90,270	14,984 0 0	1,488 8 0	300,860 0	11,187 0 0	1,115 16 6	3,005 1
Total for 20 works	90,978	18,970 0 0	1,597 0 0	889,418 0	11,002 0 0	1,149 6 0	2,780 6 6
Total for corresponding week of previous year  Per mile of railway, corresponding	0,438	1,186 11 0	113 13 5	18,696 0	200 12 0	SP 18 6	153 6 11
Total to corresponding date of pre-	101,919	16,052 5 1	1,615 4 8	261,656 14	7,449 4 9	765 6 8	8 9 6

#### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th November 1873, on 1,280 miles open.

V-10-17		1	The second second			2017	
		Rs. A.P.	£ 8. il.	Mar. Sen	4- Re. A. F.	£ 2. il.	E 2. 4.
Or per muse of ranway	113,410	1,91,123 5 3 140 6 2	17,820 11 1 18 18 0	* 908,759 0	4,51,141 4 0 352 7 3		
For previous 19 weeks of half-	2,000,661	26,08.684 4 9	259,199 7 11	11,533,624 30	81,89 451 1 0	478,000 18 7	715,400 1 8
	2,122,061	47,99,617 10 0	256,640 19 0	12.752,383 80	56,40,592 8 0	817,054 5 11	27 5.2 % 4 10
Total for corresponding week of previous year mile of narway, corresponding		1,88,085 3 8	17,112 10 2				
Total to corresponding date of pre-	1,946,297	196 18 7 25,83,707 11 9	13 7 5	9,223,137 20	202 9 9 49,32,713 6 0		

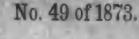
Mds. 15,000 and Rs. 10,000 added on academ of difference between the approximate and sudded figures of preumus weeks.
 Rs. 30,103-15 difference out of estimated proportion of freight on food-grain due from thevernment in week anding ath November 1953 has 20,623-14 difference of this week.

#### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th November 1873, on 2234 miles open.

		Ru. A. P.	& a, d.	Mda. Sra.	Ro. A. P.	E a.d.	£ 1. %.
Total traffic for the week Or per min of railway For provious 19 week of Unit-year	8,843 71,673	19,750 £ 0 68 8 8 1,86,477 9 3	1,814 0 0 8 2 4 17,008 15 7	04,729 10 787,846 20	100 8 2.1	1,978 G 0 8 17 0 82,700 19 11	3,792 & 0 16 10 6 3P,796 15 6
Total for 20 weeks	77.516	2,04,248 11 5	18,007 15 7	548,075 30	9,09,228 2 H	24,670 6 11	43,387 0 6
JOMPARISON.	1	[ ]		4			
Total for corresponding week of previous year.  Per mile of railway, corresponding	4,409	10,507 18 9	1,394 0 11	42,716 30	14,732 6 8	1,350 U S	8,744 To 6
Total to corresponding date of		2,19,469 0 7	0 4 9	070.001.00	65 14 5	6 0 10	12 6 7
previous year	85,657	2,13,903 0	80,120 13 6	072,091 30	2,07,491 7 1	19,020 1 0	39,140 15 1

<sup>•</sup> Its. 386 5 added on assumit of catumated preparition of freight on food grain due from Covernment in week coding ath Navember 1873 its. 20 duto duto of this week.





# SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1873.

#### OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Non-Subscribers to the GAZETTE may receive the Supplement separately on payment of Siz Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if sent by Post.

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#### Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Saturday, the 29th November 1873.

#### - Eresent:

HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL, presiding.

The Hon'ble G. C. PAUL,
The Hon'ble V. H. Schalch,
The Hon'ble H. L. Dampier,
The Hon'ble C. E. Bernard,

The Hon'ble RAJAH JOTEENDRO MOHUN TAGORE, BAHADOOR,

The Hon'ble Baroo DIGUMBER MITTER,

The Hon'ble B. D. Colvin.

#### POWERS OF MAGISTRATES.

THE HON'RLE MR. DAMPIER moved for leave to bring in a Bill to amend Act XXI of 1856 of the Council of the Governor-General and Act H of 1866 of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal. He said this Bill had been published by the order of His Honor the President, according to the rule of the Council in that behalf, in anticipation of the Council's permission to introduce it. It was merely a technical Bill: As the thing stood, the Abkari Laws and the Suburbs of Calcutta Law, Act II of 1866 of this Council, restrict the powers of Magistrate in a certain way as regards offences under those special laws. He had nothing more to explain in regard to this Bill than what had been expressed in the Statement of objects and reasons. The object was to assimilate the trial of these offences as regards the tribunals before which they should be tried with the general scheme of the Criminal Procedure Code.

The motion was agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Dampier applied to the President to suspend the Rules for the conduct of business to enable him to move that the Bill be read in Council.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said it was doubtful whether it was necessary to suspend the Rules in regard to this Bill. The principle of the Rules seemed to be, ordinarily, that a Bill should not be read in Council unless it had been for three days in the hands of the members. Under the authority vested in the President, this Bill had been published in the Gazette, and it had been in the hands of the members for more than three days. In order, however, to obviate any doubt as to whether there had been a sufficient compliance with the Rules, and in order to relieve the District Officers from work of the nature to which this Bill referred as soon as possiple, he would suspend the Rules.

The Hon'ble Mr. Dampier then moved that the Bill be read in Council.

The motion was agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Dampier moved that the Bill be referred to a Select Committee consisting of the Advocate-General and himself: this being a merely technical Bill, he would not trouble other Hon'ble Members to sit in committee.

The motion was agreed to.

#### MAHOMEDAN MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE REGISTRATION.

The Hon'ble Mr. Dampier moved for leave to bring in a Bill to provide for the voluntary registration of Mahomedan marriages and divorces. He said this Bill, like the last one, had been published by special order of His Honor the President, and it had been in the hands of members for more than three days. Hen'ble Members were aware that we found in this country, as an established institution, certain Mahomedan functionaries known as Cazees. They were recognised by our law, Regulation XXXIX of 1793, which recited:—

"Cazees are stationed at the cities of Patna, Dacca, and Moorshedahad, and the principal towns, and in the pergunnahs, for the purpose of preparing and attesting deeds of transfers and other law papers, celebrating marriages, and performing such religious duties or ceremonies prescribed by the Mahomedan law as have been hitherto discharged by them under the British Government, and also for superintending the sale of distrained property and paying charitable and other pensions and allowances, under Regulations XVII and XXIV, 1793. The nature of the above-mentioned duties renders it necessary that persons of character, and duly qualified with respect to legal knowledge, should be appointed to these offices; and to encourage them to discharge their trusts with diligence and fidelity, they should not be liable to removal unless proved to be incapable or guilty of misconduct to the satisfaction of the Governor-General in Council."

And then the law provided that the Governor-General in Council should make the appointment, and that the cazees should not be removable except

under his sanction. It was also provided by Section 7 that-

"The head cazee and the cazees stationed in the cities, perguanals, and towns, are to keep copies of all deeds and law or other papers which they may draw up or attest, and are to affix thereto their seals and signatures. They are likewise to keep a list of all such papers; and in the event of their death, resignation, or removal, the list and papers are to be delivered complete to their successors."

Things remained pretty well in this state until the year 1859, when a discussion began which led to the passing of Act XI of 1864, which abolished the office of cazee by a stroke of the pen as being unnecessary. In 1859, in the course of that discussion, Sir John Peter Grant, whilst recommending the repeal of the regulation, suggested that the repealing Act should constitute the office of cazee on a proper footing as that of a Mahomedan marriage

registrar. It was pointed out that there was nothing of the nature of a religious ceremony in a Mahomedan marriage, and it was observed that as Mahomedans have by law the power of marrying by civil contract, and an office, which must be held by a Mahomedan, had been created for the legal record of their marriages, it would not be a just or decorous act substantially to abolish that office.

That advice was not adopted; and no trace appeared of it in Act XI of 1864 which abolished the office of cazee. In recent years the want which was anticipated by Sir John Grant had begun to be realized in practice. The question had been judicially tried, and it had been settled that there could be no legal cazee according to the Mahomedan law, unless the officer were appointed by the Sultan or ruling power. Therefore the effect of the passing of the law of 1864 was practically to do away with the Mahomedan functionary altogether. No person could be appointed by the Mahomedan community whose appointment would be valid under the Mahomedan law. Some two years ago it was noticed that offences against marriages were increasing amongst the Mahomedans, especially those of the lower classes. Many charges were preferred, but as a general rule the complainants failed to obtain redress from the courts. On analysing the causes it was found that one great moving cause was the want of any functionary to take the place of the old cazee as regards Mahomedan marriages. No recognised authority acceptable to the community concerned was competent authoritatively to attest marriages and similar contracts. Since the abolition of cazees marriages were performed in the presence of casual witnesses only; and the proof of the marriage depended on the evidence of such witnesses only. Therefore when these cases were brought and the court insisted, as our courts must do, on legal proof of the marriage, none was forthcoming which satisfied it. The testimony of the witnesses was either not forthcoming or was met by counter evidence which threw doubt on it.

So again with regard to divorces. Sometimes when a marriage happened to be proved, it was met by the plea that the wife had been repudiated according to the forms which the Mahomedan law required. Here again a question of fact arose in regard to which it was often impossible to satisfy the courts.

The object of the Bill was not in any way to interfere with the existing customs, ceremonies, and injunctions of the Mahomedan law and Mahomedan society, but was merely to give those who wished it a safeguard against those questions of the fact of the marriage or divorce being raised in issue,—to give them in fact a popular means of registering the evidence of such acts, which evidence should be accepted by the courts prima facie as authoritative. There was to be no compulsion; and even in the matter of fees the Bill did not attempt to interfere between these Mahomedan registrars and those who voluntarily went to them to register the fact of particular marriages and divorces taking place. The opinions of the law officers and other gentlemen who had been consulted were nearly unanimous that such an opportunity of voluntarily registering marriages and divorces should be given. Mr. Dampier hoped the Council would allow him to introduce the Bill.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said before he put the question he wished to say one or two words. The object of the Bill, and the reasons which induced the Government to devise such a Bill, had been very clearly stated by the Hon'ble Member. He might say that this was a humble attempt to deal with a great and difficult subject. The difficulty was one which had been felt for many years past. It was one with which he had had occasion to deal in several capatities, and he had for many years had much doubt as regards the solution to which it would be possible to arrive. This Bill was the outcome of a good deal of consideration on the subject. His own feeling had been that it was a doubtful question whether it was or was not advisable to abolish the old cazees; but he had felt and expressed the opinion that once they were abolished it would be impossible to the British Government to restore them in their old form. If we attempted to restore the cazees, we would be attempting to restore a Mahomedan officer whose office had many peculiarities and many incidents connected with the Mahomedan law and the Mahomedan religion.

The British Government would have great difficulty in establishing such officers. His Honor also felt this additional difficulty that in the Mahomedan religion, as in most other religions, there were various sects, and if we attempted to set up cazees we should be beset with the difficulty from which sect were we to choose, or whether we were to choose cazees from amongst all the sects. That being so, and the question of the re-establishment of cazees being involved in great difficulty, his feeling, and that of the Hon'ble Member in charge of the Bill, had been to confine themselves to the one practical and immediate want before them—to provide a means of registering Mahomedan marriages and divorces. The Mahomedan law seemed clear on this point, that the celebration of these most important social contracts and de-contracts must be conducted by officers appointed by the ruling power; it was not essential that he must be a cazee. The best solution therefore would be to meet in practice the want that had arisen by appointing officers on the part of the ruling power who were authorized to perform these acts. His Honor at one time thought that if the ordinary registrars of deeds were authorized to register Mahomedan marriages and divorces it would meet the requirements of the Mahomedan community. But to that course it was found that there were objections. The men most fit and most acceptable to the Mahomedans would be the men whom they themselves would choose to register these contracts; and we now believed that it would be more acceptable to the Mahomedans that they should have special registrars for the purpose. In that view we had devised as an expedient this Bill, which went no further than to appoint a marriage registrar to whom the parties might apply. We had not touched the substantive law. The registrars would only register the contract, and leave it to the ordinary law to decide what validity those contracts had. We had taken for our guide the Christian Marriage Act. Amongst Christians there were several sects, and the policy of that law had been to enable any minister of any sect to celebrate marriages. We had adopted the same essentials as regards Mahomedan marriages. We had said that Mahomedans might have their own registrars who should perform the marriage ceremonies and register the contracts. All we proposed was that those who had hitherto performed these offices, and who were respectable and versed in the Mahomedan law, should receive licenses to ply that trade, and ply it so far as their co-religionists saw fit to employ them for that purpose.

The motion was agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Dampier applied to the President to suspend the Rules for the conduct of business to enable him to move that the Bill be read in Council.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said this was not a Bill which the Government wished to hurry; but as the Bill had been for some days in the hands of members, it would be a mere useless ceremony to postpone the motion that the Bill be read in Council to another day, and on that account he would suspend the Rules so far as was necessary to proceed with the Bill to the next stage.

The Hon'ble Mr. Dampier then moved that the Bill be read in Council.

The motion was agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Dampier moved that the Bill be referred to a Select Committee consisting of the Hon'ble Moulvie Abdool Luteef, the representative of the Mahomedan community in this Council, the Hon'ble the Advocate-General, and the Mover, with instructions to report in a month. This Bill had been prepared, under the instructions of His Honor the President, in the Executive Department of the Government, and was handed over to Mr. Dampier in that stage. He might mention that it appeared to him that it would be necessary to make considerable alterations in it in committee.

The motion was agreed to.

#### EMBANKMENTS AND WATER-COURSES.

THE HON'BLE MR. SCHALCH moved that the Bill to amend the law relating to embankments and water-courses be further considered in order to the settlement of its clauses. He said it would be in the recollection of the Council that this Bill was taken into consideration a short time back and its final clauses settled on the 13th of September last. It was then ordered to be

printed and published in order to give parties interested a final opportunity of submitting any representations they might wish to make. No representa-tions had since been received; but he had taken advantage of the interval carefully to go through the provisions of the Bill, and the result of that scrutiny had been that he had to move four amendments which he would do seriatim.

The motion was agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Schalch said the first of the amendments which he had to move referred to Section 4, Clause 5. The object of the clause was, where it was found after a road had been constructed that the drainage of the country was impeded, to give power to alter that road and make a water-course for the proper drainage of the surrounding lands. By the clause as it stood the expense of so doing was thrown entirely on the road, whether the impeding of the drainage was caused by insufficient provision being made at the time of the construction of the road for the natural drainage their existing, or whether the impediment to the drainage resulted from causes arising subsequently to the construction of the road.

It seemed fair that if the road when constructed did afford proper means of drainage, the expense should not fall on the road, but on those who would benefit by the alteration required by the contingency which had afterwards arisen. He therefore proposed to throw the cost upon the road only where it was proved that at the time of the construction of the road sufficient provision for drainage had not been made, and in all other cases to levy the cost rateably under the general provisions of the Bill amongst those who would benefit by the alteration. With this view he moved to add to Clause

5 of Section 4 the following words:-

"So far as the same shall have been incurred on account of insufficient provision having been made at the time of the construction of the said road for the natural drainage

The motion was agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Schaler said the second amendment he had to propose was in Section 5. It was there prescribed that a copy should be prepared of the survey map showing the boundaries of the estates to be affected by the work proposed. The survey maps were made, not by estates which very often comprised a large area with scattered villages, but by mouzahs, and it would not be possible to give a survey map of the estates to be affected. He would therefore move that the words "of the villages" be inserted after the word "boundaries" in line 7 of Section 5.

The motion was agreed to.

On the motion of the Hon'ble Mr. Schalch a similar amendment was made in paragraph 2 of Schedule A.

In Section 19, relating to railroads, an amendment similar to that carried out in Section 4, Clause 5, was made on the motion of Mr. Schalch.

The Hon'ble Mr. Schalch said the last amendment he had to propose was in Section 31. By that section no claim to compensation could be entertained which was made later than one year next after the completion of the work by which any right was injuriously affected. It was thought that as this was an ultimate proceeding, and there was no appeal to the Civil Court, and it might not be easily ascertainable within one year after the execution of a work what rights were injuriously affected, it would be better to allow a longer period for the preferring of such claims. It was therefore proposed to extend the period allowed from one year to two years; and he accordingly moved that the word "two" be substituted for "one" in line 2 of Section 31.

The motion was agreed to.

The Hon'ble Mr. Schalch then moved that the Bill be passed. As he had already stated, the Bill since its last amendment had now been before the public more than two months. No representations had been made during that time, and the alterations which had just been proposed and made were not of any great importance. It would therefore be quite within the Rules if the Bill were now passed without further delay. The motion was agreed to.

#### EMIGRATION TO THE LABOR DISTRICTS.

His Honor the President said the Council had now concluded the business for that day, but before adjourning to next Saturday, he would intimate that, having in pursuance of his promise consulted the Government of India in regard to the circumstances which might affect our course with respect to the Labor Districts Emigration Bill, the Government of India had informed him that there was a probability that the proposal for separating Assam from Bengal might soon be carried out if Her Majesty's Government should think fit to approve of the proposal. The Government of India further went on to say that "as regards the Labor Districts Emigration Bill the Government of India think it desirable, after the caroful consideration that has been given in the Legislative Council of Bengal to the Bill, that it should be passed in that Council and not transferred to the Government of India."

Council and not transferred to the Government of India."

That being the opinion expressed by the Government of India, and it being not improbable that within a short period Assam and the other adjaining districts might be separated from Bengal, His Honor thought the Council were bound to proceed with the Bill as fast as they safely could. Very great difficulty would arise if those districts were separated from Bengal before the Bill was passed. He therefore proposed to bring on the Bill again for consideration at

the next meeting.

The Council was adjourned to Saturday, the 6th December next.

#### SCARCITY AND RELIEF.

In publishing the subjoined correspondence which has passed between the Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division and Rai Luchmeeput Singh, Bahadoor, holding zemindaree estates in the districts of Rungpore and Dinagepore, His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor desires to thank this gentleman for the humane course he is taking to relieve the distress of his tenantry, and trusts that his example will be followed by the class he represents in all the districts afflicted by the drought. His Honor would remind these gentlemen of the obligations they are under to show consideration for their ryots at such a period, and that by seizing the opportunity of showing sympathy and good will towards them, they may do more to re-establish friendly relations with their tenantry, where those relations have unhappily been interrupted, than any act whatever of the Government or the Legislature could do for them.

By order of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal,

C. BERNARD,

Offg. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

No. 394, dated Berhampore, the 24th November 1873.

From—E. W. Molony, Esq., Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division,
To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Statistical Department.

I have the honor to forward, for His Honor's information, a copy of a letter from Rai Luchmeeput Singh, Bahadoor, and of my reply, and to state that I consider the Baboo's intentions well worthy the commendation of Government.

Dated Baloochur, the 16th November 1873.

From—RAI LUCHMEEPUT SINGH, BAHADOOR, TO—E. W. MOLONY, Esq., Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division.

I have the honor to bring to your notice the measures that I have decided to adopt with a view to mitigate, if not to remove, the evils of the impending famine likely to affect the people of my zemindaries situated in the districts of Rungpore and Dinagepore.

2. I have instructed my people to ascertain the stock of rice and foodgrain, and to render me a rough census of the people of that part of the country, in order to test the capabilities of the local markets for meeting the requirements of the people for a given period, viz., until the reaping of the first crop

of the next year.

3. The reports when furnished shall enable me to complete the details of the arrangements I have contemplated to make; but that the stock will fall short of the local consumption for the period referred to is a certainty, and as provision at this exigency I intend to import and keep a sufficient stock of rice at hand to be freely supplied to the people when necessity comes, at the average price which they have been paying for food-grain at that time of the year for the past five years.

4. This arrangement has reference to the ryots and people directly underme as their zemindar in contradistinction to those under my putneedars and durputneedars, in whose matters of arrangement and management of the properties I have no control whatever. But I shall, at the same time, be glad to contribute to the relief of the general distress of the country should it come

up to the worst anticipations now held.

5. I beg further to inform you that at the places where the people have already begun to feel distress from the total failure of the crops, as Lat Hekundery in Dinagepore, I have, in addition to the remission of the whole year's rents already granted, ordered advance of money to the poorer class to provide themselves and families against the consequences of the impending famine. Such advances bear no interest whatever, and are repayable when the people are in a position to do so.

6. In submitting these measures already taken, and the one I have decided to adopt, to your superior judgment for approval, I have to solicit the favor of your kindly making suggestion or notification you think proper in reference to this famine matter, which shall be promptly and readily

responded to by me.

No. 203, dated Berhampore, the 24th November 1873.

From-E. W. Molony, Esq., Commissioner of the Rajshahye Division, To-RAI LUCHMEEPUT SINGH, BAHADOOB.

I HAVE the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter dated the 16th instant, stating the measures which you intend to adopt to meet the expected calamity of scarcity which threatens your tenants.

2. I congratulate you on the very liberal measures you propose to adopt, which seem sufficient, and would only suggest that possibly, as occasion demands, you may be able to open works for those who have no money to buy, and who would prefer to labor than take the advances.

3. Such work as would provide a good supply of water, as would result in improving the land by drainage or clearance of jungle, would be a real and

lasting benefit to your estate.

4. I shall not fail to inform the Government of your intentions, and I shall be glad if you would furnish me with a list of your properties in this division in which distress is likely to occur, in order that I may inform the Magistrates of your plans.

# PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the under

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A Old.

C Price of common rice at the several sub-divisions ranges from 11-8 to 16 seems per rapec,

D Price of common rice at Jhenidah sub-division 17-8 to 21-6; Magoorah sub-division, 16-8 to 20; Begirhat sub-div 20 to 23 seers per rupee; and best rice at the latter place 16 to 16 seers.

## mentioned districts of Bengal on the 29th November 1873.

THE SEER OF SO TOLAHS.

1	GREA	REAT MILLINT- HOLUE, JOWAR.		RAGI	or Mr	TEWA,	MAIZ	cors.	DIAN-		GRAN		F	IBS-WO	od.		SALT		7	
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highest price of common rice in the interior was 11-4, and lowest price 16-8 per rupee,
price in the district may be taken at 1d secre. New rice has been selling at 20 to 22 seers jer rupee,
sub-divisions and interior.

arn not received.

Iron for week ending 22nd November 1873 received after the publication of the last Gasette.

### PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

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8	3	Garo Hills.					-	+		1			1					1111

Calcutta, The 2nd December 1873.

II. At sub-divisions and interior.

Return not received.

Return for week ending 22nd November 1873 secsived after the publication of the last Gasette.

### districts of Bengal on the 29th November 1873 .- (Continued.)

THE SHER OF 80 TOLAHS.

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			177					1 7				1 -											Garo Hills.

Published for general information.

R. KNIGHT, Asst Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

II At sub-division and interior.

• Return not received.

• Return for week ending 22nd November 1873 received after the publication of the last Gazette.

#### Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather. State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 29th November 1873.

No		District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
BEN	GAI	L. Western Districts.		
1	1	Bordwan, 2nd Doc. 1873	Nil	Cloudy, but no rain. Were rain to fall now, it would do more harm than good to the late rice crops. Nowan rice has been cut and has lowered the price of common rice in some places. Export of limited quantities to Behar continues Fever prevalent,
	2	Bancoorab, 29th Nov. "	Nil	Cloudy. The sowings of the cold weather crops are nearly completed, but the exten of cultivation is very small. The resping of the rice crop continues. There has been some exportation of rice to Rancegunge, but prices have not risen here.
DURSWAS LIVISION.	3	Beerbhoom, 29th ,, ,,	Nil	Dry and clear during the first half of the week, cloudy in the latter half. Harves of late rice progressing; yield of this crop, which is somewhat over two-third of the whole, estimated to be about six annas, giving with the ten-anna yiel of the early crop a total on the two crops of about eight annas or about 3,500,00 maunds of cleaned rice, only sufficient with economy for home consumption Export by rail for week ending 22nd November close on 14,800 maunds, chiefl to the Bhaugulpore and Patna Divisions. Prices show an upward tendency.
	4	Midnapore, 29th , ,,	A few drops of rain fell on each of the last three days.	which is probably due to present cloudy weather, which to some extent affects the
	5	Hooghly, 29th ""	-03	Clear and cloudy. Wind from north-west. Little rain fell on the night of the 2st November. Personal inquiry made by the Collector has shown that irrigation hap preserved more of the crop than was thought possible, and he entertains hope of an eight-anna crop. The slight showers may belp the sowing of some col weather crops, but it is almost too late now for this. The area sown is, however larger than previously reported by the police. The sugarcane crop not much below the average. The cloudy weather, if it continues, will injure the pulse and oil-seed.
l		Howrah, 29th, Central Districts.	Na	The sky was cloudy on Thursday, some rain fell that night, more fell on Friday, an on Saturday it rained still more. The rain, though gentle and scanty, was gener throughout the district, but too late to benefit the rice crops. It has moistene the ground pretty well, and it is hoped that it has sufficed to enable the peop to sow some cold weather crops which could not otherwise have been grown. There is nothing whatever to add to the last report about the rice crops, the state and prospects continue unchanged; the crops at Oolcoberriah an Ampta are better than at first believed. The fever in Sibpore is showing sign of abating, and that in Belgatchea is at least not worse.
	6	24-Pergunnahs, 2nd† Dec. 1873.	0.08	Coudy, with a slight shower on Saturday, which has lowered the temperature There has been no improvement since last report. While a good shower would have been to improve a swings, sit would have injured the late rice, which now being rapidly cut except on beel lands. From Satkhirah it is reported that the mustard is being injured by insects. Epidemic fever still provide in parts a Barripore and Bassirhat. There is some fever in Barasset and the places adjacent. One case of small-pox reported at Satkhirah where fever is abating.
The second secon	7	Nudder, 29th Nov. 1873	Nil	Heavy clouds for the last three or four days. There was a little drizzling raint 2 m.m. of the 29th instant, enough to lay the dust. The appearance of the sky is such that in an ordinary assemble an would be confidently looked for. The laterice harvest has begun; no change has occurred in the prospect of the ontiture. Not more than four annas is to be looked for. Arbur (pulse), teel (oil seed chillies, sugarcane, and date-sugar all promise fairly, but all other cold weather crops are miserably poor. In the event of a tolerable fall of rain, grain and other seeds might still be sown. Prices are rising but little. In most parts of the district coarse rice can be had for Ra. 2-8 per maund, and in some for less. The sub-divisional officer reports distress in the part of Meherpore west of Jellinghea tract which depends upon the late rice and cold weather crops. By "distress it is supposed that apprehension is meant rather than actual suffering, since even under the most favorable sircumstances, no crop could have been reaped by this time. A read has been projected by the District Committee for the banef of this part of the country, which will be taken in hand. The Colicetor's col weather tour is so arranged that he hopes to see this tract in about a fortnight.
-	8	Jennore, 28th	Nil	The last few days have been cloudy, and there have been a few drops of rain on the 29th November. The late rice crop is being respect. The continued drought has not much affected the previous estimates of the outturn. Prices have made a vermarked rise during the week. The price of goor (molasses), the produce of dat tree, has risen owing to the commencement of manufacture. The peasantry a this season depend a good deal on this important industry. The prespects of the cold weather crops are generally much the same as last week. They would be much benefited by a gentic rainfall, of which the present hazy state of the atmosphere gives some, though not very certain, promise.

Telegram of the 2nd December received on the same day. Shows rainful during the seven days immediately preceding. Report of the 2nd December received on the same day. Shows rainful during the seven days humediately preceding.

1597

3	To.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
HE	NGA	(Contd.)		
8722	Ñ	Central Districts		Market Market Barrier Control
	9	(Contd.)  Moorshednbad, 29th Nov. 1873.	Nil	Somewhat hotter in the day, but cooler at night; the aky was cloudy, with prospects of rain on the 29th November. No change for the batter is observed, as there has been no rain during the week. The outturn of the late rice crop in the Jungipore sub-division is still expected to be seven assas; in the Ramporchaut sub-division, not more than a five-anna crop is expected. The cold weather crops are very backward in most places; in the Pulsa thannah no sowings have yet been made. Sugarcane and indigo are progressing favorably in the north. Prices are lowering this week owing partly to importation and partly to the introduction of the newly-cut rice into the markets.
	10	Dinagepore, 29th , ,,	Nil	Cloudy during the latter part of the week. Hymunty or winter paddy is being cut; the cold weather crops suffering for want of rain; sugarcane seems to promise a fair crop. The price of rice cheaper at Gungarampore since the relief works have been opened.
VISION,	21	Muldah, 29th " "	Nil	Sky overcast with clouds, but no rain; regular cold weather set in; wind northerly. There has been no rain and no improvement in the state of the crops. The last three or four days have been very cloudy, and there are still hopes of rain. The amun or late rice crop is being reaped; the yield will not be more than a four-anna crop; the hymunty winter crop will be cut in a few days; it is not expected to yield more than three or four-anna crop. The cold weather crops, especially pulses in the low lands, are still looking well, and if rain falls will give an average yield. A few boat-loads of paddy and rice arrive at intervals from the eastern districts. Prices are not quite so favorable this week as last, especially in the north-west of the district, notwithstanding the in-coming crop. Perhaps one-fourth of the cultivating classes have supplies eaough to last them from two to six menths, but the bulk of the people depend on the local supplies at local markets. Relief work going on on ordinary roads, and new works being projected. Health of the district good.
RASHBARTE DIVISION	12	ajenahye, 29th "	Nil	The sky has been overcast with every appearance of rain, but no rain has fallen, and there has been scarcely any daw. The early portion of the amun or late rice crop is being reaped. What little has been sived in the lowest lands in the Bhurind has yielded from one to two annas. In Nattore the yield will be from six to eight annas. In Pootea and the east of Beauleah, about six annas. In Bagmara and part of Singrah and Bhundaikhara, from six to eight annas. In parts of Barraignon the paddy is good, and from eight to twelve annas will, it is hoped, be harvested. In Charghat and Beelmaris, from six to eight annas. Boro paddy is being sown for the low lands where there is water, and in some places the seedlings are about three inches high in the nurseries. The paddy just cut near Sahibgunge (a place where the Goor river runs out of the Attrai) has been selling at one rupee per kutcha maund. The mulberry crops are locking well; sugarcane is being cut, and is a very fair crop. Wheat and barley save germinated and look well as yet, but unless it rains they will be seriously damaged. A good deal of mossoor pulse—about three to four inches high: this was sown early; the latter sowings have more or less failed owing to the want of moisture. Mustard is a rather thin crop generally this year, but there are some coming up thick. It is now in flower. Urhur and kalai pulses, and toel—oil-seed—are looking well, but require rain to ensure a crop.
	13	Rungpore, 29th	Nil	Cloudy, but no rain; weather cool. Cutting of rice has taken place to a small extent, but the produce is scanty, and much of the crop is cut only for the straw. Mustard, millet, and other crops look fair; potatoes have been planted in large quantities. The reports from all parts but the north are very bad, and some emigration has taken place from north-east to Goalparah. Rice is selling at prices from Rs. 3 to 5 a maund throughout the district, and distress is prevalent all to the south and east.
	14	Bograh, 29th	Nil .	The sky has been cloudy of late, but no rain has fallen. The cutting of the new rice has begun. Good has been done in parts by irrigation. No general improvement can be reported with regard to the late rice, but the failure is by no means a total one. In parts the crops are good.
- 1	16	Pobne, 20th .,	NII	The weather is wirm for the time of the year. Chiefly winds blow from the northwest. The last three days have been cloudy and the sunrise invisible. A few drops of rain fell on the morning of the 29th November. The low ground late rice is still being cut. There will not be less than an eight-anna crop-probably a full nine-anna crop. The winter crops are backward and much require rain.
H Bayan Dive.	16	Darjealing, 29th ,, ,,	NÄ	Still no rain and no signs of it. In the plains the people begin to fear that they will not get even a ten-anna crop. In the hills the young crops of wheat, barley, and back wheat do not progress very favorably for want of rain, but as yet no serious loss is perceptible. indian-corn has fallen in price during the week.
CH I	27	Julpigores,	****	Return not received.
3		Cooch Behar, 29th ., ,	Nil	Some clouds on the 27th and 28th November. The same as last week. Rice is being experted to Rungpore.

1	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfull at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEI	NGAI	L (Contd.)		
		Eastern Districts	1	
	18	Daces, 2nd Dec. 1873	0.2	Weather cloudy for four days, with very slight showers on the 29th and 30th November. State of the winter crops better than could have been expected. Cholera prevalent in the Moonsheegunge sub-division, and virulent fever av Manickgunge.
Dacca Division.	19	Purrecdpore, 29th Nov.,,	Nil	Very cloudy from Wednesday up to end of the week; on Saturday a slight drizzle, but not sufficient to benefit the cold weather crops. State of the crops is much the same as last week; no change whatever in the state of the rice crop, which has been reaped in all the high lands, and in the low lands and beels reaping is still going on. The long drought of nine weeks has been very injurious to the cold weather crops of creals, pulses, and oil seeds, but at mest these would only give four days food-supply and are not important. The barvest of this year will be three-fifths of an ordinary year, i.e., about 11,003,136 maunds of paddy; if exportation does not alter the state of things this outturn will probably must the requirements of the population for the next twelve months with a small surplus at hand, by which time the next early and bore rice crops will have been reaped. The stock at hand of the previous year is estimated at 15,960 maunds of rice and 2,770 maunds of paddy. Wheat, barley, and different sorts of paless and pens are very little cultivated in this district, and the quantity of these grains sown have germinated, but perishing from want of rain.
Dacca	20	Backergunge, 29th ""	Nil	Cloudy. There is not much change in the state and prospects of the crops, but the cloudiness of the weather is causing apprehension, for it is feared that it will-breed insects among the paddy.
	21	Mymensing. 29th , ,	NII	Cloudy since 27th November and promise of rain. No change to remark on the state and prospects of the crops. The late rice harvest is commencing everywhere.
	22	Sylhet, 22nd Nov. ,	Na	Not so cool as last week. Reports from all parts of the district are favorable as to the prospects of crops; unless anything unforeseen happens; all expect a twelve-anna crop all round. The rain a fortnight ago was most beneficial to the crops; all that is to be feared now is a blight. Price of rice is going up steadily; large exportations continue. At Behadoorpore, one of the large rice marts of the district, forty large boats have come from Nattore in Itajahabye, Pubna, Furreedpo e. Naraingunge, Serajgunge, Patna, Monghyr, Ghazeepore, and other places. 15,000 maunds exported from Behadoorpore up to date.
	23	Cachar, ,, ,,	Nil	Unseasonably warm; clouds collect for a day or two and disperse again. Thunder on Friday morning; slight rain probable; much the same as last week. The Hylakandy crop and the rice generally to the south of the river is doing wall, getting a good deal of moisture from the morning fogs. Bikrampore and Kalino paddy fair.
	24	Chittagong, ,, ,,	Nii	Rather cloudy and warmer at the change of the moon, otherwise fine and wasonable. Resping of the late rice crops has commenced in the south of the district. The damage done by insects in Meerkaserai and Sectacoond is reported to be inconsiderable.
STON.	25	Noakhally ,, ,,	Nil	Fair. The slight rain at the beginning of the month is said to have done some good at Luckhipore. In Sudaram, Begungunge, and Ramgunge, the prospects are much what they were last week. The average loss at Sundaep and Ameergunge is still reported at four annas. Reports from other parts of the district are more favorable. Price of ordinary rice has rusen from 21 to 18 seers per rupee. Much sickness in the town.
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.	26	Tipperab, 29th " "	Nil	Fine, though rather hot for the first three days of the veek; the last four days have been very gloomy and must have, it is feared, blighting effect on the reaping crop. In the head-quarters sub-division an eight-anna rice crop may be expected in auccession to a generally good early rice crop. As it is supposed that the district annually exports half its crops, this should be enough for home consumption and something more, and it is said that the ryots are sufficiently provident. From Brahmunbariah it is reported that the large and rich pergunah of Buldakhally will give a twelve-anna crop, and the rest of the sub-division a six-anna crop.
	27	Chittagong Hill Tracts, 22nd Nov. 1873.	Nil	Cloudy up to 9 A.M. in the morning, and much less cold at night than in last week.  The cetton is now being gathered and the prospect is good; the mustard crop is sown and fully germinating; the outturn of the former is promising.
BEI	HAR.	Hill Tipperah, 22nd Nov. 1873.	Nil	Bright during the beginning of the week; slightly cloudy and close during the remainder. Paddy reaping has commenced; the mustard crop has germinated in some places and promises fairly. Prices stationary.
TETON.	28	Patna, 1st† Dec. 1873	Nil	Weather clear and cold. No alteration in the state of crops since last report: there is still time to sow the rest of the cold weather crops, about half of which has been sown, if there he rain in the next fifteen days. Health of the district good.
PATEA DIVISION.	29	Gya, 29th a u	Nil	Cool and cloudy. No rain is reported to have fallen in any part of the district. No improvement in the state of the crops. Rain is much wanted for the cold weather crops. In the Aurungabad sub-division insects are said to be attacking the cold weather crops.
- 1	30	Shahabad, 29th , se	Nil	One day cloudy and threatening and now clear and cold. In Sasseram sowings of cold weather crops can be carried on for another fifteen days. Sugarcans, where unirrigated, is being cut. No change for the worse in the cold weather crops generally.

<sup>•</sup> Palegram of the 2nd December received on the same day. Shows minfell during the seven days immediately preceding.

† Telegram of the lat December received on the 2nd. Shows rainfell during the seven days immediately preceding.

No. District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
BEHAR.—(Contd.)	45-	
S1 Tirhoot, 29th Nov. 1873	Nil	Cool, sometimes cloudy. In the Sectamurhi sub-division, wheat, cat, mustard, linseed, cucumber, and mossoor pulse sown in the lands that can be irrigated, are flourishing, but where irrigation is not possible, only half that was sown has come up. One-third of the area usually sown with cold weather crops, in the clake of Shewhur, remains unsown. Wheat, grain, oats, mossoor and khesarce pulses, cucumber, peas, mustard, and linseed are sown, and three-eighths of the same has come up well. At Bazidpore and Patheali the people have cut the dried paddy and sown cold weather crops in the ground. The tract of country between Poopree and Kamtoul is backward as regards the cold weather crops, and the rice crop has been almost a total fuilure. In the Durbhangah sub-division, about fifteen-sixteenths of the paddy crops are lost. The prespects of the cold weather grops are worse than last week. In the Mudhobance sub-division the state of the rice crops not improved. The hope of a cold weather crop becoming less daily in the absence of rain. In the Tajpore sub-division nothing has transpired to alter the condition of the crops, except that of course seven days more drought has dried everything more. There is no reason yet to despair of the cold weather crops. Some of the lands from which paddy has been cut are being prepared for the cold weather crops in the hopes of rain falling. In the sudder sub-division the weather has been cloudy during the week, but there has been no rain. Heavy dews seem to do some amount of good. The prospect of the cold weather crops is much the same. That sown in the low lands and lands irrigated looks promising, but growth has stopped. More seed has germinated than was at first anticipated. Lands on which paddy has failed are being cultivated, and the sowings of cold weather crops in such lands will go on till the middle of December. Cold weather crop has been sown more than usual in this part of the country.
32 Sarnn, 29th ,. , , ,	Nil	Cool, east and west winds. The prospects are gloomy, but the cold weather crop is still doing well, though rain is much wanted. Sugarcane is being cut and put into the mills. People are being employed on the district local roads, and relief works have been also opened in the town and are affording employment to larger numbers. Prices have slightly fallen.
1 33 Chumparun, 29th " ",	Nil	Weather cool, with west winds. The prospect of the late rice crop is more gloomy than heretofore. There will not be even a 2-anna crop as anticipated last week. Up to date 12 annas of the cold weather crop lands have been cultivated, the seed in half of which has germinated, and the plants on two annas have been destroyed by insects and on four annas the seed did not germinate at all. As yet the young plants are looking healthy, but if it does not rain soon they will die except those on banks and beds of rivers, where there is water-supply available for artificial irrigation.
Monghyr, 29th ,, ,,	Nil	Icavy clouds all Thursday and Friday, but quite clear on Saturday. No min. weather cold. Slight shock of earth-quake on Thursday. Crop as much worse than last week as another week's drought can make it. A small average of hardy cold weather crop like ruhur pulse may live through it, but the rest must shortly perish entirely.
Rhaugulpore, 2nd Dec. ,,	Nil V	ery cloudy from the 26th November, on which day there was a slight shock of earth-quake. No rain. Resping of the late rice commenced. Prospects of the cold weather crops centinue good. Price of rice falling slightly, and new rice in the markets in Banka sub-division sells at 17-8 seers per rupee. Realth of the district very good.
Purneah, 29th Nov.	Nil T	he clouds which were hanging about have cleared away. The reports from the neighbourhood of the Kusi are good. The winter rice has yielded a full crop. The mustard in the south promises well; reports from Arareah are also very favorable. The wheat which has been sown is giving fair promise of coming to maturity. From Kishengungs it is reported that though the wheat and pulses sown have germinated, they are withering for want of rain. Here too the rice crop has been a great failure. The worst part of the district is the east of thannah Kusba Ameor and Kudbah; the winter rice has nearly all failed, and what cold we ther crop has been sown is being attacked by insects. The sowing is not so forward as in other parts. Importation has commenced and prices have suddenly risen.
Santhal Pergunnahs, 29th Nov. 1873.	Nn L	atter part of the week cloudy and consequently great want of dew at night. The aghany or late crop is being reaped in Rajmehal, but no improvement is reported. The cold weather crop will not succeed, if there be no rain. From Deoghar an eight or nine anna crop is still expected, but expertation is continuous. Sudder sub-division—no change.
38 Cuttack, 2nd* Dec. 1873	0-27 W	centher cool, late sarud rice ripening, and early sarud rice is almost harvested. Public health good.
Se So Pooree, 22nd Nov.		enerally hot and dry; 19th and 20th colder, with a few clouds at Khurdah. A little minfall on the 16th November in the southern part, and the sky was cloudy towards north-west on that day. The laghu or second rice crop is still being resped; more than half the harvest has been gathered, the outturn is good. The sarud or late rice is coming on and will ripen shortly; the present state and prospects are fair, and the produce is expected to be an average crop. The cold weather crops are growing well and promising. Prices rising owing to purchases of grain for export to Calcutta and other places. Dengue and intermittent fevers are somewhat prevalent.
40 Bulanore, 29th ,, ,,	1 W	Conther very cloudy. Paddy cutting going on very rigorously. Miscellaneous crops doing well.

Telegram of the 2nd December received on the same day. Shows the rainfall during the asymmetrically preceding.

No. District and date of return.	sinfull Sudder Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at daintheas.
TOMA NAGROUS SERVICE	
South-West Frontier Agency.	
Hazaradaugh, 29th Nov. 1873.	Nil Clear and cloudy alternately; a sprinkling of rain is reported here and there. I material change in the prospects of the crops since hat week. The little rainful will undoubtedly benefit the young cold weather crops, but was insufficient the purpose of getting the land which had not been sown, under cultivative linearis are reported to have made their appearance in some parts of the distribution of
42 Lohardugga , ,,	Nil Cloudy, with rain threatening. Nearly all the paddy has now been cut, and t reports from the district show that the general average for the sudder sub-dission will be shout ten to sleven annas of an average crop. The quantity of last under cultivation for the cold weather crop is much smaller than usual owing the want of rain, and for the same reason what crops there are will be shown from Palamow a general average from four to five annas is expected as regar the rice crops. The prospects of the cold weather crops are bad, not more than four-anna crop being now expected.
43 Singuhoom 22ud ,,	Cloudless sky, days hot, nights cold. There is very little to add to the report of la week. No rain has fellen; but rain now, so far as the rice crops are concerne would be of very little use one way or the other. There are good hopes the most of the low land crops will be saved in Dhalbhoom, Serai Kevla, a Porahaut from the active and energetic measures in course to irrigate artificiall and in the Colehan from the circumstances that a great part of such low has there are are natural low lands, that is the hollows and ravines that carry the drainage of the undulating or hilly country, and such lands will keep sufficient moist till the crops are all cut. Some portions of the more nothern (Colehan pimmediately adjacent to Chaebassa have suffered less than the southern pira. I winter crops are turning out very badly. The kurthi, orid pulses are all more or leaded or dying from want of moisture, and there is very little mustard and surges (oil-seed) this year, whereas other years the district exported oil-seed very largel
Maunbhoom, 29th " SAM and ADJACENT HILLS.	Nil Condy, but no rain. The late rice is now being cut, but it is too soon to be able give a correct estimate of the outturn, it will however most probably average twelve-anna crop which, with the loss sustained in the other rice crop, will redu the yield about half a crop all round. Those villages, however, which have means of irrigating the low lunds have suffered considerably, and distress in the may be expected to show itself abortly. The crops of surgooja (oil-seed) and kurt (pulse) have been better on the Gobindpore than in the sudder sub-division, by the yield will not exceed a four-annu crop all round. The sugarcano has suffer considerably from want of moisture, and will only give an indifferent return. To whent, barley, and potatoes lately planted at present promise well, but will required
45 Goalparab, 22nd Nov.1873	Weather cool, nights and mornings dewy. No change in the prospect. The la rice crop is expected to be an eight-anna one. Harvesting of the late rice as moong crops and ploughing of land for early rice have commenced in an places. Mustard is not getting on well and somewhat injured in Khoontagh by insects. The outling of jute is completed and outlurn fair. A shock earth-quake at 11 P.M. of the 17th instant.
46 Kamroop, late Dec,	Nil No rain fell. In the early part of the week, misty mornings, clear days with concerning the wind and dewy nights. In the latter part, the sky was overcast terico is being reaped in some places, and likely to yield half ordinary outtor Sugarcane and mustard crops progressing favorably. Public health good.
47 Durrung, 22nd Nov. "	Bright days, nights cold, range of temperature high, north-east wind prevailing In the southern portions of the Mungledge sub-division three-fourths of the vice crops are ruined for want of rain. To the north, where the land is irrigued the crops are first-rate. In the centre of the district the rice crop is fair at some of it ready for the sickle. To the east of the district the accounts are the whole unfavorable. Rain wanted; but pulses, mustard, and sugarcane looking well, being favored by the heavy dews. Public health good, with the exception of fevers probably brought on by chills.
48 Nowgong,	Weather seasonable, with very heavy dews at night, and cold foggy mornings. The rice crop now on the ground not so poor or bad as might have been anticipate from the late drought. In several places to the west of the district a full bump crop will be realized. On the whole an average crop may be looked for. The early rice crop reaped and stored in August was a full one, The kalai pulse or now on the ground doing middling, mustard doing poorly, sugarcane doing we and largely cultivated this senson. Tea operations very nearly concluded. General health good.
49 Scubsanger, 22nd ,,	Mornings and nights are cold and foggy, days bright and sunny. No indication rain. The prospect of the rice crop continues the same as before. Harvestin has commenced in a few places. No rain has fallen during the week—a be prospect for the mustard crop.
50 Luckimpore, 22nd	No rain during the week, the middle of the day is still hot, but the mornings are evenings are very coal. The state of the rice crop generally is neither very coal nor very bad. The outturn will probably be about two-thirds of an averagement; there does not appear to be any cause for anxioty. The crop is just commencing to be reaped. The cold weather crops promise well. The report for North Luckimpore is "crops good, taken as a whole; the pulses are not quite good as usual; but the rice, so far as is reported, leaves nothing to be desire except in a few high spots near the Berhampooter, but these suffer more or leavery year." Public health has improved, but fever not yet disappeared.

<sup>.</sup> Telegram of the lat December received on the same day. Shows the yangfall during the assen days immediately received

No	District and date of return.	Bainfull at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of bealth at date.
ASSAM	AND ADJACENT		
61	Naga Hills, 15th Nov. 1873	Nil	Seasonable throughout the district, and everything that could be desired. All "joom" crops have been cut and gathered in, and the outturn in the hills is said to have been a remarkably good one, better by far they have had for years past. The hill "teral" crops are now being cut and promise to give an equally good yield. In the plains, however, pertions of the "pathar" crops have suffered from want of rain, and the outturn is therefore not expected to be even a fair one, still there is no actual apprehension of want anywhere in the district, and in the greater portion of it the yield will be above the average. Fever still very prevalent.
62	Khasi & Jyntesh Hills, 22nd Nov. 1873.	Nil	Fine and cold. The whole of the rice crop has been gathered. The murwah is doing well. Rice just now is plentiful and has been selling this week at a cheaper rate than that of last week, and if there is no failure of crops in the plains of Sylhet, Mymensingh, and Assum bordering on the hills, no scarcity will be felt here. Another food-grain jobstears (corn) is nearly ripe for the sickle, and the yield is not likely to tall short of last year.
68	Garo Hills, 22nd Nev. 1879.	Nu	Much the same as last week except that a few drops of rain fell on Monday morning. The atmosphere has been on some days clear. The few drops of rain which fell in the vicinity of Tura extended over too small an area to affect the crops. The ground is in much the same state as during the past week, viz. dry, dusty, and cracked, such as it usually is in February and March. The cotton, which will be gathered later in the season, must necessarily be deficient in quantity, but in some cultivations the outturn is already said to be fair.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT.,
The 2nd December 1878.

R. KNIGHT,
Asst. Secy. to the Goot. of Bengal.

# Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

			m Och to v. 1873.	om 16th nd Nor.	RAIM	FROM 1ST LRY 1873.	Rumarka.
DITISION.	District.	STATION.	Rain from 15th Nov.	Rain from to 22nd 1873.	Inches.	Up to date.	REMARKS.
BENG.	AL.		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	1873.	1-1-11
	WHETERS DISTRICTS.	TO DE STREET			-		
	Burdwan	Burdwan	Nil Nil Not rec.	Nil Nil Nil	57.53 39.37 46.18	22nd Nov. ditto. ditto	Not received 9th to 15th Nov.
•	Burdwan	Bood-Rood Ranegunge Jehanabad Bancoorah	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	48°90 44°85 43 79 47°27	ditto. ditto. di'to. ditto.	
	Beerbhoom	Scotco	Nil	Nil	53 45	ditto.	
Perdway.	Midnapore	Midnapore Tumlook Gurbetta Contai Dy. Collr.'s Office Exc. Engr.'s Office	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	NII NII NII NII	44:77 47:51 46:35 46:57 51:09	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	1
	Hooghly	Hooghly Serampore	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	88 79 43 13	ditto ditto.	
	Howrah	Howrab	Nil	Nil	46 66	ditto.	
	CENTRAL DISTRICTS.	- 1 - 1/a		4=6			
	24-Pergunnalis	Saugor Island Calcutta Alpore Dispensary Jail Bussoerhaut Baraset Diamond Harbour Barripore Satkherah Barrackpore Dum-Dum	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	NII NII NII NII NII NII NII NII NII	48 63 44 32 46 36 44 31 43 62 40 28 60 64 62 05 47 72 46 97 48 77	ditto.	
PARSIDENCT.	Nuddea	Kishnaghur Hongong Meherpore Choondangah Kooshtosah Ranaghat	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	48'80 42'28 52 41 46'99 34'68 31'51	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	•
	Juscoie	Jeasore	Nil Nil 0'28	Nil Nil Nil Not red. Nil	44·40 68·71 50·26 43·16 55·42 47·70	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. 16th Nov. 28nd Nov.	
	Moorshedabad	Berhampore Ramporehauf City Moorshedabed Jungspore Azingungo Lalgolla	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	31.81 28.71 27.21 36.42 36.38 41.61	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	From 1st Feb.
	Dinagepore .	. Dinagepore	Nil	Nil	49-21	ditto	0.00
EVE.	Maldalı	A TOTAL CALL CONTRACTOR		Nil	27.02	ditto.	- 77
RAJOHAHYR.	Rajshahye	Resulcah Nature	Nil	Nil	82·13 43:78	ditto.	••
8	Rungpure	Ringpore	lik .	Nil Nil Nil	41.26 47.28 82.79	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Bograb .	Bograh	Nil	Nil	36:74	ditto.	
	Pubna	Pubna Sernjgunge	Nil Nil	No.	43 18 35 26	ditto	Not. rec 26th Oct. to 1st Nov.
	Darjeeling .	Darjeeling Telegraph Office					
B BEHAR.	Julp gove	Julpigoree Fellacotta Bodah	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	88:20 100:30 00:07	22nd Nov. ditto. ditto.	Carre
Coocs		Goods Behar	100	Nil	115.29		2, 12
	Bhutan Dwars	Buxa	- Nil	Nil	176-86	dittos	Maria Control

		Garage	frem 9th to 15th	from 15th gand Nov.	RAIR	PROM 187 SABY 1873.	Danies
DIVINOR.	District.	Station.	Rain fro	Rain fre to 22, 1873.	Inches.	Up to date.	RBMARES
BENG	Al,-(Continued.)	0.5	Inches.	Inches.		1873.	100
- (	BASTERS DISTRICTS.  Dacon	Dacca Telegraph Office Hospital	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	61°30 59°22 63°47 48°86	23nd Nov. ditto. ditto.	. 173
.	Furreedpore {	Manickgunge Furreedpore Goalundo	Nil Nil	Nil	50°55 42°08	ditto.	101
DACCA.	Buckergunge	Burricanl Perozepore Madaripore Patocakhally Dowlat Khan	Nil 0:30 Nil 0:18 Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	60°61 56°29 60°35 90°02 100°76	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto.	
DA	Mymensing {	Mymensing	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	61:39 48:69 44:11 67:94	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto.	
	Sythes	Sylhet	Nil	Nil	126.79	ditto.	
- {	Cachar {	Cachar Hylakandy Koyah	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	102 86 88*25 86 62	ditto. 15th Nov. ditto.	113.15
٢	Chittagong {	Chittagong Telegraph Office Cox's Bazar	Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	84.60 85.44 159.47	22nd Nov. ditto. ditto.	10-10-13
NG.	Noakhally	Noakhally	Nil	Nil	116-76	ditto.	- 15
CHISTAGGNG.	Tipperalı {	Comillah 1 Brahmanbariah	Na Nil	Nil Nil	72·20 58·33	ditto.	
Can	Chittagong Hill Tracts	Rungamatee Hill	Nil	Nil	73.35	ditto.	1,000
	Hill Tipperah	Hill Tipperah	Nil	Nil	57:67	ditto.	A PARTY
BEHA	Patna	Petna Febar Barb Pinapore {Jail Cantonment	Nil Nil Nil Nil	NII NII NII NII	30'49 38'14 33'30 34'16 34'75	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	
	Gya	Nowadah	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	35°81 41°03 33°04 38°73	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	- 1
PATEA.	Shababad	Arrah	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil	37·79 34·08 22·23 36·71	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
P.4	Tirhoot	Mosufferpore Du bhangah Hajsepore Mudhubani Sestamarea Tojpore	Not rec. Not rec. Not rec. Not rec. Not rec. Not rec.	Not rec. Not rec. Not rec. Not rec. Not rec. Nil	20.03 34.46 35.86 27.61 37.10 81.11	8th Nov. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. 22nd Nov.	Not rec, 9th to 15th Nov.
	Sarun {	Chaprah Sowan	Nil Nil	Nil	83.88 83.50	ditto.	
	Champarun {	Motochari Bettiah	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	41.04 32.60	ditto.	
-	Monghyr {	Monghyr	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	88-23 86-96 43-09	ditto, ditto. ditto.	
urbons.	Bhaugulpure	Bhaugulpore Soopool Madheypoorah Banka Sanborsa	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	29.48 26.73 34.64 36.49 27.45	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
N C O	Purneab {	Purneah	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	39:86 37:69 36:00	ditto. difro. ditto,	
BR	{	Deoghur	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	44.94 34.27 23.00 25.24	ditto. ditto ditto	Not rec. let June to 5th July From 15th June and not re gorded Blot Sept. to 4th (let
. (	southal Pergunushs	Nya-Doomka Godda	NII	Nil Nil	83°00 58'81	ditto.	Continua pres deps. so sen toet

	Dietricr.			m 9th to v. 1673.	om 16th		PROM 167 ARY 1873.	Pan-
	District.	STATION.		fain from 8 15th Nov.	Rain from to 22nd 1873.	Inches.	Up to date,	Ramanns
ISS	۸.	State Land Control	1	Inches.	Inches.		18/3.	
1	Cuttack	Cuttack { Telegraph Office Hospital Jajipore Kendrapara Jugutangpore False Point	***	Nil Nil Nil Not ree. Nil	Nil Nil Nil Not rec. Nil	39:50 87:93 85:38 67:60 41:38 67:85	22nd Nov. ditto. ditto. ditto. lat Nov. 23nd Nov.	
	Pooree {	Pooree Khurdah	000	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	55.09 48 93	ditto.	
1	Balasore	Ralasore  Bhuddruck  Jellasore  Sorah  Chandbally	***	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	47°87 35°48 48°76 36°58 86°25	ditto. ditto ditto ditto ditto	From 1st April. Ditto.
	Cuttack Tributary Mehala	Sambalpore	***	Not rec.	Not rec.	81.25	25th Oct.	
	CHOTA NAGPORE.				7	254		
	SOUTH-WRSTREN PRONTIER AGENCY.	3 1	Ø.	0		1.3	35	
	Hazareobaugh {	Haznrochaugh { Jail Dispensary Pachumba		Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	59.04 58.91 51.80	22nd Nov. disto. ditto.	
	Loharduggah {	Ranchee Palamow	000	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	49'95 39'08	ditto.	
	Singbhoom	Chyobasea	000	Nil	Nil	38-54	ditto.	
	Maunbhoom {	Purulia	940	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	40.70	ditto.	
	ASSAM & ADJACENT HILLS.	Crobind pore	***					
	Gonlparah {	Goalparah	***	Not rec.	Nil	68-21	ditto	Not received 9th to Nov.
	Katuroop {	Phochree Burpettah	***	Not rec. Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	91:43 40:11 70:78	ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Durrung {	Tezpore Mungledye	***	Nil Nil	Nil Nil	65.89 53.00	ditto.	
	Nowgong	Nowgong		Nil	Nil	70-61	ditto.	
	Scobsaugor {	Rechauger Golaghat Jorchaut Nascerah		Nil Nil Nil 0'15	Nii Nii Nii	78·71 66 79 69·52 75·27	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	
	Luckimpore {	Debrooghur North Luckimpore Suddya	***	Nil Nil 0.08	Nil Not rec. Not rec.	90°94 101°55 83°19	ditto. 16th Nov. ditto.	
	Naga Hills	Samoogoodting	100	Not rec.	Not rec.	43'74	sth Nov.	
	Khasi and Jynteah {	Shillong Jaowai Cherrapoonjee	000	Not rec. Not rec. Not rec.	Not rec. Not rec. Not rec.	53:37 74:49 293:84	ditto. nitto. ditto.	
	Garo Hills	Tura		Nil	ND	85.33	22nd Nov.	-
		Benaros	000	Nil Nil	Not rec.	303.60 38.83	15th Nov. 22nd Nov.	

CALCUTTA,
The 29th November 1873.

H. F. Blanford, Meteorological Reporter to the Govt. of Bengal

## Meteorological Telegraphic Report for the period 23rd to 29th Nov. 1873.

	1- 6-5	1	Barometer	Barometer	Тивимо	MRYRE.	Humi-	Wini	1. 4			Weather
STATION.	liste.	Hour.	reduced to	son level.	Dry.	Wet.	lity 8nt.	Direction.	Velocity.	Rain.	Clouds.	initiala
Calcusta.	25th 25th 25th 27th 28th 28th	10 16 10 10 16 10	30'087 20'061 30'077 20'957 30'100 20'978 30'100 20'975 30'040 30'048 20'899 30'015 20'899 30'015	30-105 29-979 30-095 20-075 30-118 20-095 20-093 30-063 20-063 20-063 20-063 20-083 20-980	76 0 80 0 78 3 82 1 78 2 82 3 77 6 80 8 72 4 77 6 72 0 71 0 70 4 72 0	68 67·5 7·3 70·2 68·2 68·4 67·5 68·3 68·2 68·2 68·4 05·8 05·0 66·3	64, 49 64 63 67 45 69 71 69 62 72 73	ENEENEEDYSEENEENENEENENENENENENENENENENENENENENE		0.03	08 0 c 0 c 0 c 0 c 0 c 0 c 0 c	0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Saveon Island.	24th 25th 26th 27th 28th 28th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	30-164 30-053 30-153 30-059 30-167 30-059 30-078 30-078 30-105 29-983 30-035	30 170 30 650 80 168 30 005 30 173 80 005 30 188 50 093 30 189 30 767 30 111 90 980 80 038	75 80 78 82 70 83 76 70 75 75 73 73 73	68 67 67 71 69 70 66 71 69 66 66 66	68 47 53 56 68 49 56 65 80 68 67 67	N N E W N E N N E N N E N N E N N E N N E N N E N N E N N E N N E N N E N N E N N W	6.3 9.8 5.1 6.8 8.0 6.3 9.5 6.6 7.1 5.8 9.4	         	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	b, m b, v c, v c, m c, v c, m
Chirragong.	Nov. 23rd 24th 26th 20th 27th 28th	10 10 10 10 16 10 16 10 18 10 18 10	30·010 20 90·3 26·914 30·013 20·914 30·016 20·960 20·966 20·966 20·805 20·805 20·806 2	307103 29 004 307007 307007 307007 307007 29 906 307110 30705 3070	78 83 76 81 75 83 74 81 81 80 80 75	71 74 71 74 70 68 69 74 73 68 74 73	69 68 77 70 70 42 76 70 66 48 74 70 81	W N W N W N W N N N W W N N W	5-5 8-3 4-2 6-5 4-6 8-1 4-2 3-5 3-3 5-6 3-9 5-5 5-6 3-2		C C C C K, CK, C C, CK CK, K OK, KS N C, K CK, KS KS N	\$\delta, \text{ pp} \$\delt
Manaas.	Nov. 22nd 23rd 24th 25th 29th 27th 28th	10 10 10 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	30 085 20 923 30 087 30 007 30 007 20 808 29 005 29 005 29 005 20 920 20 820 20 910 20 910	30'086 90'813 30'087 20'877 30'047 20'977 30'047 20'98 30'025 29'931 20'88 29'930 29'940 20'940 20'940 20'940 20'940	77 70 76 79 79 79 79 77 77 75 75 78	7.3 7.5 7.8 7.3 7.1 7.5 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.6 7.8 7.8 7.1	81 82 90 73 69 69 82 77 90 90 85 90 86 90	N W by N N N W N N W N by E N by W N E by N N E by N N W by N N by W	11 9 9 16 12 16 13 16 7 14 13 15 15 15	2·42 0 01 0·43  0·12 0·01 0·63 0·19 0·93  0·30 0·05	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	cloudy.
Corracs.	Nov. 23rd 24th 25th 20th 27th 28th 29th	10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 18 10 18	30 027 20 000 20 806 30 007 20 803 30 000 20 929 8002 20 927 20 930 20 927 20 930	30:110 20:902 30:003 20:078 30:000 29:975 30:002 30:012 30:008 30:011 30:068 20:018 30:011 20:088	76 83 75 81 78 88 77 77 70 73 72 73 73	66 65 68 68 70 66 68 67 69 68	56 35 59 38 57 49 63 60 84 80 76 71	NN E NN E NN E NN E NN W N W N W N W N W	0.8 3.2 0.7 4.3 0.0 4.4 1.3 4.6 0.8 0.7 0.2 1.6 0.4 3.1	010 010	C CS CS CS KS, C C, KC N N N N C N, C N N N N C N C N N C N C	6 6 6 6 6 6 d
Agras	Nov. 23rd 24th 25th 26th 27th 28th	18 18 10 14 10 16 10 16 10 16 10 16 10	20 650 20 910 20 910 20 910 30 925 20 910 30 27 20 901 20 652 20 901 20 652 20 907 20 905	\$0°674 21°085 20°087 20°087 30°087 30°087 30°088 30°08 30°08 30°08 30°08 30°08 30°08 3	80 83 78 83 79 81 81 81 81 83 79 80 80 81	73 76 72 74 74 74 76 76 76 76 77 78 76 78	70 67 73 66 69 70 70 70 78 78 77 74 74	NEWSWNENE NEWSWNE	1.2 2.8 1.8 4.5 2.5 4.6 2.5 4.8 1.0 6.1 2.1 3.1 1.4	00 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1		6

The 29th November 1873.

H. F. BLANFORD,
Meteorological Reporter to the Government of Venyal.

### NOTE ON THE RAINFALL OF OCTOBER.

The rainfall was deficient everywhere except on some parts of the coast of the Bay, the chief exception being False Point, where there fell nearly 8 inches more than the average. In Behar and the North-Western Provinces there was no rain, and such was also the case at Goalpara and Darjeeling. Cachar alone received an average quantity, and Chittagong about two-thirds of its average. At all other places the fall varied between one-half and nothing. In most parts of the delta the total fall of the month did not amount to half an inch.

In Bengal Proper and Orissa, the winds were northerly to an unusual degree, while in Behar they were from the west and somewhat southerly. At Roorkee the prevailing wind was from south-east to a greater extent than usual. Generally the atmospheric pressure was higher than is usual in October, and most so at those places at which it was above the average in the previous month. At Roorkee, however, it was considerably below the average, and such was also the case at Cuttack, and to a less extent on both coasts of the Bay, probably therefore over the Bay itself. On the whole there was a general rise of pressure over Bengal, while the irregularities in its local distribution noticed in September reinained but little modified. This persistence of local-barometric irregularities has been before noticed\* as a characteristic of Indian Meteorology, and affords a partial explanation of another apparent law of some importance, viz. that any abnormal peculiarity that marks the beginning of a monsoon season generally continues to characterize it throughout. The following table gives a complete view of the wind, rainfall, and pressure at several stations.

1.3	Se.	TIONS.			Panne	URM.	W	IND.	RAINP	ALL.
1	DIA	TIONS.			Average.	Diff.	Average.	1678.	Average.	Diff.
Port Blair Madras Akyab False Poin Cuttack Saugor Lel Chittagong Calcutta Burdwan Jessoro Dacca Silchar Hazarochet Berhampos Gya Patna Wonghyr Darjeching Joshpara Benares Dehra Barcilly Agra Lucknow Lornekpore Lansi Ljmere Loorkeo	and		100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	60	29·700 -850 -846 -852 -821 -827 -755 -840 -29·832 -29 817 -778 -27·548 -20·769 -604 -656 -23·391 -20·428 -606	011049021010047 +-014 +-035006006001 +-012 +-064 +-035068	10 SE by E 21 N E by E 30 N E 4 E 6 E by N 7 N N E 13 N W by W 3 S S E 4 W N W 13 N N E 4 N by E 43 S S E 4 S 27 W N W 27 W 8 N 28 N W by W 7 S E by S	49 S & E 39 N W by W 15 E by 8 71 N E by N 40 N N E & E 54 N E 97 N W 62 E by N 63 N N E 25 N 10 E S E & E 63 N W by N 26 N & W 4 N N W 20 W S W 24 W 18 W S W 41 E N E 72 W & S	13.7 13.1 12.5 70 6.3 6.8 6.4 6.8 8.3 3.6 6.1 2.0 8.8 8.1 8.3 1.9 0.7 1.2 0.5 2.1 4.7 1.8 0.2 0.7	-2' +11 +74 -31 -7' -2' -5' -5' -5' -5' -5' -5' -5' -5' -5' -5

Asiatic Society's Journal 1870, Part II.

HENRY F. BLANFORD, Meteorological Reporter. Results of the Meteorological Observations taken at the Surveyor-General's Office, Calcutta, from 22nd to 30th November 1873.

		oter.	Tns	BMOMI	TER.	371		dew	humidity.	Wind	0.				
Hanth.	Date.	Mean reduced barom	Highest reading.	Lowest reading.	Mar. solnr radi-	Mean dry bulb.	Mean wet bulb.	Computed mean point	Mean degree of hum	Feeralling direction.	Mar. pressure.	Daily relocity.	Rain.	Moon's phuses.	General Rumaure,
Nov	ggnd	Inches. 80:027	82.4	66.2	129.4	73.0	65 3	691	0.63	N E	Lb.	Miles 116'8	In.	1	Cirri, cirrostrati, and clear. Slightly loggy from Mid-
	23rd	.023	81.0	65.5	130.0	72.6	65.4	59.6	*65	NE&ENE		136.2	1.01	***	Clear and cirrostrati.
	24th	.013	84.5	65.8	134.0	74:9	67.5	62.8	*69	ENE&E		78.7		44.	Slightly foggy at 11 p.m. Clear, circi, and circonvati. Slightly foggy at Mid-
1 - 1	25 h	-034	84.2	66.0	136.0	74.5	67.3	62.3	*67	EAENE	***	841		***	night. Clear and cirri. Slightly
	90th	.031	83.8	67.8	128.0	75'0	67-2	61.7	*65	ENEAN		133 1			foggy at 11 P.M. Cirri and cirrocumuli, Slightly foggy at Mid- night.
	27th	.008	78.5	69:7	112.0	78.7	67.0	62.3	*69	N by W & N		96.2	***	)	Overcnat. Drizzled at
	28th	29-951	75.6	69.0	100.0	71.1	65.3	60.0	.68	NNE, NA	4.	113.4	0.01	0.0	11 P.M. Chiefly overcast. Drizzled
	goth	.077	73.2	65'0	4.6.4	69.4	65.2	61.8	.78	E by N E by N		84.0	0.09		after intervals. Overcast. Drizzled after
	30th	30.034	74.6	64.3	93.0	0.69	65.0	61.8	.79	Variable.	***	76°2	***	***	intervals. Chiefly overcast, Slightly foggy at 7 P.M.

The mean barometer, as likewise the dry and wet bulb thermometer means, are derived from the twenty-four hourly observations made during the day.

The dew-point is computed with the Greenwich constants. The figures in column 10 represent the humidity of the air, the complete saturation of which being taken at unity. The receiver of the lower rain gauge is 1½ feet, and that of the anemometer 70 feet 10 inches above the level of the ground. The velocity of wind, as indicated by Robinson's anemometer, is registered from noon to noon.

A THE STATE OF THE	Θ
The extreme variation of temperature during the past nine days	20.3
The maximum temperature during the past nine days	84.5
The maximum temperature during the corresponding period of the past year	83.4
The mean humidity during the past nine days	0.69
The mean humidity during the corresponding period of the past year	0.71
	Inches.
by lower rain gauge	0.18
The total fall of rain from 22nd to 30th by anemometer gauge	0.05
Ditto ditto ditto, average of nineteen previous years	Nil
Ditto ditto between the 1st January and the 30th November	44.45
Ditto ditto ditto, average of nineteen previous years	69.22

GOPERNAUTH SEN, In charge of the Observatory

The 1st December 1873.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Midnapore Section of the Figh Level Canal for the month of October 1873. SOUTH-WESTERN CIRCLE.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN-48 MILES.

1	1.		ENTER	H  -					ľ																							
			Tollogo.		Rs. As. P.		0 0 0000				-	:	:	***	: 1		1	-	1				:	*	:				-	:	1.878 14 6	
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		Nature of traffic.				loon	Irrigation Works							******	*******					: 3	*******	******			00000		****	******	•			
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AND MATERIALS	APPROXIMATE	Weight	of cargo.	Wannada	- Thomas	400	:	:	:	: :				1	-			•	:	:			1			1		-	:	Ann		
STORES AND		Nature of				Iron stores	:	•			***	:			: :										2							
97	To aim	od to a	Mamber Bibra				L				:	:	**	:	: :		:	:	1	:	-	1				:	1	-	i	1-	1	
		Tollage.		Rs. A. P.		200	000	*	10		10		2 %		101	0	18 13		Œ	0 0 28	61 8 0		70 8 07	1	184 8 0	652 11 0		- 1		1,947 8 8	I	
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FFIC.	TOTAL, EXCLUSIVE	EMPTY BOATS.	Maunds.		10 002	3,700	10.03	7.495	6,976	9,680	00/2	6,125	16,725	8,925	7,950	0000	10.900	3.550	1,660	7,200	8,320	A 150	Loca 77	(43,06-1	No. 11.610	(76,326)	-			145,125		- 4 - 12
LOCAL TRAFFIC.	MATE	Value	carso.	Re	0 654	30,438	31	6,418	16,315	20.300	90 4 20	7.640	0.963	0.38,01.5	92.550	1000	S.S. (W.N.)	92,500	2,650	000	017'07	404	1.085	-	-	****			1	3.84,633	-	
LOC	APPROXIMATE	Weight	cargo.	Mounds.	6.078	1,333	880	8,679	0 0000	1110	R 074	-	-	77	2,5%0	2 0		623	020	3,490	Oran D	Lees	-	-	-		:		-	67,700 is		Ton Gan
		Nature of cargo.	Marine A		Coal	-	-	1 Blitter and Lane	-	11 Metal		~	Paddy and rice	Free-goods	G Garden aradaca	Fortery Product	Salt	e selk and indigo	S Jute	19 Tolores	-	O Sand	9 Rafts of timber.	S Emply bate	P. Ladser, gers	African II was	roverne and a	15 Police Ponts		2 Total for corres-	the vent	
	beater	30 200	mu %		CI	ped	6		10		T	23			2 3	CI	7	-		N. F.				60	1,27	:		177	-	2,46		400

N. B. - Tonnage shown above is of the boats not of estgo.

# PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT, IRRIGATION BRANCH, BENGAL.

Siziment showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Hidgelles Tidal Canal for the month of October 1873.
Lenoth of Canal Orive—29 Miles.

Approximate   Control		i
COCAL TRAFFIC.   STORES AND MATERIALS POR IRRIGATION WORKS.   Column   Co	8,150 8 8	1,037 8 9
DOCAL TRAFFIC.   STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS   Alivers of Carlos and Car	2,11,58 12,1	88,507
DOCAL TRABETC.   STOCKES AND MATERIALS POR TRRICATION WORKS.   Total transfer of T	18	3,256
Approx.   Experience   Experi	1,20,119	98,630
DOCAL TRAFFIC.   STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.   STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRICAL STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.   STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRICAL STORES A	87,920	40,356
TOTAL TRAFFIC.   STOCHES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.   Total burner   T		
TOTAL TRAFFIC.   STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.   STORES AND STORES A	1813	641
Approxit	0 0 09	8 4 6
TOCAL TRAFFIC.   Approximate of Experiments of Manufest   Total   Approximate of Experiments of Manufest   Total   T	01	508
TOCAL TRAFFIC.   Approximate of Experiments of Manufest   Total   Approximate of Experiments of Manufest   Total   T	8135	00
TOCAL TRAFFIC.   Approximate of Experiments of Manufest   Total   Approximate of Experiments of Manufest   Total   T	0,570	202
TOCAL TRAFFIC.   Approximate of Experiments of Manufest   Total   Approximate of Experiments of Manufest   Total   T	2,200	840
Approxit	826	22
Approxi-	-	
LOCAL TRAFFIC.  Approxi- Efficients of Ton	101	04
LOCAL TRAFFIC.  Approxi- Troyal, Troya	3,091 6	1,033 8 3
LOCAL TRAFF  Approxi-  Toyla	0.5	84,199
Approxi- App	-	3,238
	-	\$0,676
# ~ 6 7 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	-	92,79
Manager Manage	67,008	49,280
Nature of Cargo.  24 Straw Eahnns  1 Norden doors  2 Chattery No.  2 Chattery No.  3 Control  3 Control  4 Norden  5 Control  5 Control  6 Norden  6 Norden  1 Reme plakes  2 Chattery  2 Chattery  3 Chattery  6 Norden  1 Reme plakes  6 Norden  1 Reme plakes  6 Norden  1 Reme plakes  6 Norden  6 Norden  6 N	Total for corresponding month	680 last year

# ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Kendraparah Canal for the month of October 1873.

			1 1 1			_	.0						-	-
	8	-	A. P	6.0		6 10		-					4	00
_	Tollage		Rs. 1	801		600			: :				1,152	808
	ilongo.	Lon m		2 484 85,248		19.828		1		: :	: :	::	112,7421	90,940
F	to.	nnoT	-	2,044		2501	1	11		: !	::	: :	2,020.1	176
ABSTRACT	of traffic.	Value	Rs.	2,59,2v8	Ų,	129	:	11			0 0		2,38,3*3	1.95,029
	Nature of traffic.		= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	49 Localtraffe, paid	frr. Wores.	18 Local traffic			. 1	11	1 1	* * *		
	er of bonts.	Zumb	11	6.4	-51	227		: :	11		!!	::	87.8	253
B	Tollage.		Re. A. P.	63 53	900	-	1		0	65 10 0	100	0 8 118	9,80 8 10	174 10 0
LS FOR	-ognofi	m noT	T	1,100	7 4 1	A KGR		ı		: :	11	19,524	24,410	9.131 174
WORL	AL, SIVE NASE IPT IR.	Tons	7	87.		- 6				1 1	: 1	473	763	373
MAT	TOTAL, RECLESIVE OF EMPTE BOATS.	Abla.	1	1,048	1,186	90.10	0,11	Ť		-	6,08	13,224	21,403	932 10,463
RES AND MATERIALS IRRIGATION WORKS.	Tiniato value	Appro	Re.	113	11	: 001			19	0/0/6	270	5,243	6,379	962
STORES AND MATERIALS IRRIGATION WORKS.	Nature of cargo.		LOCAL TRAPFIC	Stones Bricks	Passenger	- Andma	-	TRAPIC.	Firewood	Passengers 12	Empty		-	-17
	es of boats.	Sumb		-	00 03 1	1	01			N 10		30	38	14
DARD.	Tollage.	- 1	Rs. A. P.	-	4000		9 09 9	-			9 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		831 4 4	45.4
SEA BOARD.	.ogseli	Ton m	-	÷ ;	: :	1 1	1 1	: :	: :	::	: :	9	85.8.88	7.8.550
AND	80 E.	Tone.		::	11	II	: :	11	: :	: ;	::	1	8,04	127.
TTACE	TOTAL, EXCLUSIVE OF FOUNDER OF EMPTE BOATS.	Mds.		19,947	69,03		5,948	3.3.4	6,545	7,386	1.971	1	67,239	49.709
EEN CI	enlav etami:	Approx	Rs.	9,023	3,170	1,453	6,903	788	22,190	1,45,790	: :	185	2,39,298	1 80.643
TRAFFIC BETWEEN CUTTACE AND	Nature of		1	Paddy	Salt	Cocoanuls	Rice	Bags	Castor seeds	Spices	Passengers 37	Bamboos 16,350		5 - 5 - 50
II	senod lo re	Numbe			MO:					14	101	Rafts 12	289	104
	Tollage.		Re. A. P.	03 00 ent	113	400	o on	200	0 8 0		\$ :	11	80 7 8	0 21 08
	leage.	im sol		102	418	200	15 6	1,000	1	: :	::	3 3	2,484	200 %
TC.	OTAL, LUGIVE SWEATE SATE.	AnoT		77.0	9.9		21 ==	li :	i	::	::	111	113	100
LRAF	TOTAL, RECLUSIVE P TOWNAC OF EMPTY BOATS.	Mids.	111	166	N S	308	15	1,316	- 8	11			3,158	1
LOCAL TRAFFIC.	onley otheri	Approx	Ro	00 10	1,910	3	00 0	eo : .	60	: :	1	11	3,713	000
77	Mature of			A Padily	S'als	l Piantain	1 Tunbers	Faupty 250	Timbers 6	: 1			16	Receipts for cor-
	and lo s	WILLIAM ST	1					A. C.	25	-	1 3	1 1	14	to Co

ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement shoring the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Brahmines Division, High Level Canal, for the mouth of October 1873.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN-37 MILES.

13.	15 N	a: or   o  'o
T.	Tollage.	146 s 146 s 2 s 2 s 2 s 2 s 2 s 2 s 2 s 2 s 2 s
-	Ton mileage.	8,0058 11,8078 3,706
H	Tonnage.	10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
ABSTRACT	Value of Traffic.	R4. 1,385 0 0 234 0 0 
	Weight	8007 8,151 8,779
F	Nature of traffic.	Chandine
	,03 and	
	To redund.	F 000 000 F 8
RES.	Tollage.	E. A. S. C.
ION WO	Ton milense.	2.59 9 9 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
IGAT	L, OF US OF COATS, TOBS.	1134 64.9. 1134 1134 1134 1134 1134 1134 1134 1134
ND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.,	TOTAL, EXCLUSIVE OF TORRAGE OF EMPTY BOATE, Maunds, Tone.	1,453 1,241 1,75 10 4,000 8,184 
CHIALS	Approxi- mate value of cargo.	88. 234 254 270
ID MATI	Approxi- merght of cargo.	8,208
STORES AN	Nature of cargo.	Pirewood  Cill steen Vorta mill Unserviceable store Store Empty
	Number of honds.	2001-440 : :   01 H
	Tollage.	Ta. A. P. P. A. P. P. A. P.
	Ton milage.	914 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92 92
	ATS.	10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
SAFFIC.	TOTAL, BECLUSIVE OF TUNNAGE OF SEEPIT BOATS MAUDIS. TOES	\$27 \$230 \$483 175 67 8(12 11,101 11,131
LOCAL TRAFFIC.	Approxi- mate value of curgo.	88. 217. 217. 210. 210. 210. 210. 210. 210. 210. 210
1	Approxi- mate weight of cargo.	Mds. 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 20
	Nature of	Rice Furniture F
1	Number of boats.	@ 60 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00

# ORISSA CIRCLE.

Statement showing the amount of Traffic and Tolls on the Taldundak Canal for the month of October 1873.

LENGTH OF CANAL OPEN-274 MILES.

	7	OCAL T	LOCAL TRAFFIC		41			STORES AND MATERIALS FOR IRRIGATION WORKS.	MATE	RIALS FO	R IRRIG	ATION	WORK	က်				ABSTRACT.	CT.			
9	APPRO	APPROXIMATE	TOTAL	TOTAL, SXCLU-			sawoq	7	APPR	APPROXIMATE	TOTAL, EXCLU- SIVE OF TON-	XCLU-			.nlac		-	-			7.5	Research
Nature of cargo.	Weight	Value of		BOATS.	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	dr of fts,	Nature of cargo.	Weight	Value of	NAON OF EMPLY BOATS.	RAPLY	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	od lo su	Nature of traffic.	to of one	Vaine To traffic.	Tonnage. m	Ton mileage.	Tollage.	
	cargo.	cargo.	Mannds.	is. Tone.		- 0	Namk er 10		cargo.	cargo.	Mannda.	Tone.			dmuX	1	18 oigh			7-1		
		Re. A.	P			Re. A. P.	-	1 1 1		Ra	-			Re. A. P.	_	1	Re.	Rs. A. P.			Rs. As. P.	
Fnel	•	0 98	0 816	6 114	111	0 12	25	Subble stone	:	260	13,594	4754	1,173	33 7 8	:	0	*,	2	•		I	
000 000	0	0 0	0 81	9173 323	4568	61	60	Plantain shoots	:	*	3.5	14	10	0 1 4	11			11	: :		: : 4	
6,500 Bamboos	•	106 8	:	:		10 6	60	Mortar mills	1	9	1284	40.0	7	0 6 3	-	Local traffic	171	0 00	500	61	0	-
Empty		:	19	512] 181	36}	1 4		1,200 bamboos		08	:	. :	:	1 0 0	8 ::	traffic	i	326 0 0	6783	8,5143,41		
Demurrage of one boat for one day		:	1	- 1		• 0	0 14	Empty		9 0 0	2,654	942	1,8261	6 10 8	111	:::	:::	: : :	111	:::	1 1 1	
Descripto of one	:	171 8	0 1,745	623	508	15 0	88		1	394	16,214	6788	8,5149	43 8 4	6. 47		495	0 8 9	119	9,021 6	56 8 W	
responding nuth, last ye	- :	195 0	0 888	13	67	00	60							:	61		196		13	49	8	

A. J. HUGHES, C.E., desistant Secretary to the Government of Benya in the P. W. D., Irrigation br

The 1st December 1873.

### Weekly Return of Traffic Receipts on Indian Railways.

### EASTERN BENGAL RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 15th November 1873, on 158; miles open.

	0	COACHING TRAPPIC.	MERCHANDI	BE AND MINERAL TRAPPIC.	
12 5 4 1 11	Number of passengers.	Coaching reseipts.	Weight carried.	Rêreipta.	Total traffic recoupts.
CONTRACTOR		Ra. Δ. P.	Mds. Srs.	Re. A. P. & c. d.	E a. d.
oral traffic for the week Or per mile of railway for previous 19 weeks of half-year	27,9%5 177 539,108	20.566 5 0 1.853 4 I 129 15 4 11 18 3 3,40,702 9 6 31,231 5 1	0 240	80,073 18 1 2,756 15 8 190 0 8 17 8 5 7,60,646 18 7 70,661 17 7	4,649 6 1 29 6 8 101,778 6 6
Total for 80 weeks	507,130	3,61,268 14 6 33,116 13 1	2,380,498 16	7,99,630 8 8 73,290 12 9	106,616 6 2
rotal for corresponding week of previous year per mile of railway, corresponding wask of provious year lotal to corresponding date of previous year	33,131} 212 1,045,609	20,463 6 6 1,870 6 130 6 0 11 19 3,34,700 0 8 30,680 16	964 0	46,869 0 10 4,296 6 7 290 7 9 27 9 1 8,53,878 11 7 78,272 4 8	39 8

### CALCUTTA AND SOUTH-EASTERN STATE RAILWAY.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 22nd November 1873, on 28 miles open.

- 1		Ra.	A.	P.	8	ø.	d.	M du.	8rs.	Re.	A.	P.	£	8.	d.	2	a.	4
fotal traffic for the week	7,904	1,059	0	0	108	16	0	10,379	0	877	0	0	87	14	0	148	10	3 1
or per mile of railway	2115	88	0	0	8	16	0	871	0	18	8	0	1	7	0	· 8	5 8	8
For previous So weeks of half-year	98,278	15,970		0	1,597	0	0	359,418	0	11,899	0	0	1,189	4	0	3,786	Lig	. 6
Total for El weeks	1,06,272	17,028	0	0	1,702	16	0	860,797	0	12,269	0	0	1,226	18	0	2,929	1	
total for corresponding week of newtons year	7,617	1,059	13	0	105	19	8	94,155	8	- 817	10	0	81	15	8	187	1	4 1
rer mile of railway, corresponding week of previous year	208	57	14	0	- 8	15	8	863	0	29	8	0	. 2	18	5		1	6
Total to on responding date of pre-	109,436	17,118	8	1	1,711	4	4	265,609	17	8,269	16	9	885	19	11	2,687	7	6

### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY-MAIN LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 22nd November 1873, on 1,280 miles open.

	-		-					90.1 0	1		99 1					-0.0	
T-tal traffic for the week Or per mine of rankway	104,950	1,73,970 135	Δ. 6 14	100	15,947 18	5 9			_	81		44,000 1 84	8. d		89,944 4n 1		9
For previous 20 weeks of half-	2,122,961	27,00,817	10	0	254,640	19	0	12,752,888 80	86,40,598	8	0	517,004	5 1	1	773,704	6 1	11
Total for 21 wnoku	2,229,941	29,73,768	0	8	272,597	4	9	13,602,494 0	61,20,608	0	9	561,065	8 1	9	833,652	8	0
Tulas for corresponding week of previous year.  P.r. muse of ratiway, corresponding	118,755	1,82,833	0		16,759	13	11	640,186 30	8,96,699	1	8	86,386	1	8	63,128 1	6	8
week of previous year	******	142	18	8	13	1	11	*****	809	14	2	* 28	8	20	61 1	0	1
vial to corresponding date of pro-	2,000,052	27,68,340	13	1	253,782	18	1	9,805,324 10	53,29,419	7	9	448,629	9 (	0	742,818	7	7

<sup>\*</sup> Ha. 61,0:3-12 added on account of extimated proportion of freight on food-grains due from Government for this week.

### EAST INDIAN RAILWAY,-JUBBULPORE LINE.

Approximate Return of Traffic for week ended 22nd November 1873, on 223, miles open.

The same of the sa	-				-		
	311-1	Ru. A. P.	& a. d.	Mds. Srs.	Re. A. P.	£ a. d.	£ e. d
Potest traffic or the week	8,367 77,618	27,004 8 6 125 4 1 2,06,260 11 3	2,566 2 8 11 9 7 18,907 16 7		81 0 6	1,680 3 A 7 B 7 24,479 4 11	4,226 5 6 15 18 2 5'1.587 U 6
Tolks for 21 weeks	82,981	2.84,200 18, 9	, My478 18 8	922,161 86 3,87,	889 14 0 . 9	16,339 7 11	47,815 6 5
COMPARISON.	1 1-1		1 1	7 .		7 - 21	
Total for corresponding week of previous year	8,639	80.681 18 10	2,799 11 8	46,2 3 10 16,	458 8 1	1,509 9 11	4,506 14 1
her man of railway, corresponding week of previous year		186 9 7	12 10 5		73 9 10	8 15 0	19 5 8
Petal to corresponding date of provinus year	91,000	2,80,041 13 8	22,824 3 4	718,375 0 2,28,	943 15 2	30,528 3 11	48,452 7 8

<sup>•</sup> Ra 610 added on account of calimated proportion of freight on food-grain due from Government for this week.



# SUPPLEMENT TO The Calcutta Gazette.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1873.

### OFFICIAL PAPERS.

Num-Subscribers to the Gazette may receive the Supplement separately on payment of Six Rupees per annum if delivered in Calcutta, or Twelve Rupees if aent by Post.

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Proceedings of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

Saturday, the 6th December 1873.

### Present:

HIS HONOR THE LIEUTENANT-GOVERNOR OF BENGAL, Presiding,

THE Hon'BLE G. C. PAUL, Acting Advocate-General,

THE HON'BLE V. H. SCHALCH, The Hon'ble H. L. Dampier,

THE HON'BLE LORD ULICK BROWNE,

THE HON'BLE C. E. BERNARD,
THE HON'BLE T. M. ROBINSON,
THE HON'BLE RAJAH JOTEENDRO MOHUN TAGORE, BAHADOOR,

THE HON'BLE BAROO DIGUMBER MITTER,

and

The Hon'ble B. D. COLVIN.

### EMIGRATION TO THE LABOR DISTRICTS.

THE HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL moved that the report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend the law relating to the emigration of laborers to the districts of Assam, Cachar, and Sylhet, and to regulate contract labor and service, be taken into consideration in order to the settlement of the clauses of the Bill. The motion was put and agreed to.

THE HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE-GENERAL also moved that the clauses of the Bill be taken into consideration in the form recommended by the Select Committee.

The motion was put and agreed to.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said that the first amendment on the paper stood in his own name. He said one, because, although the amendments were put in a tripartite form, they were really one. Before coming to the specific amendment, he might say one or two words as regarded the general position of the question. On the last occasion he had explained to the Council why it was desirable that this Council should deal with this Bill, and not leave it to be afterwards dealt with by another Council. He might add that the unfortunate scarcity which now prevailed, and the probability that many people would seek relief by emigration, rendered it peculiarly desirable that this Bill should be settled as soon as possible; and, therefore, he was quite sure that he should carry them with him when he asked the Council to apply to it their best energies. We should do what we could to make it a Bill that would really subserve the purposes for which it was intended. Perhaps he was going a little beyond the amendment before the Council; but he should like to allude to another amendment which was at one time upon the paper, but had since been removed. The Bill had now been for a very considerable time before the Council, and we owed to a committee of the Council, who were good enough to bestow upon it great care and great labor, that it had been put into mature shape; it would be, he believed, a great improvement upon the previous law, and also a great improvement upon the Bill as it was originally placed by the Government before the Council. The state of matters was this: -At our last meeting the question of the further amendment of the Bill was narrowed to two or three questions, which he had then submitted to the Council. The first of the proposals, which was then put upon the paper in his name, was that which no longer appeared upon the paper, namely this, that the districts of Cachar and Sylhet should be removed from the list of labor districts, and taken out of the operation of this Bill. Well, he would explain to the Council why we thought it right to give up that amendment. We had consulted the officials, the planters, the coolies, and other persons interested in the matter, and we found that opinions were far from being unanimous. So far as Cachar was concerned, he might say that a great majority of the planting interest were opposed to the entire excision of that district from the operation of the Bill. As regarded Sylhet, he thought the result of our enquiries was that the majority of the limited number of planters interested in that district were favorable to its being removed from the Bill. Still there were planters connected with that district, whose gardens were at remote and difficult situations, who were not in favor of the omission of Sylhet. The Commissioner of the Division, on considering the whole question, had thought fit to recommend that Sylhet should not be removed from the operation of this Bill. Taking, then, into consideration that it would not be possible to give a more prolonged consideration to this part of the question, and that it would be rash to act in this matter in a hurry, the Government had come to the conclusion that the time had not arrived to ask this Council to remove Cachar and Sylhet altogether from the operation of this Bill. His Honor was inclined to believe that things were tending that way. He was inclined to think that, sooner or later, that result might be attained. But in the meantime we did not propose to ask the Council to remove these districts from the operation of the Bill.

His Honor now came to the amendments which still stood in his name. If the Council would allow him, he would take them in somewhat the reverse order in which they stood with regard to the numbering of the sections upon the notice paper. He proposed that Sections 15, 16, and 17, which rendered a penal offence the recruiting of laborers otherwise than under this Act, should be expunged from this Bill. We propose to say—We will no longer send you to juil for recruiting in the ordinary manner and under the ordinary law, and not under the special Act. That was a proposal which he thought no one would object to. The gentlemen of the tea interest would no doubt be content that

they would not be hable to punishment for recruiting outside the law. The result of the simple excision of these clauses would be to render lawful ordinary contracts for labor otherwise than under the Act. But we had considered that, seeing the caution that was necessary before people could be bound down to serve for long periods in countries and under conditions that were unknown to them, it would not be desirable to go so far as that. On a former occasion he had indicated to the Council that we might take for example the plan that had been adopted by the Government of India with regard to a Bill before the Legislative Council of India, with respect to British Burmah. The proposal that was made by the Hon'ble Member in charge of that Bill was that there should be no penal clauses to interfere with free emigration, but simply a clause to provide that no contract shall be binding upon a laborer unless it was made in accordance with the Act. Well, so the matter stood when the question was last before them; but since he had last addressed the Council regarding this Bill, a considerable change had taken place in consequence of the unhappy scarcity which afflicts the country at present, and which threatens to afflict it in the future. As he had said, the Government thought it probable that emigration might take place largely in consequence, and the Government had also indicated a desire to assist emigration as far as possible.

The Government had further suggested that persons who might be assisted to emigrate under this Bill, might fairly be expected to contract for one year, one year being the term for free labor contracts usual in the tea districts.

Accordingly the Members of the Government had decided to propose for the consideration of this Council the clause which stood in his name, and which was as follows:—"No contract to labor in the labor districts for more than one year shall be binding upon an emigrant, unless it is made in accordance with this Act; and no emigrant shall be bound to fulfil any contract of labor upon any estate or portion of an estate which has been declared unfit for the residence of laborers under the provisions of sections 119 and 120." He might explain that the latter part of this section was one which had been added for a reason which he thought the Council would consider very sufficient, namely this, inasmuch as these contracts were made by an emigrant before he reached the labor districts, it would not be fair and just that he should be forced to perform that contract in an estate which had been declared unfit for residence. Therefore, he had no doubt the Council would consider that we

had justly inserted this clause.

Well, then, the only question which really required the full consideration of the Council was this, whether a system of free labor contract outside the provisions of the Act shall be allowed in these labor districts, or not. On that subject we were in the possession of a number of valuable opinions. He thought he might say the great majority of these opinions was in favor of the proposal which he had now submitted to the Council. He admitted, however, that there were some variations in the opinions we had received direct. First, there was the opinion which was received from Messrs. Young, Grey & Co., who looked upon the proposals of the Government as admirable, and would like to see them carried out entirely; then another from Balmer, Lawrie and Co., who took another view, and said—"We think it is desirable to let well alone;" then another gentleman, Mr. S. H. Robinson, who was strongly in favor of the free system of recruiting; then we came to another gentleman, Dr. C. W. Turner, who was of an opposite opinion, and did not think the free system was good. His Honor now came to more important documents, namely, the reports of the Commissioner of the Dacca Division and the Deputy Commissioner of Cachar, and the Magistrate of Sylhet, who had fairly collected and reported the opinions of the planters consulted, the opinions of the coolies consulted, and their own opinions. The result of these enquiries seemed to show that there was a very great majority of opinion in favor of permitting free recruiting. The Deputy Commissioner of Cachar tells us that he finds that in that district "the possibility of carrying out free recruiting side by side with the Coolies' Act is maintained by a large majority of the planters. Very few only have doubts about it."

"9. In the matter of free emigration side by side with an Act, the general opinion of the planters, as far us expressed, is quite in favor of it; and the possibility of carrying it out side by side with the Coolies' Act is maintained by a large majority; a very few only have doubts on the subject.

Many planters characterize it as a great boon, whilst one gentleman of well-known influence informs me that he has always been averse to any special Acts, and is glad that signs are being now shown that before many years we shall see the last of them.

They say of course that certain remote gardens will not be able to use it for the present

to any extent, but that others will avail themselves of the permission largely.

10. At the present moment there are free-recruited men working on many of the gardens; some of them, as the managers state, come up of their own free-will, paying their own expenses; others come up at the instigation of old garden coolies, who, when visiting their homes, and in some cases managers, have recruited outside the Act.

I visited a garden lately where, according to the manager's statement, there was hardly a coolie who had been imported by the garden.

"Now, these men are as healthy-looking and contented a set of coolies as I have seen, and their lines were a model of cleanliness.

In another flourishing and well-managed garden employing over 600 coolies, I found about 360 coolies recruited or re-engaged under the Act, about 140 under civil contract,

and over 100 without any contract at all.

11. In a letter this instant received, the manager of a concern with more than 300 coolies under the Act alone, says: 'I would heartily welcome a system of free recruiting, and further, I believe that free labor is possible working alongside the contract plan, and on this garden as well as on many others there are both kinds.' \*

12. One gentleman alone in alluding to this subject pronounced free recruiting to be (in his case) a failure; he got up some coolies who absconded one by one, he never being able to get an agreement from any of them. Now, this exactly bears out what has been stated by me, for the garden is placed in a comparatively remote part of the district, and not far from Monierkhall, which has had an unfortunate notoriety.

Even this gentleman 'as an experienced planter,' sees no reason why the system, (i.e., allowing free recruiting), should not work side by side and be tried for a time at least.

13. On this point the coolies also were generally of one opinion, viz. that 'free recruiting' should be allowed. One or two individuals said that men could not be brought from Calcutta without an agreement being obtained from them before they started, but almost all who gave an opinion alleged that a large number would come up if the movement once began; and some sirdars stated that if such permissions were granted, they would go down of their own accord, and bring up coolies at their own entire risk, and not for remuneration, only for such coolies as they furnished willing to work on the garden.

\* \* \* \* \*

willing to work on the garden. \* \* \* \* \* 14. My own views suggesting the propriety of free emigration being allowed side by side with the Act, have been expressed before, and the present inquiries fully confirm them, and I have little to add beyond pointing out that transit of coolies under the Act is necessarily more expensive and tedious than that which would result from free recruiting. Under the latter system also men of better physique would be selected, as the present contractors have not that amount of interest in obtaining healthy and strong laborers which a garden or other recruiter would have. Men who were not robust would seldom undertake the journey of their away motion. the journey of their own motion.

Some have proposed as a modification of the above that the agreement should be taken from the coolie on arrival here before the local Magistrate, who would compel its execution

unless the garden was unfit for habitation."

Now that was exactly what we proposed to give, and something more. proposed to say that local contracts made with coolies who had arrived in the district were lawful; and further, that up to the limit of one year the contract may be considered as binding, though made with an emigrant before he reaches the labor districts.

In Sylhet the tendency of opinion was still more favorable to the free system; and as regarded the coolies, His Honor found that the majority of the coolies also wanted to be free, and expressed a decided opinion to that effect, always excepting one especially intelligent cooly who made this sage remark— "What does it matter to us whether there be an Act, or no Act, so long as our bellies are filled." But it was reported that it was perfectly clear that to those gardens where free labor prevailed, the coolies went much more readily.

He thought then that he might say that the opinions of officials, nonofficials, planters, and coolies, were such as to show a very large balance of argument in favor the optional free system. He thought the circumstances under which we were placed by the scarcity rendered it greatly desirable to assist laborers to proceed to the labor districts. And feeling that on the one hand,

it would not be fair to bind them down for too long a term, and on the other hand that if planters were to import coolies they must have some kind of contract to make a fair start. He trusted the Council would consider the amendment he had proposed as a fair compromise. He was sure they would give it a fair consideration, and would decide what they thought best. He would begin, then, by moving to omit sections, 15, 16, and 17, that was to say, the

penal clauses of the Act.

THE HON'BLE MR. COLVIN said that, as he took occasion when the Labor Transport Bill was introduced to offer a few remarks on its general scope and some of its particular provisions, and as he had since had the opportunity in respect to the greater portion of the Bill of urging in Select Committee such alterations and amendments as appeared to him expedient or essential, he need not now occupy the time of the Council for more than a few minutes. But there were one or two general considerations to which he was anxious to draw attention before referring specially to the amendments of the Hon'ble President. He thought the Council would hear him out in believing that the anticipation which he ventured to express when the measure was first brought forward, that it would be found to involve important changes in the existing law, and to re-open the whole subject in the minds of those interested, to produce a good deal of comment and provoke a certain amount of criticism, had been fulfilled; and if at that time he had been somewhat distrustful of the effect of fresh legislation, he was now ready to admit that it had been attended with certain distinct advantages in addition to those which had been then adduced in its favor. For it had brought to bear upon the whole question a quantity of practical information and a number of valuable opinions, which had been of great service in enabling the Select Committee to frame the Bill in the form in which it was now submitted to the Council for consideration; it had also made public the doclared purpose of the Bengal Government to aid and assist emigration to the tea districts, rather than to place difficulties and delays in the way; to encourage the great and growing industry of tea cultivation, rather than to burden it with any new restrictions; and further, it had placed beyond doubt that which had previously been imperfectly understood or believed, that in the great majority of instances, the relations between employers and laborers in the ten districts were consistent with the well being of the latter, and that both on the higher ground of humanity as well as on the lower one of self interest, the care of the cooly was not neglected by the planter, and that the present body of owners of gardens and planters generally might claim credit, not only for energy and enterprise in pushing their trade to its present state of prosperity through many difficulties and disappointments, but also for the strict and honorable observance of the conditions under which it had seemed good to the Government to favor the establishment and extension of the trade.

Passing on to the amendments proposed by the Hon'ble President, Mr. Colvin would say that although he had previously expressed an opinion which had then been shared in by all his hon'ble colleagues on the Select Committee, that complications were likely to arise from carrying out two separate systems of recruiting side by side, he had become on further consideration of the matter and of the opinions submitted upon it, less apprehensive of the effect of omitting the penal clauses of the Act, for he doubted whether the two systems would thereby be brought in practice into such close competition as to produce results inequitable to those who had previously been compelled to recruit solely within the provisions of the Act; that apprehension being thus to a great extent removed, he was quite ready to relinquish the ground of objection and to support the amendments of His Honor; and further he felt that being as they were almost within the shadow cast before the coming of a dreaded event in parts of the province, he could not but acquiesce in an arrangement to facilitate emigration from districts where there was likely to be lack of labor and scarcity of food supplies to places where employment and the means of subsistence were

Comparatively easy to obtain.

The Hon'ble President had explained to the Council why the suggestion for exempting a portion of the labor districts from the operation of the Act had been withdrawn. Mr. Colvin considered from his own knowledge of the

matter, and from the testimony of others, that the experiment would have been in Sylhet desirable, in Cachar doubtful, and in Assam dangerous, and he was quite content that it should be left to some future time to decide when and

where such exemption, if any, should take effect.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said, before he proceeded further, he might notice that the motion went further than it was intended to go. He had described it as removing the penal clauses of the Act. He found, however, that Section 17 went further than that. If the Council would allow him to change the motion. he would so far change it as to move the omission of Sections 15 and 16 only. leaving Section 17 for a separate motion.

The motion was put and agreed to.

His Honor the President said, if the Council would allow him he would put the motion with regard to Section 17 in a somewhat altered form, namely this-Omit the first six lines of Section 17, and the words " period which," and substitute these words:-" A contract registered under this Act." Section 17 would then read in this wise: - "A contract registered under this Act shall in no case exceed the term of three years from the date of the arrival of the emigrant in the estate of his employer in any labor district. Every such contract shall be in the form in Schedule (A) annexed to this Act, and shall be reduced to writing, and shall specify the monthly amount of wages in money, the period of service, the name of the district in which the service is to be performed, and the price at which rice is to be supplied to the laborer."

The motion was put and agreed to.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said, he would now put the question that after Section 8, the new section, of which notice had been given, be inserted. He would read it again :- " No contract to labor in the labor districts for more than one year shall be binding upon an emigrant, unless it is made in accordance with this Act, and no emigrant shall be bound to fulfil any contract of labor upon- any estate or portion of an estate which has been declared unfit for the residence of laborers under the provisions of Sections 119 and 120."

The motion was put and agreed to.

His Honor the President said he would next propose the first clause of the amendment which stood in his name, which was a necessary sequence of the amendment which had just been passed, inasmuch as it was now possible for free laborers contracting under the ordinary law to be conveyed to the labor districts. And as it was at the same time necessary that those emigrants when proceeding to the dabor districts should be subjected to certain sanitary regulations, it was proposed to alter the term "emigrants" so that it would include both emigrants under the law and ordinary emigrants proceeding under the ordinary law. If the Council accepted this proposal, it would be necessary to revise the section of the law relating to transport. When cooles proceeded in large numbers in crowded vessels, it would be necessary to subject them to certain sanitary regulations. If the principle of our present proposal was passed by the Council, we would then proceed to deal with the transport at the next meeting of the Council. The question was—In Section 3, clause 6, definition of "Emigrant," add after the word "recruiter" the words "or other person," and omit the words "and has been registered as hereinafter provided."
The motion was put and agreed to.

THE HON'BLE THE ADVOCATE GENERAL said he had the honor to move that clauses 1 and 2 of Section 125 be omitted, and that the following be inserted after the present third clause: - "Upon complaint made to a Magistrate by an employer, or any person acting on his behalf, that a laborer has deserted from his employer's service, such Magistrate may issue a summons for the attendance of such laborer, or a warrant for his arrest, and appoint a day for the hearing of the complaint without previously examining the complainant." He understood that the Hon'ble Mr. Robinson wanted further time for the consideration of this amendment.

THE HON'BLE MR. ROBINSON begged to say that he received the notice of this amendment only yesterday evening, and it involved an alteration which

was of very considerable importance to planters. He recollected on a previous occasion His Honor having expressed an opinion adverse to the section as it stood; but his memory did not serve him to lead him to suppose that there was any proposal made to alter it. He thought it would be more convenient if the Council would allow the consideration of this change to be postponed.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said he was quite ready to accede to the proposition that had been made, as it seemed to be perfectly reasonable. He might say at once that it was a change in regard to which there was no doubt a great deal of difference of opinion. He found that the great majority of the planters were against a change of this kind, but the great majority of the coolies were in favor of it.

The consideration of the amendment was accordingly postponed.

### POWERS OF MAGISTRATES.

THE HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER moved that the report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend Act XXI of 1856 of the Council of the Governor-General and Act II of 1866 of the Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal, be taken into consideration in order to the settlement of the clauses of the Bill.

The motion was put and agreed to.

THE HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said as this Bill was a very short one, and had been some days in the hands of hon'ble members, and as the object of it was so pressing, that is to relieve the Magistrates of districts at this time of urgency from certain work which could be well done by others, he hoped the Hon'ble President would suspend the rules, and allow him to move that the clauses be considered for settlement in the form recommended by the Select Committee.

His Honor the President said he might mention to the Council that this Bill had its origin in a case in which a Magistrate, being desired to go out into the district to do what he could to assist the people to promote irrigation with a view of saving the crops, represented that he was very much tied down by the fact that petty cases of this kind could be disposed of by him only, and that he could not refer them to any subordinate Magistrate. On looking to this case, we found that it was really so. The Magistrates were very much tied in trying such petty cases, and we thought they should be relieved, and also on general principle that Magistrates of the second class should be entrusted with these cases. Seeing then the pressing nature of this small Bill, he thought he would not be wrong in suspending the rules, and allowing the hon'ble member to proceed with his motion. If any member should suggest any reason for delay he would be ready to give that reason full consideration. In the meantime he would suspend the rules.

would suspend the rules.

The Hox'see Mr. Dampier said he had now the honor to move that the clauses be considered for settlement in the form recommended by the Select Committee. He had simply to repeat what he had said in introducing this Bill to the Council, that in the two laws which were now amended, certain special restrictions were imposed in the trial of offences against the Abkaree law and offences against the Suburban Police law as regards the grades of officers who could deal with them. Really, there was no reason whatever why the powers of Magistrates of different classes should be differently restricted with regard to those particular offences than they were under the general law of the land in regard to offences in general. His hon'ble friend on the left (the Advocate General), was very anxious that professional character should be saved by explaining that both the members of the Select Committee were of opinion that section 2 of the Bill was absolutely unnecessary. They thought that when by section 1 the Council had repealed the two sections of the existing laws which placed special restrictions on the powers of Magistrates as regards these particular offences, they would as a matter of course fall under section 8 of the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Still some might raise the objection that section 8 of the Criminal Procedure Code would only apply to offences punishable under such special laws as at the time when the Criminal Procedure Code was passed contained no distinct provision as to the Court before which the offences were to be tried. It was in order to prevent any objection being raised on this head that the Select Committee

added the second clause of the Bill, which they themselves believed to be nothing more than declaratory of what the law would be if the Bill were to

consist of the first section only.

HIS HONOR THE PRESIDENT said he was quite sure that the opinions of the members who had been good enough to put this Bill in shape in Committee would be quite enough for us; yet he dared say we would not be worse for having assurance doubly sure. He might mention that the effect of the alteration in the form of the Bill which the Hon'ble members of the Committee were good enough to undertake, was to make the scope of the Bill a little wider than the Government had originally intended. The proposal of the Government was to give certain powers to second-class Magistrates, whereas under the general form of the Bill as now put, third-class Magistrates would also have some powers. Still the Government felt that the proposal that was now made was in entire accordance with the spirit of the Code of Criminal Procedure, and as such we should not be wrong in adopting it.

The motion was put and agreed to.

THE HON'BLE MR. DAMPIER said it was strictly according to rule, as no Hon'ble member appeared to have any objection, to ask that this Bill should now be passed in the form in which it was presented by the Select Committee.

The motion was put and agreed to.

The Council was adjourned to Saturday the 13th December next.

# REPORT ON THE STATE OF THE SALT MARKET FOR THE SECOND QUARTER OF 1873-74.

No. 558B .- Dated Fort William, the 22nd November 1873.

From-T. B. LANE, Esq., Secretary to the Board of Revenue, Lower Provinces, To-The Secretary to the Government of Lengal, in the Revenue Department.

I AM directed by the Member in Charge to submit the following report on the state of the salt market for the second quarter of 1873-74, comprising the months of July, August,

and September last.

2. The quantity of salt consumed (i.e., the quantity of total clearances of salt of all descriptions) in the quarter under report amounted to 2,579,340 maunds, against 1,714,507 maunds in the previous quarter, and 2,601,085 maunds in the corresponding quarter of the previous year; and the total amount of duty levied was Rs. 83,82,855, against Rs. 55,72,148 and Rs. 84,53,526 in the previous and corresponding quarters, respectively.

3. The quantity of Government salt sold at the Presidency and Hidgellee under wholesale rowannahs amounted to 4,000 maunds, as shown in the margin, giving a monthly average of 1,333\frac{1}{3} maunds, against 795 maunds in the previous quarter and 1,133\frac{1}{3} maunds in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

4. The quantity of excise salt sold in Cuttack, Balasore, Poorce and the 24-Pergunnahs during the present quarter, from the stock of the different seasons, and the quantity which remained in store at the close of the quarter, are shown in the following table I:—

I.

		CUTTACE	C <sub>o</sub>		BALL	LOORE.		13	P	OOREE.			RGUN-
700	-	danufactur	es of	)	Manufi	sctures of	14	. '	Manul	actures	of	Manuf	holurus
	1860-70.	1870-71.	1871-72.	1869-70.	1870-71.	1671-79.	1872-73.	1869-70.	1870-71.	1871-72.	1872-78.	1871-78.	1872-78.
	Mds.	Mds. 8.	Mds. S.	Mds. 8.	Mds. 8. C.	Mds. 8, C.	Mds. S.	Mds. S.	Mda. 8.	Mds.	Mds. 8.	Mds.	Mds.
Rainnee at alone of last quarter Manufar- tured or add-	9,684°	80,531 14	22,424 10	10,080 21	10,01416 13	26,848 18 18	193,314 (	289 8	706 e	36,995	120,906 20	4,289	17,126
ed during	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	*****	18 0	\$175 87		3951	§40,203 0		
Total	9,554	32,821 14	22,424 10	10,080 21	10,014 16 18	26,348 13 13	93,927	468 0	705 5	87,846	1,70,109 20	4,280	17,126
Danuer- Ration dur- ing the quarter	6,797-50	3,848 0	8,583 0	1,020 0	5,077 10 0	7,789 30 0	15,043 0	465 0	098000	84,888	10,147 0	3,861	8,000
Wastago	461	*****	******	******	*****	00000			8 0	*****	. 20000	*****	******
Total	7,239-20	8,848 0	8,5N8 U	1,020 0	5,077 10 0	7.789 30 0	18,048 (	468 0	8 ,8	84,888	10,147 0	3,851	8,000
Balance at ence of the quarter	2,315-20	28,676 14	13,841 10	9,000 21	4,937 6 13	18,558 23 13	78,885 0		697 0	8,008	159,962 20	438	14,126

It will be seen from the above that the total clearances, or sales, of excise salt during the quarter under review amounted to 99,946 maunds, against 115,797 maund in the previous quarter, and 101,438 in the corresponding quarter of the revious year.

Of the 18,044 manyds is the difference between the quantity estimated as manufactured and the quantity sexually stored.

The difference of 400 maunds between this and the figures shown in the Report for the 1st quarter 1873-74, is owing to revised figures submitted by Collector.

2 Theorem surplus ascertained on clearance of Golahs.

5. The subjoined Table II shows, comparatively, the total importations into the port of Calcutta, and the total clearances of sea-imported salt during the quarter under notice, and the corresponding quarters of the previous two years:—

### II.

Memorandum showing the quantity of different kinds of foreign salt imported and cleared on payment of duty at the port of Calcutta during the 2nd quarter (July, August, and September) of the following years.

		2nd QUARTER	oy 1871-72.	2nd QUARTER	от 1872-73.	2nd Quarter of 1873-74.			
		Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.		
100		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.		
Liverpool Pungah	000	15,49,526	17,74,626	- 14,29,218	18,08,556	10,60,785	18,18,274		
Foreign Kurkutch	000	4,11,274	8,18,936	8,17,176	3,93,878	4,70,017	8,66,311		
Indian ditto	000	1,16,586	2,40,721	2,43,537	2,42,143	8,00,446	2,52,841		
Ceylon ditto	***	= 1	8,116	000 **		******	******		
Total		20,77,364	23,42,899	19,89,928	24,44,677	19,31,248	94,37,426		

6. The following are the details of the Indian Kurkutch salt shown above:—

Memorandum showing the detailed description of Indian Kurkutch.

		-31	2nd Quarte	B OF 1871-72.	2nd QUARTES	ov 1872-73.	SND QUARTE	R OF 1873-74
17794		TEN	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported.	Cleared.	Imported	Cleared.
	Kill :		Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mde.
Curraches lombay Ladras lunore lovelong	404 404 600 604	09.0 09.0 09.0 09.0 09.0 18.0	34,824 65,060 16,680	91,737 85,210 63,774	154,149 62,388  27,000	189,620 72,623	169,110 18,000 97,136 86,200	184,069 69,706 9,066
	Total	100	1,16,664	2,40,721	2,43,537	2,12,113	8,00,446	2,62,841

7. Table IV shews the quantity of sea-imported salt remaining in the warehouses at the close of the quarter, as compared with the results of the previous four quarters:—

### IV.

	100070=10001 Se				
WEERS STORED.	Sud quarter of 1873-73.	3rd quarter of 1872-78.	4th quarter of 1872-78.	lst quarter of 1873-74.	2nd quarter of 1873-74
	Mds.	Mde.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Suikea Government Golabs	11,76,239	18,70,117	17,63,949	19,64,868	11,76,746
Ohoosery Golahs	19,683	5,603	4.64.000	*****	TI
Chittagong Government Golahs	1,08,067	1,51,205	1,28,578	79,381	69,412
Total	13,03,988	18,27,015	18,91,822	44, 930	19,36,166

8. Table V exhibits the despatches of salt from Calcutta by water and the three Railways, passing the several salt pass stations into the interior of the country; both east and west of the river Hooghly, during the quarter

under review, and the corresponding quarters of the previous two years. The quantity carried by the East Indian Railway again shows a large increase:—

### V.

Pa	g10b.		Fid Ballikhal.	Fid Sankrail.	Vid Gewa- khalee.	Vid Kidder- pore.	Vid Bullia- ghatta.	By the East Indian Railway.		By the Cal- cutta and S. E. Railway.
			Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
2nd quarter	1871-72	***	12,97,223	1,86,267	1,01,413	90,094	3,91,108	2,97,363	6,431	84
Ditto	1879-73	***	14,16,740	1,29,890	62,410	96,887	3,90,185	8,16,469	5,436	43
Ditto	1873-74	***	13,25,962	1,30,165	65,934	1,08,331	4,41,068	4,76,543	12,304	*****

The quantity of salt despatched by the East Indian Railway to stations beyond Buxar in the quarter under review amounted to 15,262 maunds, as noted on the margin, against 17,446 maunds in the previous quarter, and 8,111 maunds in the corresponding quarter of the previous year.

9. The shipments of Liverpool salt for the port of Calcutta, according to published market reports, were as follows:—

July August		***		***	Tons. 20,766 28,897
September	100	***		***	20,388
		7 10	Total		70,051

The shipments made during the quarter under report for the port of Chittagong amounted to 571 tons.

10. The market prices per 100 maunds of Liverpool and other descriptions of salt at the close of each fortnight during the quarter, as compared with those obtaining during the same period last year, are shewn in the following Table VI:—

### VI.

DESCRIPTION OF SALT.		Prices on 18th Prices on Slat July			Prices on 15th Prices on 31st August August					on 15th	Prices on 30th September		
David Private Control		1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1879.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873.	1872.	1873
As a manufacture of the second		Rs.	Re.	Re.	Ru.	Ra.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Ra.	Rs.	He.
Inverpool Pungah Prench Kurkutch Jeddah ditto	•	78 70 94	09 71 78	76 62 96	84 68 75	75 82 96	84 65 67	78 79 80	88 65 60	77 79 77	73 80 86	74 08 67	78 44 54
Coylon ditto Scinde ditto Bombay Mitto	000	65 38 61	43	88 59	84	63 88 62	86	63 38 57	36	63 38 66	35	63 88 49	36
Madrus ditto	004	61	65	69	63	60,	03	69	63	66	63	63	61

11. In Table VII are exhibited the total quantities of salt that were available for the private export trade at the several depots in the Madras P esidency on the first day of each of the three months constituting the quarter under report, and the corresponding quarters of 1871-72 and 1872-73.

		VII.		
Months.		1871-72. M ds.	1872-73. Mds.	1873-74. Mds.
July August September	•••	5,39,739 6,76,096 7,81,896	6,23,677 6,18,619 6,50,896	1,83,980 1,00,000 1,00,000

12. The following table shows the quantities of sea-imported salt admitted into bond and cleared from bond and shipboard at Chittagong during the quarter under review, and the corresponding quarter of 1872-73, respectively:—

### VIII.

A CESTIFICATION		ADMITTED !	ито Вонв.	CLNA	amb.
DESCRIPTION OF SALT.		2nd quarter of 1879-78.	2nd quarter of 1878-74.	and quarter of 1872-78.	2nd guarter of 1873-74
	F	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.	Mds.
Liverpool Pungah		48,550	3,980	51,474	36,118
Madras Kurkutoh			15,140	196	1,850
Total		48,550	19,120	51,670	37,968

No transactions in sea-imported salt have been reported for the quarter from any of the Orissa ports.

## INSTRUCTIONS FOR THE GUIDANCE OF OFFICERS ENGAGED IN THE CARRYING OUT OF RELIEF WORKS.

No. 428.—The 6th December 1873 —Notification.—The following is published for general information:—

No. 5718.

Resolution by the Hon'ble the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in the Public Works Department,—(General) Establishments,—under date the 3rd December 1873.

Read again the orders of the Government of India Nos. 248 to 259 I. dated 24th September 1868 with annexures, relating to anticipated scarcity in Upper India, and to measures approved for adoption in time of Famine, which were circulated by endorsements of this Office Nos. 850 to 857 I. of 6th October 1868,—being recorded in Proceedings A of Bengal Government in Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, for October 1868, Nos. 1 to 3.

Read again Notification No. 173 of May 1872, being Rules "for guidance of District Magis"trates and Heads of Departments, District Committees, and Engineers entrusted with
"Local Works constructed from Local, Provincial or Imperial Funds," recorded in Proceedings A. of Bengal Government in Public Works Department, Establishments, for
May 1872, Nos. 1 and 2.

Read Chapter XIII.-A. of the Public Works Code relating to "measures to be adopted in time of Famine."

Read Resolution by the Government of India in Public Works Department, No. 431 B. C. dated 28th October 1873, received in this Office, relative to the undertaking of Relief Works where urgently required in regard to the impending scarcity in parts of Bengal, and also referring to the above mentioned orders of 24th September 1868, and Chapter of the Public Works Department Code.

Read orders of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in the Financial Department (Scarcity and Relief,) contained in Resolution dated 3rd, Circular No. 80 dated 17th and Resolution dated 25th November 1873, relating to the works and measures to be carried out in the Civil and Public Works Departments of this Government for affording relief to people who may suffer from failure of crops in certain Districts.

RESOLUTION.—With reference to Chapter XIII.—A. of the Public Works Code and the instructions issued by the Government of India in September 1868, by which local Officers are now to be guided, subject to difference of practice which local circumstances may render necessary; and in reference to and continuation of the above mentioned Resolution dated 25th November 1873 by this Government in the Financial (Scarcity and Relief) Department, the Lieutenant-Governor is pleased to record the following observations and instructions for the information and guidance of all Officers concerned in carrying out Relief Works in the districts, which have been, or may be designated, Distressed Districts.

1. General organization.—The Commissioner of the Division has general control of all relief measures and works. He must be cognizant of all matters connected with relief, and, unless in instances specially excepted, all communications on the subject of relief from local Officers of every Department, as well as from Civil Officers, should be submitted through him.

(a.) The Magistrate is the local head of all relief measures and works, and will, subject to the Commissioner's orders, decide when works are to be undertaken or discontinued; how they are to be carried out; and whether wages are to be paid in coin or kind, or both. He will also have a general control in regard to the rate of wages, and other such matters. He will, in short, direct all relief operations.

(b.) Relief Works are to be considered District Works and dealt with under the rules published in the Notification No. 173 of May 1872, according to which they will be carried out, subject to any modifications ordered in this Resolution; and all District Works in distressed districts are to be considered Relief Works.

2. Execution and control of works.—The professional control of Relief Works will remain with the Superintending and District Engineers; and under the special circumstances or necessity and want of proper estimates,

which may possibly exist in many instances, it is necessary that these officers should be more than ever active in their supervision. The number of Superintending Engineers will be increased, and large and liberal assistance in Engineers is being granted to districts. The Lieutenaut-Governor will expect that the Relief Works will be very efficiently carried on in every respect.

3. Employment, classification, and tasking of Laborers.—It is to be considered as a condition of employment on Public Works that every person shall

give some labor in exchange for the wages given.

The work-people should be divided primarily into two classes-

I.—Those who can perform a full day's work at the usual rates.

II.—Those who cannot do so.

(b.) Class I. should receive full wages, or payment for full work, and if necessary should be retrenched for short work as usual; but not so as to bring them below the wages of Class II., which they should join if found habitually unable to give the proper amount of work.

Work-people of Class I. should be drafted off to the more important works which it is desired to carry out in the ordinary manner, where they can be under proper supervision, and where the proper amount of work can be ensured from them. This should only be done to the extent to which required for such works, and if there are more laborers in Class I. than there is proper work for, the surplus should be put into Class II.

Class II. will receive mere subsistence wages; but those who can render a tolerable return of work may be tasked, and paid according to the amount of work done. Such tasks must be fixed according to circumstances by the District Engineer, subject to approval by the Magistrate. The amount of the subsistence wages should be determined by the local Officer subject to the approval of the Commissioner with reference to local circumstances, and the result reported to Government in this Department.

(e.) Officers in charge of work-people must consider it a part of their to watch the condition of their work-people, and to bring it to the

Magistrate's notice as necessary.

4. Rate and payment of wages.—The Lieutenant-Governor desires that, as a rule, there shall be but one rate of daily wage in each district or tract for each class of work-people, as already defined. This rate to be fixed, for Class I., at the ordinary rates of the district as at present prevailing. The rates for Class II. will be determined as above explained, but will generally be lower than those for Class I, and can never be higher.

(a.) These rates are to remain fixed; but when the market price of rice rises above 10 seers per rupce, the Government will sell rice or other food to the work-people at not less than 10 seers per rupee whatever may be the current district rate of food. The food will be sold under the rules contained in

Appendix A. of this Resolution.

(b.) Ordinarily the payments on Relief Works should be made daily, especially in regard to Class II. But an interval of two days may be allowable or necessary; and when the times are not very bad, a longer time might, perhaps, be allowed, especially to Class I. On these matters the Magistrate will be the judge, and decide what may be done.

(c.) The payments must be made in the presence of a trustworthy person, and the working parties must be frequently visited by the supervising

officers. This matter of payment must receive special attention.

5. Payment of wages in kind and distribution of cooked food to the laborers. -It is not anticipated that, with the arrangements for selling rice, which have been laid down in the preceding paragraph, there will be any necessity of payment of wages in kind, or of distribution of cooked food. Should this be necessary in special instances, special arrangements must be made under the orders of the Magistrate, and reported in due course. Should there seem likely to be any general necessity for payment in kind as time progresses, the matter will receive the attention of the Lieutenant-Governor, and special orders will be issued.

- 6. When large bodies of workmen are collected, or likely to be collected at a distance from markets, the Magistrate can sanction the Engineer's arranging for establishing one or more petty dealers at each work, who will sell food and firewood to the laborers. The cost of housing and establishing such dealers would be chargeable to the works; and the men could, when necessity arose, be employed as "Moodees" or depôt-holders under Appendix A.
- 7. Hutting of laborers, &c .- On any work where a large number of laborers will be for any number of weeks employed, it will be very necessary to provide for shelter, sanitation and water-supply; where jungle wood, bamboos and grass may be abundant the coolies may be left to build their own huts; where materials may be less abundant some small head money or allowance may have to be made; and where the country is all thoroughly open and cultivated it may be necessary for the Engineer to arrange shelter for the laborers. In any case the hutting space will have to be chosen and marked out with some regard to ventilation and sanitation. Attempt must be made to make the coolies of each camp foul the ground near their huts as little as possible, and the huts should be of light moveable materials. As one embankment or work is finished and the coolies move on to another, they would carry the bamboos or posts of their huts with them; and the necessity for such periodical moves will constitute a valuable security against the breaking out of epidemics. In most parts of Bengal water for drinking purposes will be available; but the places of supply will have to be fenced in or in some way guarded from pollution. In Behar sufficient, wells lined with matting or earther it will often be necessary to dig tem-

Norg.—Even where kutcha wells may be insufficient, wells lined with matting or earthen cylinders would suffice. Masonry wells should not be such if it can possibly be helped.

cylinders would suffice. Masonry wells should not be porary wells for the supply of the such if it can possibly be helped. laborers; where water is scarce this very important requirement will have to be provided for. The Magistrate will have full discretion to permit charges of the kind adverted to in this paragraph to be debited to the works.

8. Progress of relief .- In order to show clearly the amount of relief afforded by works, a daily report of the number of work-people employed will be submitted either in English or Vernacular by the person in charge of each work to the District or Sub-Divisional Engineer, who will submit a weekly report to the Magistrate showing the number of work-people employed and the wages paid them. From these returns, fortnightly returns for each principal work, and as regards petty works, for each Sub-Division of each district, will be submitted by the Magistrate to the Commissioner, and to the Public Works Department of this Secretariat.

(a.) Rules and forms for the preparation of these returns are contained

in Appendix B. of this Resolution.

(b.) The Lieutenant-Governor will expect great care in the preparation of these returns, and the utmost exactness in their submission. To ensure this, and to avoid hampering the executive efficiency of officers by these returns, the rules contain provision for their being prepared and submitted by the Office Establishments of the Magistrate and District Engineer.

9. Establishments.-It seems undesirable in several respects, and also unnecessary, to carry on ordinary Relief Works under the ordinary Public Works system of Sub-Divisions and Sections, under Upper and Lower Subordinates. An efficient establishment of this nature could not be extemporized, and the ordinary Relief Works will probably be of such a simple nature that in general professionally trained men will not be indispensable. General laying out of wak and instructions, with frequent inspection by the Engineer and his Assistant, will probably be all that will be professionally required in regard to the mass of work, which the Lieutenant-Governor thinks may be properly carried on by Mohurirs or Sirears, superintended by persons of intelligence and good character, under the general superintendence of the Engineer, as already noticed.

It is understood that in some districts planters, and other gentlemen of local influence and interest, will undertake a good deal of the minor Relief Works. The Lieutenant-Governor considers this an excellent arrangement which it is desirable to extend as far as possible, and he trusts that in districts where they have not done so, gentlemen of local position will come forward and take a share in carrying out Relief Works for the benefit of their terantry

and poorer neighbours.

(b.) In furtherance of the views already expressed, the Lieutenant-Governor will provide an Engineer for the charge of each district, in cases where two districts are at present under one Engineer. The districts which will thus obtain a separate Engineer will be—

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(c.) An Assistant Engineer will also be given to each of the districts in the Patna and Bhaugulpore Commissionerships, an additional Assistant Engineer to the Patna, and for the present three additional Assistant Engineers to the Purneah District, in consequence of the heavy works in those districts. The bridges on the Ganges and Darjeeling Road will then be taken from the Purneah District, and made into a separate charge. Should this amount of assistance be considered likely to be insufficient, Commissioners will give early intimation thereof, and what additional assistance they will require. If at any time it should prove possible to give up any portion of these extra establishments, an immediate report should be made.

(d.) The Relief Works in the Rajshahye Commissionership will be partly

(d.) The Relief Works in the Rajshahye Commissionership will be partly cared for by Major Lindsay, R. E., and the staff of the Northern Bengal State Railway: the requirements of the remaining portion of the Division are not at present known, but will be disposed of as soon as the reports are

received.

(e.) In the Circular No. 80 (read above) authority has been given to the local entertainment of extra establishments as required. As far as Relief Works are concerned, these establishments will be for the purposes indicated in paragraphs 4 and 9; and the Lieutenant-Governor will look to the local Officers to arrange for all establishments subordinate to the Engineers, except for really important professional works, when application may be made to Government for additional assistance, after the most has been made of the subordinates attached to districts. These applications must show clearly how existing Public Works Establishments are employed, and how it is proposed to employ those applied for.

10. Tools.—It is customary in many districts for the work-people to bring their own tools. The Lieutenant-Governor would wish this custom to be upheld as far as possible. Not only will the Government be thereby relieved of the necessity of providing a large number of tools; but the laborers will not part with their implements, and will have the tools ready to

resume their ordinary occupations on leaving the Relief Works.

(a.) At the same time, it must be realized that destitute people are not to be refused work for want of tools. It will, in some instances, be a difficult and delicate duty to require tools from the people, and at the same time not to withhold them in cases where they cannot be brought. The Lieutenant-Governor must look to the tact and arrangements of the Commissioners, Magistrates and those engaged in the work to give the best effect possible to his wishes.

(b.) A depôt of tools will be formed at the Head-Quarters of each Commissioner, and the tools will be distributed under his orders to the different districts.

(c.) Commissioners will report what number of tools in excess of those available and procurable locally must be sent to the depots, in order to enable them to meet the cases in which it may be necessary to supply tools. In this

report baskets should not be overlooked.

11. Accounts.—In order to keep the Government properly informed of the progress of the expenditure during the present emergency, it is necessary that the district accounts of expenditure should be submitted monthly. This has been already ordered in a separate Circular No. 5716 dated 3rd current; but it is again repeated here that Relief Work accounts must be submitted

in the form and under the procedure laid down for District Works accounts. It is extremely desirable that these accounts should be sent in punctually, as arrear accounts will greatly impair the executive efficiency of Engineer Officers: the District Engineer may, therefore, with the Commissioner's sanction, entertain extra Accountants and Clerks chargeable to Relief Works within reasonable limits.

(a.) In order to mark distinctly the extra establishments due to Relief Works, additional sub-heads should be entered in the extract from Register of Monthly Receipts and Expenditure, which is furnished to the Controller. These sub-heads should show separately—

a .- Superior Executive Establishment.

b .- Inferior ditto, such as Sircars and Mohurirs.

c. - Office Establishments.

(b.) The monthly accounts must be submitted punctually by the 20th of each month, as ordered.

Ordered that a copy of this Resolution with its Appendices, of the Resolution by the Government of India in Public Works Department dated 28th October 1873, (with copy of their previous Resolution of 24th September 1868), and of the Orders of the Lieutenant-Governor in the Financial Department (Scarcity and Relief) of 3rd, 17th and 25th November 1873 read above, be forwarded to the Superintending Engineers of all Public Works Circles in Bengal, to the Superintending Engineer of Northern Bengal State Railway, and to the Controller of Public Works Accounts in Bengal, for information and guidance.

ORDERED ALSO that a copy of this Resolution with its Appendices be forwarded to the Commissioners of all Divisions in Bengal and to the Officiating Joint Secretary to the Government of Bengal in Public Works Department, Irrigation Branch, for information and guidance; and to the Secretary to the Government of Bengal in Financial Department (Scarcity and Relief) for information.

# PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the under

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Return for weak ending 20th November 1:73 received after the publication of the last Gasetts

Highest price of rice at outlying station was 19 seer and lowest price 14-14 per rupes.

In the interior of this district the price of best rice ranges from 13 to 18 seers and of common rice 16 to 20 seers per rupea.

# PRICES-CURRENT of Food-grains and Salt in the undermentioned

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CALCUTTA, The 9th December 1873.

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Published for general information.

R. KNIGHT, Asst. Secy. to the Govt. of Bengal.

### Rainfall, Weather and State and Prospects of the Crops.

Statement showing Rainfall, Weather, State and Prospects of the Crops in the different Districts of Bengal, as reported to Government during the week ending the 6th December 1873.

N	0.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
BEN	GA:	L	11/2	
		Western Districts.	The let	THE RESERVE OF THE PARTY OF THE
ſ	1	Burdwan	0.0000	Return not received.
	2	Bancoorale, 6th Dec. 1873	NII	Rather cloudy, but cold. The rice crop is still being reaped. In parts an eight- anna crop is hoped for, but in others not more than three or four annas can be expected. The cultivation of the col weather crops is not tri fling.
BURDWAN DIVISION.	8	Beerbhoom, 6th ., .,	Nil	Cool and occasionally cloudy. Harvest of the late rice still in progress; cold weather crops being put in wherever water is procurable. Sugarcure promises fairly. Export by rail of week ending 29th November 7,212 maunds chiefly to Patna Division. Corrected return of the preceding week 15,430 maunds. Considerable export to Runeegunge by road. Prices slightly falling.
BURDWA	4	Midnapore, 6th ,, ,,	Nil	Seasonable weather; cold and clear, with a north breeze. The rice is being everywhere harvested a little earlier than the usual time for outting. The little rain there was last week has done rather injury than good to what few mustard and radish crops there are.
	5	Hooghly, 6th " "	NII	Cloudy, otherwise clear throughout; wind from the north and north-east. The rive crop varies in different parts of the district from a three-anna to a twelve-anna crop; it is said that only a quarter of the usual area is under cold weather crop cultivation.
		Howrah, 6th ,, ,,	0.13	More seasonably cold than hitherto. The nights cloudy, but no rain worth mentioning has fallen. The late rice is fast ripening, some is ripe already, and the increast will begin at once. Now that the crop is nearly mature, it is admitted very generally that it is fuller than could have been boped for; an eight-name crop is confidently expected; a half crop would support all the inhabitants fairly for a year. Fover fast disappearing out of the town.
		Contral Districts.		
Division.	6	24-Pergunnahs, 9th <sup>a</sup> Dec. 1873.	Nil	Cloudy in the morning during the early part of the week; weather still warm for the time of the year. Such of the crop on high lands as has survived the drought is being harvested; that on the beel lands is not yet ripe. The outturn is poor. Propects of cold weather crops very gloomy; sowings have only been made in patches and only where water was procurable. Fever still continues in partions of south Suburban Town and Baraset; in Barcepore it is not increasing, while in Basechat and Satkherah it is reported to be abating.
Parsider D	7	Nuddes, 6th ., .,	Nil	Generally cloudy and extremely slight drizzling rain in several parts of the district on the 28th and 29th November. The state of things is very little changed. The late rice is still being cut. Prices are still moderate, though they are rising. The average price for the coarsest rice throughout the district, does not exceed two rupees eight annus per maund. Much distress is apprehended for want of drinking water this season.
-	8	Jessore, 6th ,, ,,	*02	Cloudy, with slight drizzling rain all over the district, not enough however to do any good. The late rice crop is being got in. The chotan paddy is scanty; the baran is promising well so far. The prospects of the winter crops have not improved. The attacks of insects on them have been favoured house cloudy weather. The price of rice is generally rising, and exportation is going on from the Sudder, Jhenidah, and Magoorah sub-divisions.
RASSHABTE DIVISION.	9	Moorahedabad, 6th Doc. 1873.	Nil	Thick clouds occasionally, but no rain. Rather cool and pleasant weather. The harvest of late rice is going on in all parts of the district, but no exact estimate of the general outturn can as yet be formed. It will probably be better than at first expected. The cold weather crops are however suffering very badly from the drought and insects. Mashkalai (pulse) and sesamum (oil-seed) are in a fair condition in the north; but mustard, wheat and barley are backward. The crops look well on the low lands only.
RANGHA	10	Dinagepore, 6th , ,	Nil	Clear days; fresh cold nights and mornings. Paddy is being cut throughout the district. All signs of rain gone; a fall of rain just now would injure wint there is of rice ready for cutting; it would also damage the mustard in flower. Sugar-cane reported a fair crop. Prices are stationary.

Roport of the 9th December received on the same day. Shows rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

	No.	District and date of geturn.	Rainfall at Shdder Station in inches.	
RF	NGAT	—(Contd.)	[1]	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
\$7.50		Central Districts.—	=	
1	( 11	(Contd.) Maldub, 6th Dec. 1873	Nil	The heavy clouds of last week dispersed without any rain. The weather this week is fair and cold; direction of wind north-westerly. The prospect of rain seems as far off as ever. The amun or low land late rice cop in the north-west of the district is being reaped, but prices still continue very high there. The reaping of the hymnut (winter) crop on the high lands to the east of the district has also commenced, but prices generally have not lowered. The cold weather crops require rain. The health of the district is good. Work going on on district roads and new works being projected. It is noticed that the demand for work by local laborers is increasing.
RASSERTIE DITE (Consd.)	19	Rajshahye 6th ., "	Nil	There have been some cloudy days during the week, but no rains throughout the district. The late rice harvest is being carried on. More than half the crop is still standing, principally in the beels and on the lowest ground. The yield is of course poor in compurison with the crops of ordinary years, in consequence of the drought, even in the south-eastern corner of the district, where the paddy has germinated and grown better than in other parts. New rice (present senson's late tiee) is in the market in many parts of the district. The state of the cold weather crops varies a good deal according to locality. Where sown on low lands, chur londs, or lands from which water has recently dried off, or where irrigation is practicable, the prospects of wheat, barley, pulses, and oil-seeds are not unfeverable. On high-lands and where artificial watering is not practicable, the plants, which have grown to twelve or eighteen inches, are fast withering away, and unless rain fulls soon will come to little or nothing. The mulberry crop is as good as in ordinary years, and there is a succance crop quite as good as is usually seen. Masshalai (pulse) is at present a fairly good crop, considering the absence of moisture, but must have rain to give good results. The cloudy weather has ansed the appearance, in some parts, of insects which attack wheat and barley. On the 1st December rice was sold in Doorgapur laft (north of Puten jurisdiction) for about ten access for the rupee. This high price was more probably owing to there being an exceptionally small supply in the hat on that particular day, than to any other cause. Elsewhere prices have not varied except in Bagmara and its neighbourhood, where rice is dearer than it was. Cases of cholers continued to be reported chiefly from the neighbourhood of Charghat.
	13	Rungpore, 6th ., ,.	NII	Fine: warm in the middle of the day. The late rice crep is being cut; the produce varies from one anna to four annas all near and about the station. In Diminh and Forunbari the produce will be five to six annas: potences and winter crops generally are fair, and tobacco is in good condition, but it is somewhat backword from the dry state of the ground. Spring rice cut. Millet is being more largely sown than usual in hopes of rain. The demand for labor is more active as the harvest operations are on. No severe distress anywhere at present. Prices continue much the same? Rs. 3-8 to 4 for a mand of rice.
	16	Hograh, 6th ,, ,,	Nil	Still dry. The late rice crops are being cut; a poor outturn is to be expected, though a certain amount of good has been done by irrigation. Sugarcane will yield a good outturn. Cold weather crops in parts are unfavorably reported upon. Price of ordinary rice at the Bograh market on the 6th December, 15 seers o. 80 tolahs per rupee.
	15	Pubna, Cth	Nil	Cool and somewhat cloudy, with heavy fogs. The diggah paddy is being reaped, and a seven unna crop is expected. The boro is still on the ground. Winter crops, except augarcane and turmeric, becoming worse for want of rain. Here and there mushkalni and moog (pulses) doing fairly. Boro paddy is being sown but to a limited extent, the beels being too dry. Fever prevails throughout the district, and a considerable portion of the population has been invalided.
Benar Divy.		Darjeding, Eth ., ,,	Nil	No rain, a bright sun, but a bazy atmosphere; clear nights and frosty mornings. In the plains and in the hills also a ten-anna crop all round may, it is hoped, be reckened upon. Bugrah or common rice has fallen in price throughout the district owing to the new rice having been partially gathered.
OOCE BERA	17	fulpigaree, 6th ,, ,,	NII	The appearance of rain passed off, and the weather has been bright and clear, and ann unusually powerful. There is little to notice in the way of change. Prospects are as before. The late rice crop is now being cut and prices falling as new paddy comes into the markets. Cold weather crops generally promise well.
5	-	Sooch Behar, 6th	Nil	Mornings generally foggy. There are no signs of rain now. There is no change in the prospects of the crops since last report. Exportation to Rungpore and other districts still going on.
-	18	Eustern Dutricts.  Ducen, 9th Dec. 1873	Nil	Weather warm for the season; heavy dow. Winter crops very fair. A good deal of baro paddy planted. Fever slightly decreasing.
DACCA DIVISION	19	Furreedpore, filh ,. ,,	0 02	At Furresdoore, mostly cloudy during the week, but on Menday and Tuesday bright sunshine at Goalundo; the clouds were heavy on Tuesday, but no rain. At l'angelia, cloudy on Thousday, but no rain. The cloudy weather is not perhaps but the whole bejurious to the cold weather crops which are very stanted and want rain badly. By day the clouds shield them from the sun, but again by night they tend to moderate the daw. The cloudy weather has led people to hope for rain, and some ploughing has been going on. Reaping the late rice still continues, and the present weather is good for getting in the harvest.

	No.	District and date of return.	Rainfull at Sudder Station in Inches.	state of health at date. "
BE	NUA	la-(Çentd.)		TO MAN TO STATE OF THE STATE OF
		Eastern Districts.— (Cantel.)		
Dacca Divx (Const.)	20	Backergunge, 6th Dec 1878.	110	Cloudy and rainy in the beginning of the week. It cleared up somewhat in the latter part. State and prospects of the crops have improved. The rain has dispelled the fears which were entertained of destruction by insects, though not before some damage was done in Dukhin Shabazpere. In Patuakhali the crops are good, and in the jurisdiction of Chalitabania, in the extreme south of the subdivision, the laterice is better than it was hat year, and will yield 8 to 10 maunds a beegah. The Collector has seen the crops in portions of the Perceptore subdivision and of the Jhalokatti thannali. The former were good, and he was told that all over the Perceptore subdivision the crops were telerably good. Near Jhalokatti some very fine crops were seen, but along side the road from shalokatti to Burisal the crops are bad, and will not yield more than eight or ten annas. The new rice is coming into the markets and prices have fallen. On the whole, it seems almost certain that there will be a twelve-anna crop all over the district, and that there will be no distress among the ryots if they have the self-restraint to keep sufficient paddy for their own consumption throughout the year. Many boats have come to take away rice, and probably prices will rise considerably, and thus persons with fixed incomes and the non-agricultural classes generally will suffer no small amount of distress.
cca Di	21	Mymonsing, 6th , ,,	Sil	The first three days of the week cloudy, since then clear and cold; there has probably been rain somewhere. No change in the state and prospects of the crops.
DA	22	Sylhet, 29th Nov. "	Nil	Very cloudy since Thursday. Barometer has fallen. Rain expected. The recent blight at Baniachung has done a great deal of damage to the crops which promised so well before. The large exportations lately have made the non-agricultural classes very uneasy. Upwards of 3,000 maunds of rice have been exported from Balagunge from 19th to 26th November, 2,706 maunds to Calcutta, 625 maunds to Naraingunge, and 702 maunds of paddy to Calcutta. From Baladurgunge during the same time 100 maunds of rice and over 7,000 maunds of paddy have been exported. 100 maunds of rice and 1,100 maunds of paddy to Patra, and the rest to Calcutta. Dacca, and Naraingunge. There was a marked fall in the sudder bazar on the 28th November, and a slight fall in all the bazars in the district. This will probably check exportation for the present.
,	23	Cachar, "	Nil	Cooler, but very cloudy; rain still keeps off. Smart shock of earth-quake at 2-30 on the 20th November. The state of the crops is much the same as last week. The late rice crop is being cut.
	21	Chittagong, ,,	Few drops.	Since Wednesday, the 26th November, the weather has been dull and unseasonably warm. On the night of the 28th and morning of the 29th idem, a few drops of min fell. No special change in the state of the crops. Paddy-cutting has commenced all over the district. Cholera cases are reported from Meerkasarai, Sectacoond, Sudder and Juldee Stations.
0x.	25	Noakhally, ,, ,,	Nn	Warm during the week; cloudy and cool, with a little rain, in the interior on the 20th November. Reports of the late rice crops not yet reaped are favorable, carept from Hatra, where injuries done by the "Mayah" and "Sani" insects are still reported.
CHITTAGONG DIVISION.	26	Tipperah, 6th Dec. "	3.14	Very gloony and oppressive up to the night of the 4th December, since when the weather has cleared. Rain fell during Saturday and Wednesday nights. The weather however is still het for December. Some rain has fallen throughout the district, and heavy rain to the south-west is reported also. The cold wenther small crops have on the whole benefited by the rain, but the mustar, in flower has been injured. The rice crop has not suffered. The price of rice continues high, but there is no occasion for ahrm in this respect.
5	27	Chittagong Hill Tracts, 20th Nov. 1873.	Nii	Very cold throughout the whole week. Cloudy on the 29th November. The cotton is now being diffigurity gathered; mustard and other cold weather crips are being sown. The prospects of the former crop are good. The outturn of the paddy crop has been tolerable. There is no reason to apprehend d stress.
l	2	Hill Topperab, 29th Nov. 1879.	0.02	Cloudy and threatening rain; a few drops fell on the 27th and 28th November at the head-quarters. Resping has fairly commenced. No change in the prospects of the rice crop. Mustard looks well about Agurtollah.
REI	IAR.			
TYTELOS.	28	Vature, Sthe Dec. 1673	Nil	Weather very cold in the mornings and evenings; no rain has fallen, and consequently no change in the prospects of the crops. Justices are still reported to be doing considerable durings to the young plants of the cold weather crops. Health of the district good
FATES PARESON	29	Gyu, 6th "	Nil	Weather fire and cold; no rain has fallen in any part of the discret. The cold weather crop is suffering for want of rain. The opening of Scane Canal has done much good; about 3,000 begals of land along its banks have already been irriguted, and it is expected that about 10,000 begals more will be irrigated in the course of the next week.

<sup>.</sup> Telegram of the 8th December received on the 9th. Shows rainfall during the even days including the 8th idem.

	No.	District and date of Feturn.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	Character of the weather, state and prospects of the crops, and state of health at date.
В	CHAF	R.—(Conld.)		
	30		Nil	Weather clear and cool, with heavy dews at night. The irrigated rice in the Sassecram Pergunnah is looking well and will be shortly harvested. The cold weather crop is also promising that had been watered; that part of the crop which has not been watered requires rain to ensure a fair crop, although at present it is growing favorably. In Bhubbooah sub-division the state of the crop is as much the same. Irrigation, wherever possible, is being carried on. In the Buxar and Arah sub-divisions, the prospects of the cold weather crops that have been sown and come up have not changed for the worse, although they much require rain. In parts of the district the rice crop is beginning to be cut, and the "bajra" millet crop towards the west and south has yielded a good outturn in the few places where it has been sown.
PATEA DIVISION.—(Contd.)	31	Tirhoot, 6th ""	Nit	Weather cold and seasonable, with occasional foggy mornings. The prospecta of the crops in the Seetamarhee sub-division have not materially changed during the past week. In some parts the paddy is being cut and stocked. New rice is coming into the market, but is sold at nearly the same rate as old rice, viz. from 11-8 to 12-8 seers per rupee. The prices of all grains have remained almost stationary for the last three weeks. The cold weather crops which have come up still thrive, but without rain in this month it is very doubtful if they will come to much. The Deputy Collector of Durbhangha, who has now been through his sub-division, believes that about two annas of the rice crop have been saved. Mustard is said to be looking not badly; Janera, fair; and rahur (pulse), very fair. The utmost proportion of the cold weather crop lands sown is only one-eighth of the usual area, and even in this limited space the seed has not always germinated, while in some places the young crops are suffering from want of rain. Though the land is not being prepared for the cold weather crops, it is thought that if rain falls before January, large sowings will be made. In the Mudhoobani sub-division the cold weather crops are languishing and dying for want of rain. There is no change in the prospects of the rice crop. In the Tajpore Sub-division everything is almost at a standstill except on the Dearah. Four annas of the cold weather crops have still to be sown, and rain is required in the course of fifteen or twenty days to secure even an eight or nine-anna harvest. The root crops are giving a very poor yield, and tobacco is very backward. Prices have fallen alightly. In the Hajeepore sub-division the cold weather crop has been sown to a greater extent than in ordinary years, and that a four-anna crop will probably be obtained under any circumstances. If rain falls within a fortnight there may be a six-anna crop.
	32	Saran, 6th .,, ,,	Nil 8	easonable and cold; west wind prevailing. The rice harvest has begun; the cold weather crop is still doing well, though rain is much wanted. Irrigation is steadily going on where practicable, but in the unirrigated fields the plants are looking sickly and of a yellowish green. Sugarcane is being cut and brought into the mills. People are being largely employed on the district local roads and relief works. Prices of food-grains on the whole steady.
	38	Chumparun, 6th , ,,	Nii V	Feather cool; west winds. The prospect of the late rice has changed for the worse rather than for the better. Twelve annas of the cold weather crop land have been cultivated with wheat, barley, gram, pulses, and oil-seeds. The seed on half of the said area has germinated and the plants are looking healthy, but of the rest some have been destroyed by insects and others did not germinate at all. The young plants will die if it does not rain soon. The people have cultivated cucumbers, melons, and other vegetables of the like nature on banks of rivers and khals and on low lands on a larger scale with the object that in case they have no food-grains to live on, they would at last resort to these vegetables for support.
	34	Monghyr, 6th	Na T	he last week's despending report was written up by hearsay during the Collector's absence in the district and is incorrect. The cold weather crops are looking generally very well, and with a little rain during the month there should be at least a good average crop. The exertions made by the Government to afford food and labor to those who need it is removing the general feeling of despondency which prevailed, and the grain-dealers have discovered that hoarding grain is not so profitable as selling their present stock and getting fresh supplies.
	35	Bhangulpore, 9th Dec. ,,	Nil W	cather fine and cold. Rice-cutting becoming general. Probable outturn not yet ascertainable. Cold weather crops still promise well. General health very good.
BRAUGELFORE DIFY	36	Pnrneab, 6th " "		o change in the character of the weather. The cutting of the winter rice crop has commenced all over the district. All along the north the crop has been much better than was expected, and importation has commenced from Nepal. The outturn in the four northern thannahs will not be less than six annas. All down the east, in the land usually flooded by the Mohanudi and Paner, the rice has failed. In Kushah Amour and Kudbah, parts of the Sudder and Bulrampore, one-anna crop only has been cut. In Kishengunge, parts of Bulrampore and the Sudder, in Manihari and Goudwarah, about four annas. All along the Kosi in thannahs Dhamdaha and Kancegunge the yield has been good. Great loss has been caused here by rats and wild pigs which swarmed here this year; a ten-anna crop may be reaped. The mustard everywhere is fair. In the south of the district it is excellent. This is the great cold weather crop of the district. The koorthi pulse is good, also janera (millet) and arbur (pulse). Estimates of the quantity of wheat sown vary very much. Most has been sown in Gondwarah, Manihari, the sudder thannah, and Rancegunge. The seed has germinated fairly in most parts except Rancegunge, where it is said one-third has failed. The soil is here very sandy; on the whole fourteen annas has germinated; the north-east part of the district, where it is scarcely ever sown, it has been put down this year but in no
3,190				the same day. Shows the rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

<sup>.</sup> Telegram of the 9th December received on the same day. Shows the rainfall during the seven days immediately preceding.

No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
BEHAR	L—(Contd.)		
BRADGULFORE DIVE (Conid.)			great quantity. The area cultivated with food-grains other than rice is probably half as much again as in ordinary years. Of this, if rain falls, a twelve-anna and, if none falls, a four-anna crop may be expected. The Collector does not consider that more than 100.000 acres have been sown with cold weather food-grains. Prices have fallen slightly since last week in the station, but in the interior rice is daily harder to get. It is brought to the hats in very small quantities; most people now only take one meal a day. The Kosi crop has been exported both to the other districts and to the east of this. In Kusbah Amour and Kudbah the scarcity is beginning to be scarcely felt.
ORISSA ORISSA	Dec. 1873.	Nii	Getting colder; everywhere dew reported very scanty. In Deoghur the weather is normal. Nothing of importance is reported from Rajmehal sub-division. Cold weather crop short. In the Dunka Daman about balf the aghance or late rice has been cut; half is on the ground still, and a best authority, with whom the Deputy Commissioner quite agrees, says that the best half is still to cut. The cold weather crop will be little or nothing except the kodo and the bajra, which is very good, —both a much better crop than was expected and a much more valuable addition. Teel (oil-seed) and mustard very bad. Surgooja (oil-seed) worse a good deal than expected. The late Agrahain and Poush crop is a good deal better than hoped.
38	Cuttack, 9th* Dec. 1873	-28	Slight drizzling rain general but not sufficient to affect crops, prospects of which remain good. Public health good.
ORIGNA DIVISION.	Pooree, 29th Nav. "	-32	Cloudy and rainy. Slight rain continued to the 29th November. Nearly three-fourths portion of the loghu or second rice crop has been reaped with fair yield. Late rice crop ripening well and prospects are good. Average outturn expected. Cold weather crops growing and progressing, and will be improved by the light rain which has fallen and still continues, but heavy rain would seriously injure the ripening late rice as well as damage the promising cold weather crops. Purchases of rice for export to Calcutta and the south have commenced, and prices are consequently rising rapidly. Stocks good. Public health generally good. Fever continues to a small extent.
CHOTA	Balasore, 6th Dec. ,, NAGPORE.	-6	Cloudy and cold weather, drizzling rain. A good deal of paddy has already been cut, probably about eight annas. The present weather not considered favorable for cold weather crops at Jellasore and Babapal. Prices rising throughout the district. Bhudruck sub-division.—Harvesting of paddy crop continues; the crop in some places is thin, with the exception of Sosah and parts of Dhammigore; the outturn will be on the whole moderate. Price of coarse rice has risen to Rs. 1-9 per maund.
	South-West Frontier Agency.		
41	Hazareebaugh, 6th Dec. 1873.	NU	Weather variable; sometimes overcast at other times clear and cold. No rain is reported to have fallen in any part of the district during the past week, notwithstanding the threatening aspect of the clouds. Crops much the same as last week; continued complaints of the want of rain from all parts are being received, and in addition to the fear from the drought, insects are reported to be injuring the young plants in the western portion of the district.
42	Lohardugga, 6th " "	Nil	The clouds reported in last week have all dispersed, and it has been bright and clear, but not so cold as usual at this season. About one-fourth of the low land rice crop still remains to be cut; the outturn generally is estimated at from ten to eleven again. The crops to the west and south have been better than those to the east. In some parts the surgoojah (oil-seed) crop promises very wall and in others very badly off, but on the whole there will be a fair crop. The latest reports from Palamow show that the rice crop is now being cut, and it is hoped that a six-anna crop generally may be obtained. The prospects of the cold weather crop are unfavorable; a very inconsiderable portion of land has been sown, and that sown urgently requires rain.
43	Singbhoom, 29th Nov. 1873.	Nii	Cloudy since the tast three days, giving promise of rain; days cool and pleasant, nights cold. Colchan.—The harvest in this portion of the district has now been almost entirely reaped. The uplands all round have given about half a crop, but the outturn from the low lands has been more or less good. The extent of upland cultivation in the Colchan, however, greatly predominates over the low land. In Seraikeyla, Porahat, and Kursewah, the greater part of the paddy has been already cut. In all these places the outturn taken all round will be, it is expected, from 8 to 10 annas; in some few places more, up to 12 annas. In Dhalbhoom also a good deal of the paddy has been cut; the outturn all round is expected to be from 8 to 10 annas; in some parts much less, 4 to 6 annas; whilst in some places it will be up to 12 annas. The cold weather crops in the Colchan have turned out very badly. The mustard and surgoojah (oil-seed) have been very great failures. The reports from Dhalbhoom and Seraikeyla also regarding the cold weather crops are very bad. The yield is not expected to be more than one-fourth. If rain falls now, it will do good to the grain crops.
44	Maunbhoom, 6th Dec	NII	Cloudy, with every appearance of coming rain, but no rain has fallen; mornings and evenings cold, with a little dew. The late rice has now been about half cut, and the outturn appears to be slightly better than was previously expected, probably a nine-anna crop all round may be housed. Sugarcane and koorthi (pulse) looking well in the western pergunnals. Barley and potatoes are coming up well.

Telegram of the 9th December received on the same day. Shows rainfull during the seven days immediately preceding.

	THE RESERVE OF PERSONS ASSESSED.		
No.	District and date of return.	Rainfall at Sudder Station in inches.	
ASSAM	AND ADJACENT HILLS		
45	Goalparah, 20th Nov.1873	Nil	Cloudy, with cool breeze on the 27th and 29th November; the rest of the week clear, with strong north-easterly wind. No improvement in the state of the late rice crop. The harvest of the paddy in progress, but the outturn on the average is not likely to exceed seven annas. The ploughing of land for the cultivation of Assu or early crops is retarded for want of rain. The state of mustard and other cold weather crops also is not good.
46	Kamroop, 8th* Dec. ,,	Nil	Mornings raw and misty; days clear, with cool north-east wind; nights clear, with heavy dews. Late rice is being reaped, but owing to the want of rain a full outturn is not expected. Sugarcane and mustard crops progressing favorably. Public health good.
47	Durrung, 29th Nov. "	Nil	No rain. Daily range of temperature very high; strong north-east wind during the first half of the week; calm, cloudy, and threatening rain during the latter part. No change in the state of the crops since last week. Rice crop being resped; certainly an eight-anna crop all round. Prices little affected as yet. A good deal of fever about.
48	Nowgong, "	Nil	Weather warm. Sky clouded over and every indication of approaching rain before full moon. The late rice crop has commenced to be cut and stored. The crop will on the whole be about an average one. Pulse crop poor. Mustard doing fairly. Tea operations nearly over for the season. Two or three cases of small-pox of a mild form.
49	Seebsaugor,,	Nil	The weather continues unchanged. The prospects of the rice crop continues the same as before. Harvesting has commenced, and should heavy rain full, it will not do the rice crop any good, but rather injure it. Mustard is backward for want of rain.
50	Luckimpore, " "	Nil	No rain during the week; weather much colder. Rain has been threatening for the last three days, but holds off. The late rice crop is being reaped; probable outturn will be about two-thirds of an average year. The crops in the North Luckimpore sub-division are excellent. The cold weather crops continue promising. Public health much the same as last week.
61	Naga Hills, 22ud Nov. 1873.	Nil	Weather delightfully cool and pleasant, although the midday sun is very flerce.  The joom crops of the Rengmah Nagas have been cut and gathered in, and the outturn is said to be a very fair one indeed. The joom crops towards "Dwar Dissa" Mekir Hills are said to be as good as in the previous years if not better.
53	Khasi & Jynteah Hills, 29th Nov. 1873.	Nil	Bright sun in the early part of the week and cloudy for the last three days. The whole of the rice crop in the upper hills has been gathered. The people are now busy getting in their Job's tears or corn crop. Murwah—millet, is doing well. It would benefit by a little rain.
53	Garo Hills, 29th Nov. 1873.	NII	Generally cloudy both night and day since 24th November, and chilly, but no rain has fullen. In the village of Rongdugiri, situated in the valley of the Kalu river, the outturn of both cotton and rice is said to be far below the average; in Cheparagiri the pods, though small, were still numerous. The paddy throughout the hills has been stored. No report of actual scarcity of food in any particular locality has been received. Vegetables seem unaffected by the drought, as large quantities are brought for sale, and those seen in cultivation, especially at Dalmagiri (on the Kalu river) seem thriving well. Price of rice is said to have fallen along the Mymensing and Garo Hills boundary. A greater quantity of rice has been brought to Tura by the inhabitants near the foot of the hills during the week.

<sup>•</sup> Telegram of the 8th December received on the 9th. Shows rainfall during the seven days including the 8th idem.

Published for general information.

CALCUTTA, STATISTICAL DEPT., The 9th December 1873. R. KNIGHT,

Asst. Secy. to the Goot. of Bengal.

## Weekly Report of Rainfall compiled at the Meteorological Reporter's Office.

DIVISION.	DISTRICT.	STATION.	orn 16th ad Nov.	Rain from 23rd to 39th Nov. 1873.	RAIN FROM 187 JANUARY 1873.		
			Rain from 16th to 22nd Nov. 1873.		Inches.	Up to date.	REMARKS.
ENG	AL.		Inches.	Inches.	Inches.	1873.	
	WESTERN DISTRICTS.					1070.	
		Burdwan	Nil	Nil Nil Nil	57.52 89.87 46.18	29th Nov. ditto. ditto	Not received 9th to 15th
Berdwan.	Burdwan<	Bood-Bood	Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	48°30 44°85 48°72 47°27	ditto. ditto. di to. ditto.	
	Bancoorah	Bancoorah	No	Nil	53.45	ditto.	
	Midnapore<	Midnapore Tumlook Gurbetta Contai  Exe. Engr.'s Office	Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil 0'28 0'20	44:77 47:51 46:36 46:35 51:22	ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	Not rec. 10th to 22nd Nov.
	Hooghly	Hooghly	Mark -	0.10	38-89 43-24	ditto,	
	Howrah	Howrah	Nu	0.07	46 73	ditto.	
PREBIDENCY.	CENTRAL DISTRICTS.	Sauger Island Calcutta  Alipore Dispensary Jail  Busseerhaut Baraset Diamond Harbour Barripore Satkherah Barrackpore Dum-Dum	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	0 40 0 07 0 08 Nil Nil 0 05 0 20 0 24 0 02 0 07 0 03	48-93 44-39 45-44 44-31 43-62 40-33 51-04 52-20 47-74 46-04 48-80	ditto,	
	Nuddea	Kishnaghur Hongong Meherpore Choosdangah Kooshteah Ranaghat	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil 0:08 Nil Nil	48'80 42'26 52'41 46'02 38'66 34'51	ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto, ditto,	
	Jamore	Nurrail	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Not rec. 0:10 Nil 0:01 0:02	44·40 66·71 59·36 43·15 56·43 47·72	ditto, 22nd Nov. 29th Nov. ditto.	
Сооси Винли.	Moorehedabad	Berhampere Ramperehaut City Moorshedahad Jungipore Azimgange Lalgella	Nil Nil Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil Nil Nil	31·61 28·71 27·21 36·42 35·38 41·61	20th Nov. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto. ditto.	From 1st Feb.
	Dinagepore	Dinagepore	Nil	Nil .	43:21	ditto.	
	Maldah	Maldah		Nil	27.02	ditto.	
	Rajshahye	Beauleah e	1 10-1	Nil Nil	32·13 43·78	ditto.	
	Rungpore	Rangpore Bhowanigunge Titalya	Nil	Nil Nil Not rec.	44·26 47·28 82·72	ditto. ditto. 22nd Nov.	
	Bograh	Bograh	Nil	Nil	36-74	29th Nov.	
	Pubna	Pubna	W. 121	Nil Nil	43·18 35·26	ditto.	Not. rec. 26th Oct. to 1s Nov. Not rec 9th to 22nd Nov.
	Darjeeling	Talegraph Office	Not rec	Not rec. Nil	93'66 77'74	15th Nov 29th Nov	
	Julpigoree	Julpigoree Fallacotta Bodah	Nil Nil	Nil Nil Nil	88 20 106 39 66 67	ditto ditto. ditto.	
	Cooch Behar Tributar State	Carton	. Nil	Nil	116.85	ditto.	
335	Bhutan Dware	Bara	. Nil	Not rea.	175.64	22nd Nov.	<b>国际</b> 国际 1985